THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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DEATH IS REACHING TO GRIP SALISBURY



LORD SALISBURY,
Former Premier of Great Britain, Reported To Be Seriously Ill.

Former Prime Minister of Great Britain Is Reported To Be Seriously Ill--Physicians Admit That Condition of Marquis Is Critical.

London, August 13.—Lord Salisbury is seriously indisposed, according to information received direct from his family at Hatfield house.

It is stated tonight that there is no immediate danger, although it is admitted that the condition of the marquis is critical. He has not been well for months and his present exhaustion is pronounced.

Lord Salisbury, whose health was severely shaken by the death of his wife in November, 1899, was ill on the continent during the whole of last winter. According to the Medical Press and Circular, his lordship has suffered for years from intestinal paresis. He was reported to have much improved in health on his return to England, but at the beginning of June he caught a chill which troubled him considerably. The latest report, however, dated August 7, said that Lord Salisbury was preparing an important work on chemical electrical sciences.

BRIDE LEAVES THE ALTAR TO DIE IN ARMS OF GROOM

Charleston, S. C., August 13.—(Special.) Last night Miss S. Malone was married to Charles Calhoun Tylee at 8 o'clock. Two hours later the bride died in the arms of her grief distracted husband. The young people had been engaged for months. Miss Malone was an invalid, suffering from consumption. Lately, however, her health had greatly improved and Wednesday night Mr. Tylee and herself determined to wait no longer.

The marriage ceremony was performed by the Rev. A. E. Cornish, of St. John Homestead, in the presence of a few friends

The newly married couple held a brief reception at the home of the bride's aunt and then repaired to the home which the groom had prepared at 93 Nassau street.

As they crossed the threshold the bride fainted, a stream of blood pouring from her mouth. She was pronounced dead within an hour.

Both of the young people were well known and popular in the city.

BOY CASTAWAY IS RESCUED OFF THE GEORGIA COAST

New York, August 13.—The Morgan line steamer Eldorado, which arrived here today from Galveston, had on board a 12-year-old boy who was found adrift in an open boat about 100 miles off the Georgia coast on August 10. He was naked and almost dead from exposure.

After the lad had been revived some he told Captain Prescott that with two other boys he was fishing outside the harbor of Havana when the boat broke adrift and they were unable to row it ashore. Two of the lads, seeing the land rapidly receding, plunged into the water and swam for shore. The other was unable to swim so far and remained in the boat without food or water until picked up by the Eldorado.

Havana, August 13.—The mother of Joseph Vega, the Cuban lad picked up off the coast of Georgia by the Morgan line steamer Eldorado, was overjoyed tonight when informed by the Associated Press representative of the boy's rescue. He had been given up for dead. The mother has been confined to the hospital most of the time since August 1, the day the boys started out fishing in disobedience to the warnings of their relatives. Joseph is 14 years old. His father is dead and his mother married Jose Valcertal, proprietor of several drays in Havana. The news of Joseph's rescue created much excitement among the poor in the district of the vicinity of the San Larazo Leper hospital.

OVERCOME BY FRIGHT,

CHILD DROPPED DEAD.

Rochester, N. Y., August 13.—Gertrude Ryan, of this city, aged 10 years, is dead at West Webster from fright. The child had been visiting in the country for her health. She saw a team in the yard and thought it was running away. She fainted and later died. An autopsy showed inflamed membranes of the brain and pericardium of the heart and the stomach filled with undigested food.

MORE MONEY FOR TELEPHONES

Notice of the Company Did Not Please Chattanooga People.

Chattanooga, Tenn., August 13.—(Special.)—The citizens of Chattanooga have been very much wrought up for the past few days over the increase in telephone rates in this city by the East Tennessee Telephone Company. The company gave notice on Wednesday that hereafter they would only install phones of the long distance type and that the rates on the telephones would be increased $1 per month over the rates that have been paid for the local telephones.

The promoters of the Hamilton Telephone and Power Company have called a meeting of the incorporators of that company to meet tomorrow morning for the purpose of perfecting their organization and will at once apply to the city council for a franchise. They declare that the object of the new company is for the protection of the citizens of Chattanooga.

The officials of the East Tennessee Telephone Company arrived in the city today and have been in conference with their resident manager and it is rumored that they will rescind the order increasing the

FATE OF JETT WITH THE JURY

A Report Will Be Made to the Court This Morning.

Cynthiana, Ky., August 13.—In the case of Jett and White, Judge L. P. Fryer, commonwealth's attorney, today made the closing argument. The case went to the jury at 10:45 a. m.

Late in the afternoon Judge Osborn directed Sheriff Leach to call the jury from the room. Judge Osborn asked them if they had reached their verdict. Foreman McCauly said they had not. The court then put them again in charge of the sheriff, and told them that after supper they might discuss the case among themselves and then retire for the night. They are to report tomorrow morning.

Judge Osborn stated that he intended keeping them over Sunday if they did not sooner render a verdict. It is the opinion of all that a mistrial will be the result.

China Turns to Roosevelt.

Yokohama, August 13.—A special dispatch from Pekin to a local newspaper here says that Prince Ching has secured Russia's consent to the invoking of President Roosevelt's good offices in connection with the Manchurian difficulty.

MEN CARRIED BY WILD TRAIN TO THEIR DOOM

Southern Freight Dashes at Fearful Speed Down Side of Saluda Mountain.

DOOMED MEN WAVED HANDS IN FAREWELL

One Man Who Saw the Catastrophe Impending Fainted, Overcome by Horror—Two Killed Outright and Another Badly Hurt.

Asheville, N. C., August 13.—A train of thirteen loaded freight cars got beyond the control of the engineer on the Southern railway this afternoon and dashing wildly down a steep grade on Saluda mountain, was wrecked at a turn in the road near Melrose.

The dead:

Engineer J. H. AVERILL, JR., of Asheville, N. C.

Fireman WILLIAM HAIR, of Asheville.

Injured:

Brakeman W. B. Sherril, of Swannoa, N. C., fatally.

The train was found to be beyond control soon after leaving the top of the mountain, and its speed increased with each mile of the long run. By the time the train reached Melrose, it was going at a rate of more than 60 miles an hour.

Operator J. W. Heatherly, hearing the noise of the approaching train, ran out to see why it did not stop in compliance with the signal flag. He emerged from the station door just in time to see Fireman Hair wave a last farewell and smile grimly as the train sped on. Realizing that the train was running away, Heatherly fainted and fell to the platform. Both engineer and fireman stuck to their posts, and when the train reached a curve several miles below Melrose, it jumped the track and landed in a confused mass at the bottom of a steep embankment with the trainmen crushed beneath the debris. Brakeman Sherrill had both legs cut off and he is expected to die.

Engineer Averill was a bright young man, 23 years of age, a son of Colonel J. H. Averill, of Charleston, S. C. His father, mother wife and two little children, brother and sisters are spending the summer at Saluda 3 miles from where he met his untimely death.

Twenty-six persons have heretofore lost their lives in wrecks at this same place.

"DEVIL MAY WELL WONDER AT EVIL"

So States Mrs. Simpson at Convention of Negro Women

While Hell May Recognize Its Own Likeness, She Continues, in the Deeds of Barbarism Committed by So-Called Civilized White Lynchers.

New Haven, Conn., August 13.—Some remarks on lynching delivered by Mrs. M. Cravatt Simpson, of Boston, caused a sensation today at the opening session of the annual convention of the Northeastern Federation of Women's Clubs, an organization of colored women.

Mrs. Simpson, who is a member of the Women's Era Club, of Boston, declared there was no better time than the present for the convention to put itself on record regarding lynchings, and she called for the adoption of resolutions to be sent to President Roosevelt. The resolutions will be drawn up and presented later.

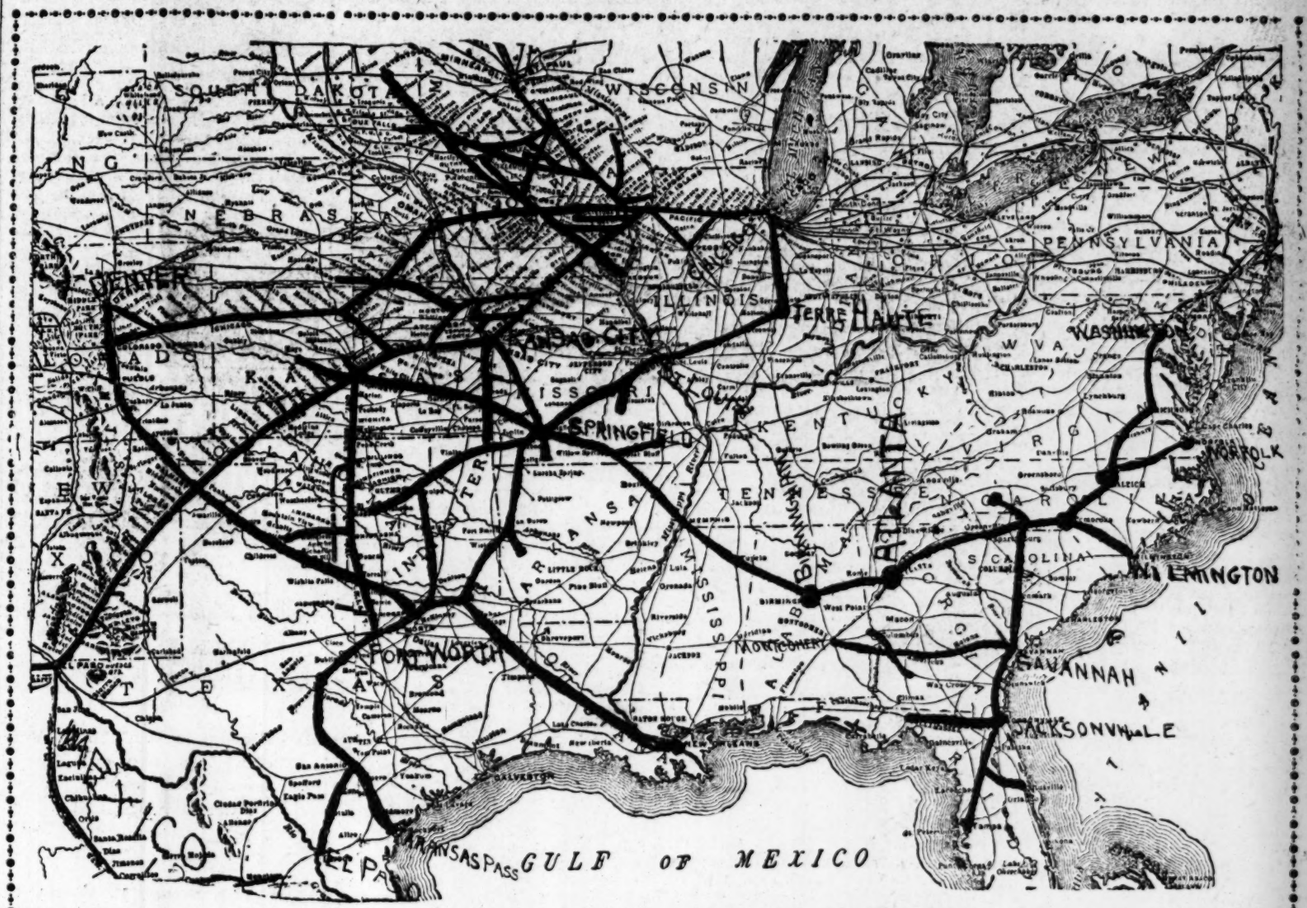
Mrs. Simpson said that the club members should conceive a "sensible plan to suggest to the government of the United States whereby they could chastise their own lawless children, better known as lynchers, instead of contemplating sending messages across the water to their sister countries, instructing them what they must and shall not do, as regards butchering human souls, while they at home encourage barbarities of the kind.

"The barbarism of these so-called civilized lynchers," said the speaker, "is analagous to the atrocities of their forefathers who had ships plying the African coast laden with thousands of human souls to sell into bondage. Their revolting heartlessness and the crimes of today might make the devil wonder and hell recognize its own likeness."

Elizabeth Carter, of New Bedford, Mass., spoke of the recent attack on Booker T. Washington in Boston, and pleaded for an indorsement of his work by the convention. She said:

"When I think of the recent insult offered to him, I feel that those who were responsible for that affair in Boston are not our people, not part of the race that I am in. We ought to be proud to have such a man, one of us."

ATLANTA THE CENTER OF A RAILROAD SYSTEM OPERATING THE WORLD'S GREATEST MILEAGE



THE above map accurately defines the articulated system composed of the Rock Island, Frisco and Seaboard lines. It will be observed by the reader of this map that the several constituents are not separately indicated as our aim is to present to the eye the appearance of the whole combine as a coherent system. In looking at it, remember that the Rock Island system originally began at Chicago, ran out to Rock Island and there fan-tailed in all westward directions as far northwest as Watertown, South Dakota, as far west as Denver, and as far southwest as El Paso and Fort Worth. The Frisco began at St. Louis, ran to Springfield, Mo., and there it also spread its fingers to Kansas City, Elsworth, Oklahoma City, far down into Texas and southeast to Birmingham. The Seaboard Air Line began at Norfolk, ran southwest, reached up to Richmond, east to Wilmington, southwest to Atlanta and subsequently secured lines to Savannah, Montgomery and southward over Florida. It is now building the connecting link between Atlanta and Birmingham, which will join it to the Rock Island-Frsco lines at that point. It will thus be seen that the combination is one of vast scope and importance, and its occurrence can be truthfully called "the wedding of the west and the southeast into a union of power and prosperity."

MEN MOWED BY BULLETS OF A MANIAC

Crazy Kansan Discharged Shotgun into Crowd of Three Thousand Persons.

SEVERAL ARE KILLED AND MANY WOUNDED

Lunatic Is Chased by a Policeman and Shot to Death—Man Was Known To Be Crazed, but He Was Considered Harmless.

Winfield, Kans., August 13.—Angered by the music of a band concert, Gilbert Twigg, once a soldier in the Philippines, armed himself tonight with a double-barrel shotgun and a revolver and attacked a crowd of 3,000 persons that surrounded the band stand, killing three men, probably fatally wounding three others and injuring twenty more before he was shot by a policeman. Beside Twigg, the dead are: Sterling Rice, Dawson Tillotson and D. Bowman.

The band had just finished playing "Hiawatha" when Twigg came up and fired both barrels of his shotgun at the band stand. R. E. Oliver, a musician, fell with his back and arms full of shot.

The crowd surged toward Tigg, and he, having released his piece, fired two charges into the audience. Men and women fell to the ground in pain, crushing children beneath them. Those who were not injured scattered in every direction, but one, knocking many others to the ground. This panic allowed Twigg to reload and fire several shots at the fleeing men and women.

At last Policeman George Nichols came up, and waiting behind a tree for an opportune moment, confronted Twigg, just as the mad man had discharged his fowling piece. Twigg dropped the shotgun, and drawing a pistol fired at the policeman. The bullet went wild. Before Twigg had time to fire a second bullet, Nichols put a bullet through the man's abdomen.

Twigg was a miller and the men about town referred to him as "Crazy Twigg," but no one thought him dangerous. He lived in New Mexico for some time before he enlisted.

SPARK IGNITES KEG OF POWDER

Explosion and Loss of Life at Mines Near Birmingham.

Two Men Killed and Others Badly Burned — Accident Caused by Miner Testing Damp Powder To See if It Would Burn.

Birmingham, Ala., August 13.—(Special.) A keg of powder exploded at the entrance of the North Alabama Coal and Iron Company's mine, at Coal City, near here, this morning with the following results. The dead:

AUSTIN DAVIS.

SAM SCROGINS.

Fatally injured: August Scrogins.

Seriously injured: John Dickens, John Kitchens.

Kitchens and Dickens were brought to Birmingham and taken to St. Vincent's hospital. They are both badly burned on the face and about the upper part of the body. It is not known whether or not they can recover.

August Scrogins was so badly burned that he could not be brought to Birmingham today.

The explosion occurred while Davis, one of the men who was killed, was testing a handful of powder to see whether or not it would burn.

At the entrance to one of the mines there were several kegs of damp powder. Taking a handful of this, Davis is said to have poured it over his miners' lamp. It would not burn, so he took another handful from another keg. This proved to be dry and a spark fell on the keg where more powder was and ignited.

The result was a terrible explosion. Five men were standing around in a group and not one of them escaped injury.

Davis and Scrogins died in a few hours. The others are painfully injured.

CONDUCTED HIS SALOON ON SOBER PRINCIPLES.

Milwaukee, Wis., August 13.—John A. Showles, a saloon keeper, known to almost every one in Milwaukee as "Judge" Snowles, is dead of heart failure. He had conducted a saloon here for more than thirty years. He never sold a mixed drink, declined to sell more than three drinks to a man and if he knew a man's family suffered because he frequented Showles' place no price could buy a drink.

"No beer for you, my friend," he would say. "Take your money home to your family. I do not want it; they need it." And he adhered to this rule.

PRESIDENT WILLIAMS OF SEABOARD WIRES CONSTITUTION OF THE DEAL

SUMMARY OF NEWS

FORECAST.

For Georgia—Showers Friday. Saturday rain; south to east winds, slowly increasing.

Highest temperature	85
Lowest temperature	69
Mean temperature	77
Normal temperature	77
Precipitation for past 24 hours	.01
Deficiency since first of month	1.25
Excess since January 1	5.44

LOCAL.

Summary of the acts of the general assembly show that important laws were passed during the session.

City of Atlanta begins suit to compel Comptroller General Wright to give this city more money from railroad taxes.

Argument begins in the Collier will case before Ordinary Wilkinson.

Tax returns of counties to Comptroller General Wright, of Georgia, already show an increase of more than $22,000,000 in property values.

Finance committee of council announces it makes provision for new public school houses on the October apportionment sheet.

GEORGIA.

Richard Bowles, a patient at a Milledgeville infirmary, drowns while bathing in a pond.

Alex. Phillips, of Harmony Grove, under arrest at Athens, charged with kidnaping Miss Ethie Mathews, of Athens.

League of Georgia Municipalities, in session at Macon, elects Mayor Smith, of Macon, president. Interesting papers read during the day.

Two seamen arrested at Savannah, charged with "shanghaing" two Atlanta boys. The boys are said to have been taken off on vessel bound for South America.

Confederate veterans hold reunion at Homer and have a fine time.

Augusta's first bale of new cotton was auctioned yesterday and brought 20 cents per pound.

SOUTHERN.

John H. Hill, a Georgian, attempts suicide at Birmingham, Ala., by taking poison.

Caterpillars in large numbers have appeared in Montgomery county and southeast Alabama. Farmers are buying Paris green to exterminate the pests.

The campaign for the second primary in Mississippi is a warm one. Both Vardeman and Critz, candidates for the gubernatorial nomination, have headquarters at Jackson.

The testimony before the board of arbitration, which is trying to adjust differences between operators and miners, so far is mostly of a technical character. The object is to get testimony regarding differential wages.

Accident on Southern railway, near Asheville, caused by wild cars. Engineer and fireman killed.

DOMESTIC.

President Roosevelt will call congress in extra session earlier than he intended. Cuban reciprocity and financial legislation will be stressed in the call.

President Parry, of the Manufacturers' Association, speaking at the "Mob" convention, likened organized labor to Judge Lynch. He said that union labor was nothing but a mobocracy.

The damage sustained by the Massachusetts appears to be serious. Large sums will be required to repair the battleship.

FOREIGN.

Lord Salisbury, former prime minister of Great Britain, is reported to be critically ill.

Speaking in the house of commons, Lord George Hamilton said Great Britain must face the fact that Russia is steadily advancing in central Asia.

The apartments of the late Pope Leo were opened yesterday and examined. Several million francs were found.

Official Statement Regarding Frisco-Rock Island-Seaboard Combine.

ATLANTA IS BENEFITED BY THE TRANSACTION

Local Railroad Men Talk Regarding the Magnitude of Movement in Furthering the Best Interests of the Gate City.

Further developments in the big deal between the Rock Island, Frisco and Seaboard lines corroborate the reports as published in The Constitution of yesterday.

Following is a specially prepared statement for The Constitution by President Williams, of the Seaboard, the story of later facts and developments in New York and the comment of Atlanta railroad men as to the tremendous influence of the movement in the furthering of the best interests of this city:

At the special request of The Constitution John Skelton Williams, president of the Seaboard Air Line, at New York, wired the following statement for The Constitution:

New York, August 13.—Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.: As a result of negotiations which were consummated through Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., bankers, of this city, new and important interests have become identified with the Seaboard Air Line railway and have become interested in its stock. The proper-ty has not changed hands and a majority of the interest has not been sold. The new directors just elected are B. F. Yoakum, H. Clay Pierce, B. S. Guinness, of Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co.; Oakley Thorne, president of the North American Trust Company, of this city, and F. B. VanVorst

The other directors of the company are John Skelton Williams and James H. Dooley, of Richmond; C. Sidney Shepard, of New York; Ernest Thalmann, of New York; William A. Marburg, of Baltimore; George W. Watts, of Durham, N. C., and James M. Barr, of Norfolk, Va.

Messrs. Yoakum, Pierce, Guinness and Thorne have also been elected members of the board of voting trustees, the other voting trustees being John Skelton Williams, James H. Dooley, C. Sidney Shepard and William A. Marburg. The new members of the board are likely to facilitate the establishment of close and advantageous relations with the important railroad systems with which they are identified and the position of the Seaboard Air Line railway is today stronger and more important than it has ever been.

(Signed) J. S. WILLIAMS.

The following statement was also received from President Samuel Spencer, of the Southern railway, in reply to a rumor that the Southern had an interest in some portion of the big deal consummated in New York:

"New York, August 13.—The Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.—Your telegram re-

Continued on Second Page.

MANY MOSLEMS ARE MASSACRED

Inhabitants of Turkish Village Put to Sword.

Only Twenty Persons Escaped the Fury of the Insurgents—Great Fight Is Reported in Progress Near Monastir.

Salonica, August 13.—It is reported that Bulgarian insurgents have massacred the inhabitants of the large Turkish village of Kenati, near Monastir. Only twenty escaped.

The civil and military authorities at Salonica wired to Constantinople August 11 stating a general insurrection was expected for August 14 and disclaiming all responsibility unless they were reinforced. Constantinople replied ordering the enrollment immediately of 2,000 exclusively Mussulmen gendarmes for service in Salonica. The insurgent banner was unfurled August 10 at Knosko, near Giergveli, showing that the insurrection is spreading eastward.

According to the latest advices from Monastir, dated August 10, the Bulgarians are elated at the death of the Russian consul, M. Rostkoyski.

Four thousand troops are bombarding Krushevo, which is in the hands of the insurgents and the Bulgarians in the Krushevo and Reka districts are suffering severely.

Insurgent bands frequently visit Kastoria. A big fight is proceeding at Diavat, near Monastir. Trustworthy information from Chegani, in the district of Florina, says the Turks have decided to murder the Austrian consul. Great anxiety prevails at Monastir owing to the threatening attitude of the Turkish soldiers.

It is stated that the French and Italian consuls are in danger of their lives. Fighting is proceeding at Chernareka, near Gumenje, to which place reinforcements have been sent. A great movement of troops is proceeding at Mitrovitza, Salonica and Sorovitch.

LOAFERS GIVEN AN ULTIMATUM

Crusade Begun Last Night by Police Against Loafers in City.

"Hunt a job or leave the town" is the ultimatum which the police have given to the "loafing gentry" in the city.

For some weeks' past about twenty white men have been hanging about the saloons and pool rooms night and day, and the police have been keeping a close watch on them. Last night a crusade against the loafers was inaugurated by Detective Walton and Special Officer J. B. Wilson, resulting in two arrests.

Turner Mitchell and Walter L. Burt were found on the streets and they were believed to be recognized as members of the gang of loafers under surveillance.

The prisoners claim they were "looking for work," and said they had come from the north to labor in the sunny south.

Detective Walton stated last night that the time had come when professional loafers should not find Atlanta's climate agreeable unless they earned their bread in the sweat of their brow.

"It is these loafers who do the petty stealing in the city," said Officer Walton. "They do not strike a lick of work and have to steal to get food and clothing. We have noticed about a score of these idlers in the city, and they will either have to go to work or find some other town to loaf in."

HUDSON MOORE NOT IN RACE.

Business Matters Prevent Him from Offering for the Presidency of the Young Men's Democratic League.

Madison Bell is at present the only candidate for the presidency of the Young Men's Democratic League since it has been positively announced that Hudson Moore will not be in the race for this position. Up to this time no new candidates have appeared.

Mr. Moore has been urged by his friends to make the race, but after carefully considering the matter he has decided on account of the press of business and consequent inability to attend to the arduous duties of this position, not to become a candidate. He is at present at St. Joseph infirmary as the result of an operation performed some days ago.

RUIN CLAIMS FATED JAMAICA

Thousands of People Rendered Homeless by Hurricane.

Kingston, Jamaica, August 13.—The destitution in the hurricane-stricken districts is appalling. Thousands of persons, homeless, starving and ill-clad, are hurrying to the towns to obtain shelter and supplies, but as all the churches and public buildings have been demolished, the misery is intense. A meeting held at Port Antonio today appealed, with the governor's approval, to the generosity of the American people. Foodstuffs and lumber are urgently needed and assistance was implored.

The Norwegian steamer Ethelwold encountered the hurricane on her voyaage from New York to Jamaica and passed through a terrible experience. Her machinery became deranged and the cylinder cover was blown off. The steamers Alfred Dumois and the Salvatore di Giorgio are still ashore. The other steamers which went ashore have been floated.

Wednesday's dispatches said that the Simon Dumois and the Brighton, as well as the two named above had been driven ashore by the storm.

Storms Central Near Yucatan.

Washington, August 13.—A special report received Thursday afternoon from Progresso, the first from that section, indicates that the tropical storm had kept well to the southward and apparently was central near the northeast point of Yucatan. Its future course is uncertain, but probably will be northward over the gulf of Mexico.

More reports have been requested from Mexico and it will be impossible to give any more definite information regarding the storm until barometer readings from gulf stations afford some indications of its approach. It is considered unsafe for vessels to sail for or from gulf ports and advices were issued accordingly. Due warning will be given should it become evident that the storm will approach the gulf coast.

Boone Potter Breaks Jail.

Sheridan, Wyo., August 13.—Boone Potter, captured ten days ago and held on a charge of murder at the request of North Carolina authorities, broke jail last night and is still at large. He made his escape by prying off a lock and forcing an outer door. A reward has been offered for his recapture.

FARMERS MEET AT CLEMSON

Institute Attended by Over Twelve Hundred Persons.

Clemson College, S. C., August 13.—(Special.)—There are over 1,200 in attendance upon the great farmers' institute. The people have to sleep in tents, on floors and everywhere.

Colonel R. J. Redding, F. J. Merriam and Miss Carrie Hyde, of Georgia, are here giving lectures. Miss Hyde gave a most estimable discussion last evening on the subject" Domestic Science" to an audience of a thousand. Her lectures are very popular. Her heart seems to be in her work and she is doing great good. Many Carolina homes will be brighter and happier for her coming.

Mr. Merriam delivered a very strong practical lecture last night on "Irrigation." He is to give another lecture.

Colonel Redding won the hearts of all in the brief talk he made last night. He was talking in general to fill up the gap till a speaker arrived. There is wonderful enthusiasm here. The very best farmers from every part of the state are here. There is a large number of ladies in attendance.

It is a serious matter to take care of the vast multitude. The attendance today will probably reach 1,500.

There were 31 county institutes held this summer by the faculty of Clemson, and the total attendance at these was 9,860. There is a wonderful awakening in Carolina along agricultural and industrial lines.

Today Colonel R. J. Redding, of the Georgia experiment station, made a magnificent address on cotton culture.

Dr. J. B. Hunnicutt spoke on "The New Farming."

Major Alvard, of the department of agriculture, spoke strongly for the dairy business.

MINERS HAVE SCALE READY.

Conference with Operators Will Now Be Had.

Knoxville, Tenn., August 13.—(Special.) The convention of the United Mine Workers of America, of District 19, has completed its work of framing its demands for a wage scale and subdividing the district into four separate divisions. The report has been passed up to the conference of operators, and the latter will now enter into a conference with the miners to decide whether the scale will be accepted by the operators, and, perhaps, to make some alterations in the demands made by teh miners. It is not yet possible to foretell the results of this joint conference, which might not reach a decision for several days.

MOB BRAND PUT ON UNION LABOR

Manufacturer Parry Likens Labor Leaders To Lynchers.

He Tells the Mob Convention That Organized Labor Is the Most Dangerous Mob That Exists in the United States.

Chautauqua, N. Y., August 13.—D. M. Parry, president of the National Association of Manufacturers, today delivered one of the most important addresses before the conference on "The Mob Spirit in America."

Mr. Parry spoke on "Mob Spirit in Organized Labor."

He said, in part:

"In this country in the last year there have been many mobs of different kinds, but to my mind the most dangerous of them all is the mob of organized labor. No man, I take it, can object to any kind of an association, labor or other, which is organized for lawful and beneficent purposes, but organized labor as it is conducted today stands convicted by its own leaders as a lawless organization.

Calls It Mobocracy.

"In that it seeks by physical force to override individual rights and is continually railing against the laws and denouncing courts and public officials for enforcing these laws, it fulfills all the requirements of the definition of mobocracy. Unlike the lynching bees and the vigilance committees, it is what might be termed a standing mob, under fair discipline by its officers and ready upon occasions to commit the overt acts of outrage and destruction which are the outward manifestation of the mob spirit. It declares in effect that its will is superior to customs, traditions, government regulations and even the constitution of the country. It asserts that the individual has no inherent right that can not be taken from him, and that, therefore it has the right to say that no man shall work and that no industry shall run without its consent.

"In its attempt to compel a recognition of its pretentions to sovereignty, it relies not on reason, but on coercion, intimidation and the bludgeon. In its continual preachments against law and its constant appeal to the bager passions of men, it is doing more than any other agency to inculcate the mob spirit and to encourage the unfurling of the red flag of anarchy.

Oligarchy Aimed At.

"The president of the Chicago Federation of Labor recently declared in an interview: 'The president deals a death blow to organized labor when he declares that he can not discriminate in its favor.' It sounds fair on the face of it, but without discrimination we are just where we started. What we have been fighting for is union labor to the exclusion of all other.'

"These are the words of a conservative among union leaders and they voice the sentiment of the agitators the country over. To their mind, if you deny the right of their organization to commit illegal acts you are attempting to crush it. If organized labor has only lawless purposes it ought to be crushed.

"During the last year the attempts to force men to give allegiance to strike bosses in their plans to set up an oligarchy that will control industry independent of the laws of the country have resulted in mob conditions in many of the leading centers. Supremacy of law and order has sustained not only many severe shocks, but the nation has lost millions of dollars by the organized idleness of thousands of men. This loss must fall heavier upon the man who depends on his daily wage than upon those who have something to fall back on. It is time that the workmen of this country were learning that for the millions of dollars they pay in salaries to the agitators they are receiving in return nothing, but ceaseless trouble, enforced idleness and loss of the comforts of life. They are also bidding for the destruction of their most precious possession—that of industrial liberty. Their investments in mobocracy is a mighty poor investment."

WIFE AND BABES LEFT TO STARVE

Reese Hogan Deserts His Family--Wife and Youngest Child Ill.

With a goodby to his wife and babies and a promise to shortly return with provisions, Reese Hogan, a mill hand who lives at 15 Bluff street, left his home last Saturday night and has not since been seen. Mrs. Hogan and her four little children are now in destitute circumstances.

The police were asked to look for Hogan last Monday.

Hogan could not be found, and it is now believed that he has deserted his family at a time when they needed him most, for his wife is sick and his youngest child, a babe less than two years of age, is very ill.

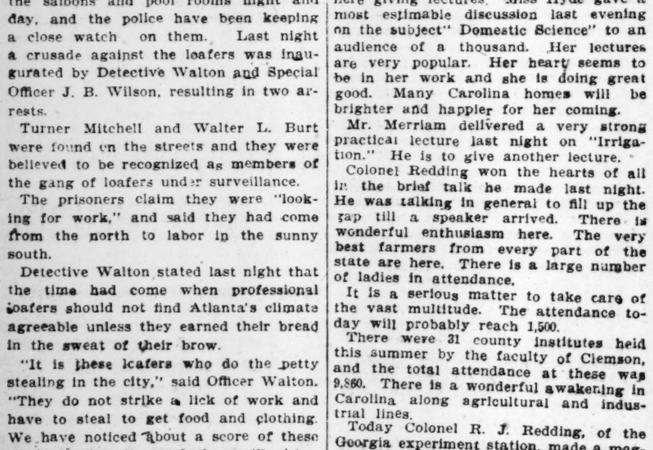
Hogan has four children, the eldest of whom is 9 years old.

He drew his week's wages last Saturday and left his home with the statement that he would go to town and get food and clothing which the children needed. He was to return before night, but his wife waited for him in vain.

Special Officer Gloer, under instructions from the chief of police, called to see Mrs. Hogan yesterday morning, and he found her and her youngest child ill in bed. There was no food in the house. Officer Gloer reported that the case should be looked after at once.

Southern's New Steel Bridge.

Knoxville, Tenn., August 13.—(Special.)—The Southern railway has completed its handsome steel bridge across the Tennessee river, in this city. The bridge is now open for trains. Its construction required almost a year. It is for the Maryville branch of the Southern. The first train was run over it Tuesday.





In Clothing.

If you wish to attend a money-saving sale of stylish, well-made Clothing, visit our store this week.

Three-piece Suits that you can wear through the Fall season; ***Two-piece Summer Suits, Odd Trousers, Straw Hats*** and ***Negligee Shirts***—all must go. See our windows for prices.

ESSIG BROS.,
CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS,
26 Whitehall St.

DWYER'S RICHES HAVE VANISHED

Famous Napoleon of the Wheat Pit Goes Broke.

Real Romance in the Life of New Yorker Who Won and Lost Several Fortunes in a Short but Sensational Career.

New York, August 13.—Edward L. Dwyer today filed a petition in bankruptcy with the clerk of the United States district court. The liabilities are fixed at $374,855, and assets $150.

Most of the liabilities are secured.

The history of Edward L. Dwyer reads like a romance. He was born in Connecticut forty-three years ago, and at the age of 25 went to Mexico, where he realized a million dollars through the development of land and the construction of a railroad. Then he went to Chicago and entered into wheat speculation, and for some time was known as the "Napoleon of the wheat pit." In his wheat speculation, it is said, he made several million dollars, but finally lost all.

In 1893 he met and married the Duchess De Caseluchia, a New York woman who many years previously had been married to an Italian nobleman. The duchess possesses many acres of orange groves in Florida. She was 73 years of age and Dwyer 33. Not long after the marriage Mrs. Dwyer died, leaving an estate of over $3,000,000. She bequeathed $10 of this amount to Dwyer. The will was fought for six years, but finally was admitted to probate by the surrogate of New York city.

After the death of his aged wife, Dwyer went all over the west organizing mining and land companies, many of which are said to have returned vast sums of money to the investors, of which he says he has received little or nothing.

In 1900 Dwyer enlisted in the marine corps in the Brooklyn navy yard for a term of three years and was sent to Manila, where he was known as "the millionaire marine." After one year's service, on the application of friends he received an honorable discharge.

NORTH CAROLINA ALLIANCE.

Farmers in Annual Session at Raleigh—Election of Officers.

Raleigh, N. C., August 13.—(Special.)—The Farmers' State Alliance today ended its annual session. It elected John Graham, of Warren county, president; H. H. Egerton, vice president; T. B. Parker, secretary and treasurer and business agent; H. H. Gates, lecturer. Reports show the alliance to be growing rapidly and accumulating money. It devoted yesterday to public speaking by experts on agricultural matters and being an entirely new departure it adopted a resolution declaring there is no cause for the great fall in the price of leaf tobacco other than the consolidation of the American and Imperial Tobacco Companies, and petitioned Governor Aycock through joint action with the governors of Virginia and South Carolina to use his best endeavors to induce President Roosevelt to enforce any law now existing for the suppression of monopoly in the purchase of tobacco. The resolution declared further that with the present outlook for higher priced cotton the American Tobacco Company would not put the price of leaf tobacco below the cost of production at this time, but for the deliberate determination on its part to force warehousemen and independent buyers to sell at a ruinous sacrifice in their present holdings of tobacco.

WEEK-END RATES.

$7.80

Tybee and Return Via Central of Georgia Railway.

Tickets on sale for Saturday morning and evening trains, limited Tuesday following date of sale returning. Ticket offices, No. 16 Wall street and union depot.
8-14-15

DISTILLERIES IN THE TOWNS.

Liquor Law Being Complied with in North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., August 13.—(Special.)—The revenue officials say that the people in general will later in the year be surprised at the number of registered distilleries which will be in town. The distillers are now making applications for license in every town in which they think they can get a footing. The plants will be larger than heretofore. It has been the view of the author of the Watts liquor regulation law that there would be very few distilleries, particularly west of here, owing to the limited number of towns in which licenses would be granted, but it seems that the distillers are going to crowd into certain places, and it is said that in one town there may be as many as ten of these plants. Meanwhile, the anti-liquor association is continuing its fight and has an active agent in the field. Already this year about ten counties and some thirty towns have gone dry. There is some movement for dispensaries, and it seems rather probable that Raleigh, for example, will have one of these.

HERBERT CAUSED STIR IN THE ROOM

Witness Said Some Miners Earned $135 a Month.

Afterwards He Admitted That This Did Not Represent Net Earnings, Because the Cost of Powder and Oil Had Not Been Deducted.

Birmingham, Ala., August 13.—At today's session of the arbitration board, which is considering the differences between the Alabama miners and operators, the testimony was largely of a technical character, the object being to get testimony regarding the differential wages between the two mines.

Witness Herbert, for the operators, created a sensation when he stated that the earnings of certain miners as set forth by the operators did not represent their net earnings because the cost of powder, oil, etc., had not been deducted. The witness for the operators had testified that some miners had earned as much as $135 per month.

At the conclusion of Mr. Herbert's testimony, T. G. Bush, president of the Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron Company, was called. He presented numerous long tables of statistics. He said that the miners employed in the five mines operated by his company received from $2.75 a day to $4. He declared that the miners showed no tendency to increase their income by hard work as they rarely ever worked over 16 or 17 days out of 26. He presented a table showing that the average time of work was eight hours a day.

Colonel Bush said the conditions around the mines were good. He told the board that schools and churches were provided at each of the camps and the teachers were paid by the company. Hospitals were also open to the miners when injured and the services of a physician were given the men free whe nbadly hurt.

It was shown by Colonel Bush that the company furnished the miners houses at a rental of $1 to $1.25 per room per month. He said goods could be secured at the company commissaries at a reasonable price, and that everything sold was of the best quality.

Colonel Bush was still on the stand when the commission adjourned until tomorrow.

WILLIAMS WIRES MEANING OF DEAL

Continued from First Page.

ceived. There is no possible foundation for such a rumor. S. SPENCER."

This official communication discounts all of the many rumors regarding the Southern's part in the deal which were still current in railroad circles yesterday.

How Control Was Secured.

The following special from The Constitution's New York correspondent throws some additional light upon the details of the big transaction:

"New York, August 13.—(Special.)—Reported that control of the Seaboard Air Line was secured by taking over one hundred and fifteen thousand shares held by certain members of the New York, Richmond and Baltimore syndicate at 40 for preferred and 20 for common, less commission, and the purchases of holdings of Sharp & Bryan, the suspended firm, which were large, but not equal to those of the above syndicate.

"Certain New York and southern men are reported to have loaded up with various investments, including Louisville and Nashville, above 40, and it is reported here that the change on the Seaboard control was really brought about through the necessity of the two principal holders of Seaboard stock. These necessities, it is alleged, were in the shape of maturing loans which they could not meet.

Details of the Negotiations.

"In negotiating a basis on which these loans would be protected, these interests agree to surrender five out of nine trustees in the voting trust of the Seaboard Air Line. They were taken care of by Ladenberg, Thalmann & Co. which negotiated terms on which the new trustees were given their position. The voting trust stands for eight years. Ladenberg, Thalman & Co., it is reported, guarantee the loans above mentioned. Current report has it that John Skelton Williams will not remain equally dominant in the future as in the past."

Seven Seaports for Rock Island.

New York, August 13.—President John Skelton Williams, of the Seaboard Air Line railway, made the following statement today:

"The report that Southern railway interests have acquired an interest in the Seaboard Air Line system is incorrect.

"As is well known, Messrs. Pierce and Yoakum are closely identified with the St. Louis and San Francisco-Rock Island system, and it is reasonable to suppose that this latter system and the Seaboard line system will hereafter be operated in thorough harmony and to their mutual advantage. Through this association the Rock Island system will be furnished with direct outlets at seven seaports on the Atlantic coast, and the gulf of Mexico, including Baltimore, Norfolk, Wilmington, Savannah, Fernandina, Jacksonville and Tampa.

"The situation is eminently satisfactory to me and the arrangements by which these new interests have been brought into the property have been carried through by Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. with my cordial cooperation."

Practically Inter-Oceanic Connection.

"It means practically an Atlantic-Pacific connection through the south with Atlanta as the most practical distributing point, not only for the southeastern states but for some of the big systems in the north as well."

This from a prominent railroad man in regard to the big deal consummated between the Seaboard Air Line and the Rock Island system as published in The Constitution of yesterday.

"Furthermore," he continued, "it means that this city must of necessity be acknowledged the Chicago of the south from a railroad standpoint, and that in the very near future great stock yards and warehouses will loom up against the Atlanta sky line proving to all incoming visitors that they have reached the great inter-ocean junction for the entire south.

"No one can even prophesy at this time regarding the tremendous importance attached to this new move in its relations to the best interests of Atlanta. For shippers it not only means the continuation of a rival to other roads stronger and more independent than before, but it means that all of the through freight of the entire surrounding territory will go west through this city.

From Southwest to Tidewater

"Again, it means that the shipping of the southern Pacific and gulf states will find the nearest and quickest route to the Atlantic seaboard over the great system that has with this week's developments brought the two oceans more closely together by way of a southern route than in all previous history.

"While the trunk line at present connects the Atlantic seaboard directly with El Paso in Texas and Denver in Colorado, through connections can be made directly to the Pacific, and it is probably a part of the deal to make a through trunk line to the Pacific without having to depend on any allied interests in the near future.

"Even as it is now, the territory of the entire southwest will be drawn on and there is simply no estimating on the amount of traffic, both passenger and freight, that will go east and west through Atlanta."

An idea of the tremendous amount of territory drained and the importance of Atlanta's position can be readily gained by looking at a map of the new trunk line printed in another column of today's Constitution. The magnitude of the present proposition can be better estimated in this way than by columns of reading matter.

It is universally accepted as a fact that the Seaboard will continue to be operated as an independent system, but the new alliance will demand a tremendous increase in the present force, both in this city and elsewhere on the eastern end of the big trunk line.

Greatest Deal in Twenty-five Years.

Assistant General Passenger Agent W. E. Christian, of the Seaboard, when seen at his office in the Equitable building yesterday, said: "I consider this new deal to be the most important in railroad history for the past twenty-five years. Very naturally I am greatly pleased with the new turn in affairs and I see no room for any other point of view than that Atlanta in the new turn of affairs is made the logical gate city to a territory made possible only by the new combination."

Just now every effort is being made to push forward the Atlanta-Birmingham extension of the Seaboard. This road, which will reach completion in the next six months or so, will be the connecting link between the eastern tide water and the great southwest.

Little else was talked of in local railroad circles yesterday and the consensus of opinion on every side was to the effect that in every way the new deal was a most wonderful stride in the right direction for a Greater Atlanta.

Means Millions of Additional Business.

Richmond, Va., August 13.—Concerning the recent Seaboard Air Line deal it was stated today at the banking house of John L. Williams & Sons, of which John Skelton Williams, president of the Seaboard Air Line, is a member, said that the transaction would give the Seaboard about $3,000,000 of additional business annually and this practically insures dividends on both the preferred and common stocks of the road. Last year the Seaboard earned a 4 per cent dividend on its common stock.

Through freight service to and beyond Richmond from the west and far southwest will be established soon and very probably through passenger train service, this making Richmond a much more important railway center and increasing its commercial importance greatly. The great advantage to the Seaboard Air Line as a result of the arrangements just effected will be in the diversion of freights from the St. Louis and San Francisco and the Rock Island systems to the Seaboard Air Line.

The All-Healing Balm.

Folly of the Wise: Earth has no sorrows that flattery cannot heal.

AT BERRYVILLE HORSE SHOW.

Accident During Gentleman's Steeple Chase—The Winners.

Richmond, Va., August 13.—(Special.)—In the gentleman's steeplechase at Berryville, Va., horse show today, McSemore fell at the last hurdle, breaking his neck and throwing his rider and owner, H. I. Goodwin, of Manassas, Va., with great force. Mr. Goodwin had his collar bone broken and was rendered unconscious. McSemore was leading with Conflicting Evidence and the latter won easy after the accident.

Governor and Mrs. Montague were among the brilliant audience that witnessed the show.

Miss Dora Henry, of Clarke county, won the silver cup presented by Mr. P. H. Mayo to the best lady rider. In the contest Miss Hopkins, of Washington, D. C., was thrown, but pluckily remounted and finished amid applause.

Federal Pensions.

Knoxville, Tenn., August 13.—(Special.)—The quarterly payment of federal pensions commenced here August 4. Up to this time the office has paid 34,970 pensions, the aggregate amount disbursed to them being $1,097,787.85. The total payment for the quarter will be about two millions.

The Clearing Sale Continues.

Today we add to the already great bargains offered in this cut price shoe clearance a line of

Men's $3.00 Oxfords at $1.98.

In new and stylish shapes, Goodyear welts, vici kid and box calf.

Men's $5.00 Low Cut Shoes at $3.85.
Men's $4.00 Low Cut Shoes at $3.15.

Women's $2.50 Low Cuts at.....$1.98
Women's $2.00 Low Cuts at.....$1.49

Carlton SHOE Co.

Women's $3.00 Low Cuts at.....$2.35
Women's $4.00 Low Cuts at.....$2.98

Hotel Belleclaire
Broadway and 77th St. New York.



THE HOTEL BELLECLAIRE appeals especially to what may be called semi-transient visitors: people who desire, for a week or a fortnight or a month, the comforts, conveniences and advantages of New York's great modern hotels, but who wish to avoid some of the noise, the bustle and the expense that are inevitable in an extended visit. For such people THE BELLECLAIRE has furnished suites of one, two or three rooms and bath, which may be occupied at reasonable rates for shorter or longer periods. It is an apartment house with the best features of a hotel. It is a hotel with the best features of an apartment house. And it is absolutely new and absolutely fireproof.

MILTON ROBLEE,
Proprietor,
Broadway, at Seventy-seventh St.
NEW YORK.



HOTEL EMPIRE
BROADWAY AND 63RD ST., N. Y. CITY.
Telephone in Every Room.
Rooms $1.00 per day & Upwards.

A fine library of choice literature for the exclusive use of our guests.

The Empire has long been the favorite Hotel for tourists visiting the Metropolis.

From all Ferries, Steamboats and Ocean Steamers walk Short block to Elevated Railway and take "9th Ave., to 59th" Street from which Hotel is one minute walk.

Headquarters N. Y. Chapter Daughters of the Confederacy.

All surface cars of the "Metropolitan Transit Co," pass the Hotel Empire.

The Restaurant of the Empire is noted for the excellence of its cuisine, its efficient service and moderate prices.

Only 10 minutes to principal theatres and chops. MUSIC EVERY EVENING.
W. JOHNSON QUINN, PROP

HOTEL CHAMBERLIN,
OLD POINT COMFORT, VIRGINIA.
Most magnificently situated and comfortably furnished hotel on Atlantic coast.
Summer Rates, June to Oct., $3 per day up
Special Weekly Rates. Orchestra, boating, bathing, sailing, fishing, tennis, golf.
Largest military post in the country. Rendezvous of North Atlantic quadron. New management, 1903. Booklets can be had at offices So. Ry. and S. A. L. Gen. P. Adams, Manager.

ROSEBORO IS TO BE HANGED.

Assaulted Woman, Murdered Her and Threw Body Into Well.

Charlotte, N. C., August 13.—(Special.)—At Statesville today, Judge Allen sentenced Will Roseboro to be hanged Thursday, September 10, at 6 o'clock in the afternoon. While the sentence was being pronounced Roseboro showed the first signs of fright. He was exceedingly nervous, and could hardly stand during the trying ordeal. The jury took the case yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock, and in twenty-three minutes after retiring from the court room a verdict of murder in the first degree was rendered. The crime for which Roseboro will pay the death penalty was one of the most heinous in the criminal annals of the state. He assaulted Mrs. Dolf Beaver, and to hide his crime murdered the woman and then threw her body in a well near the Beaver home.

BRIDGES SMITH HONORED AGAIN

Chosen President League of Georgia Municipalities.

Last Day's Proceedings at Macon. Election of Officers—Savannah Next Place of Meeting—Mayors Entertained at the Club and Acme Co.

By E. C. Bruffey.

Constitution Bureau, 467 Second Street, Macon, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—The League of Georgia Municipalities this morning declared itself thoroughly satisfied with the executive ability of its president, Hon. Bridges Smith, of Macon, and by a unanimous vote reelected him to that position for a second term.

Judge Piquet, of Augusta, placed Mayor Smith in nomination, and in doing so referred to him as the father and founder of the league. He declared that the league now needed an experienced and able man at its head, and asserted that Mayor Smith had proven himself to be just that man. Judge Picquet was eloquent in his nomination speech, in which he paid many high compliments to both Mayor Smith and the city of Macon.

The league opened its second day's session in the council chamber at 10 o'clock with an attendance larger than that of the initial day, and without any delay got down to business.

"Veterans' Licenses, Abuse and the Remedy" was the first paper on the programme, and it was Hon. W. B. Hollingsworth, mayor of Fayetteville, who was down for the theme. Mayor Hollingsworth showed that he had encountered the problem which has confronted every mayor of every town in the south since free licenses to veterans have been allowed. In a clear, concise and interesting manner he presented his subject, and as clearly indicated the remedies that might be applied.

Hon. E. P. Howell, mayor of Atlanta, was down for "Vagrants, a Rigid Enforcement of the Law," and the delegates were anxious to hear Atlanta's chief executive handle a subject which has perplexed them all; but Mayor Howell was unable to be present, and his absence was universally regretted.

Shortly after the noon hour the visiting mayors grouped on the stairway leading to the council chamber, where they were photographed by Kah for The Constitution, and from which point of vantage they witnessed the parade by the police department. The officers were all uniformed and equipped for duty. In their new blue suits, each man wearing white gloves, they made an excellent appearance as they marched by, led by Chief Murphy and Lieutenants Grace and Moseley.



MEMBERS OF LEAGUE OF GEORGIA MUNICIPALITIES.

Election of Officers.

The annual election of officers was taken up immediately after the delegates returned to the council chamber, and resulted:

President—Hon. Bridges Smith, mayor of Macon.

First Vice President—J. F. Rhodes, mayor of Athens.

Second Vice President—James R. Atwater, mayor of Thomaston.

Third Vice President—R. E. Allen, mayor of Augusta.

Fourth Vice President—G. V. Peacock, mayor of Cochran.

Secretary and Treasurer—David J. Bailey, mayor of Griffin.

Mayor Bailey extended an invitation to the league to hold the next annual convention in Griffin and supported his invitation in a hearty speech of welcome.

Dr. Brunner declared Savannah wanted the next session of the league and asserted that that city was entitled to it.

The convention decided in favor of Savannah and then the selection was made unanimous.

A resolution providing that all past officers and members of the league should be continued as honorary members in the event any of them should cease to occupy that position, was presented and adopted.

Mayor Bailey, of Griffin, secretary and treasurer of the league, was, by resolution, made a life members of the league.

They Are Entertained.

The league completed all business and at 2 o'clock adjourned finally. At the city hall was a special car for the delegates and within a few minutes the league members and a few invited friends were on their way to the Acme Brewing Company, where a feast had been spread for them. The viands were tempting and were spread upon a large table, near which great quantities of beer had been placed. Duck, beef, goose and salads were in abundance and every one had plenty and then some to spare. During the dinner speeches were made by a number of the visitors.

After two or three hours' feasting the delegates were again invited to the car and were taken through South Macon, East Macon and Vineville, and then out to the Log Cabin Club, where another entertainment was awaiting them. Here the visitors were made to feel at home by the host, Charles Hall, of Macon.

After the Log Cabin Club reception came the goodbys and then the visiting mayors went out of the city by the afternoon and evening trains.

Straw Hats 1-2 Price

Muse's is a store of careful planning. It begins with the goods and doesn't end with the service—makes you remember the store long afterwards.

One of the reasons for this remembrance, is the clearance of season-end stocks with low prices, before the new season opens.

There are many such saving-prices here today.

Men's Suits Reduced;

$18.00 and $20.00 Suits **at $15.00**

Wool Crash

$15.00 and $16.50 Suits **at $12.50**

$12.50 Suits **at $10.00**

$10.00 Wool Crash Suits **at $8.00**

In Cheviot and Worsted

Some are full-lined, others are half-lined; all are colored-patterns designed for general wear—3-piece suits.

Were $12.50 to $27.50.

Now $10.00 to $18.50.

Negligee Shirts Marked Down

From $1.00 to **75c.**
From $1.50 to **$1.15.**
From $2.00 to **$1.40.**
From $2.50 to **$1.75.**
From $3.00 to **$2.00.**
From $3.50 to **$2.50.**

Stars and Manhattans.

MUSE'S,

3, 5 and 7 Whitehall.

CHARGED WITH SERIOUS CRIME

Negro Boy Is Lodged in Jail at Moultrie.

Moultrie, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—A negro boy, scarcely grown, named Major Alexander, was placed in jail here yesterday under the serious charge that he attempted an assault upon a little white girl 13 years old, who was traveling a lonely road with a very small brother. She escaped a most terrible fate by calling to parties in a field, who went to her rescue in time to save her. The negro attempted to escape, but was captured and brought here. He is a bad character, and has just finished a term in the chaingang.

There have been some threats of lynching, but more conservative judgment will prevail, it is hoped. The girl lived at a saw mill 3 miles from Moultrie, and had been here with her little brother.

PESTS APPEAR IN GEORGIA

Fields in Dougherty County Ravaged by Caterpillars.

Albany, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Caterpillars have appeared in alarming numbers in certain localities near Albany. H. H. Nelms, one of the most extensive planters of east Dougherty, brings the intelligence that in some of his fields the pests are so numerous that the foliage has almost disappeared from the cotton plants, and that in a few days nothing will remain but the stalks. Three or four worms are found on a single leaf, Mr. Nelms states.

Although the pest has not yet invaded in some portions of this and adjoining counties, it is feared that they will spread rapidly and do tremendous damage to the crops, which, up to the present time, has been in the best possible condition. Many farmers do not feel uneasy, but there is no telling how rapidly or how far the caterpillar pest will spread.

Accident to Mrs. Wetherell.

Macon, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Mrs. Amy Wetherell, of Macon, a resident of Huguenin Heights, is in a dangerous condition from the effects of a fall at Indian Spring. Mrs. Wetherell was walking across the large lawn at the spring and slipped, on account of the wet ground, a heavy rain just having fallen. The back of her head struck the ground with great force, and she was knocked senseless. Physicians were called in, and after an hour's work brought her back to consciousness. Her condition, at last accounts, was somewhat better, but she is not yet out of danger by any means.

N. C. LEE, OF COVINGTON, DEAD.

Prominent Citizen Who Was Stricken with Paralysis.

Covington, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—N. C. Lee, who was stricken with paralysis yesterday while eating dinner with his family, died this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Mr. Lees' health until yesterday was apparently good, and his death is a great shock to his many friends. Mr. Lee was one of Covington's most prosperous and prominent citizens and is a descendant of an old family which has been prominent in Newton county for a long time. He was a member of the Methodist church and the funeral service will be conducted there tomorrow. He is survived by a wife and three children, namely, Mrs. W. C. Thompson, of Covington; Mrs. A. C. Stamps, of Atlanta, and Miss Larue Lee, of Covington.

Quarreled About a Dog.

Augusta, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—John D. Bearden shot a negro, Joe Lambacker, this evening, near the river, below the city. They quarrelled about a log which the negro took from the river and cut up over the white man's protest, Bearden claiming it to be the property of a saw mill he represented, and Lambacher seized it as driftwood. The negro got a load of small shot in his face and shoulder, but the wounds are not dangerous.

VETERANS MET IN REUNION.

Great Day with the Old Soldiers at Homer.

Homer, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—A reunion of the confederate veterans of Banks county and the surrounding counties was held in Homer, Ga., yesterday. An elaborate programme was carried out to perfection. There were about one thousand people present, including the veterans. There was much enthusiasm for the lost cause and everybody seemed to enjoy themselves very much.

Captain "Tip" Harrison, of Atlanta, was the main speaker of the day, and well did he perform his duty as a speaker. Many patriotic songs were sung, many hurrahs for the heroes of the confederacy were heard, amid many tears. Taking everything into consideration, this was a most successful reunion.

MORTUARY.

Dr. W. S. Playfair, Scotland.

London, August 13.—Dr. W. S. Playfair, the noted specialist in women's diseases and authority on obsteteric medicine, died at St. Andrew, Scotland, today. He was the defendant in a slander suit which created some stir several years ago, when he was mulcted in $60,000 damages. The plaintiff, named Kitson, was the brother in law to Dr. Playfair, who was adjudged to have slandered the plantiff's wife.

C. B. Allen, Augusta, Ga.

Augusta, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—C. B. Allen, one of the best known citizens of Augusta, died today. He had a paralytic stroke some months ago, and has been in comparatively feeble health for a long time, but his death was sudden and unexpected. He was for years a leading contractor and builder, but several years ago he went into the stove and hardware business. He was a useful and valued citizen.

Dr. P. M. Wilkerson, Marion, Ala.

Marion, Ala., August 13.—(Special.)—Dr. P. M. Wilkerson, of the P. M. Wilkerson Drug Company, died this morning. He suffered a stroke of paralysis while visiting his brothers in Montgomery, a few months ago, and returned slightly improved only two weeks ago. He was a brother of the late Judge Wilkerson, of Birmingham, and Dr. Wilkerson, of Montgomery, and a nephew of Judge John Moore, of the fourth circuit. No death has occurred in the county for years that has caused more universal sorrow.

Mrs. Lizzie Munch, Montgomery.

Montgomery, Ala., August 13.—(Special.) Mrs. Lizzie Munch died at 7 o'clock last night at her home after a brief illness. She was about forty-five years old. She leaves a husband and several grown children.

Mrs. D. A. Lynch, Columbus, Ga.

Columbus, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Mrs. D. A. Lynch, aged 53 years, wife of J. T. Lynch, died at their home east of the city yesterday afternoon. The ufneral occurs tomorrow from the Church of the Holy Family, in Columbus.

MISS JULIA HEMPHILL DEAD.

Daughter of Late Colonel W. A. Hemphill, Who Was a Very Popular Young Lady, Expires at Toccoa.

Miss Julia Hemphill, daughter of the late W. A. Hemphill, died yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock at Toccoa Falls. Her death was unexpected.

Miss Hemphill was very ill for a long time. About two months ago she went to New York intending to take a steamer there for Europe, but was taken suddenly sick, with nervous prostration, and was obliged to abandon the trip. Several weeks afterwards she was brought back to Atlanta, and for two weeks was ill at her home on Linden avenue. Last Monday she went to Toccoa Falls, thinking that the change would benefit her. Wednesday night she became very ill and communicated with her family in Atlanta. A trained nurse was sent to her yesterday morning.

Miss Hemphill was one of the best known young ladies in Atlanta and made hosts of friends wherever she went. She is survived by two brothers and three sisters; W. A. Hemphill, Robert Hemphill, Miss Marguerite Hemphill, Mrs. James Sculley and Mrs. L. D. T. Quinby.

The funeral arrangements have not yet been made, but the body will be brought to Atlanta this morning and will be immediately taken to the residence, 101 East Linden avenue. The funeral services will take place some time Saturday.

The following dispatch from Toccoa tells of her death:

Toccoa, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Miss Julia Hemphill, daughter of the late W. A. Hemphill, of Atlanta, died this afternoon at 2 o'clock at Haddock inn, Toccoa Falls, 2 miles from Toccoa. Miss Hemphill's ailment was a protracted attack of nervous prostration, complicated with heart trouble. She reached Toccoa only a few days ago and was a guest at Haddock inn. It was not thought that her illness was serious until yesterday, although she had been sick for some time before she came to Toccoa. The body will reach Atlanta tomorrow morning for interment. After arriving in Tocoa, Miss Hemphill was attended constantly by her sister, Miss Marguerite Hemphill.

DEATH OF MRS. ANNA WAGNON

Estimable Lady Expired Yesterday Morning at the Residence of Her Son in Law, James Bell.

Mrs. Anna Wagnon died suddenly yesterday morning at about 9 o'clock at the residence of her son in law, James L. Bell, about 7 miles out in the country, the other side of Cascade. She had been out in the yard trimming the roses, and coming into the house was attacked by sickness and died almost immediately. The cause of her death was probably heart disease.

Mrs. Wagnon was one of the oldest residents of the city. She was about 78 years of age at the time of her death and had lived in Atlanta ever since the war. She is survived by three daughters, Mrs. O. F. Owen, Mrs. J. L. Bell and Mrs. L. P. Thomas.

The body was brought to the residence of L. P. Thomas, 43 West North avenue, last night. The funeral services will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock from the residence and the interment will be at Oakland.

Nutro-Crisp
The Ready Cooked Granular Wheat Food
The Food for Strength.
At Your Grocer's.

ANDERSON HARDWARE CO. ANDERSON HARDWARE CO.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

Owing to the Late Season Now On.

REFRIGERATORS---We are now offering our entire line, to close out, at PRICES WHICH DRIVE THEM OUT OF OUR STORE. You can use a Refrigerator for THREE months yet. You can find any size you want in our stock. We handle the best make, and it will pay you to call and inspect our line.

ANDERSON HARDWARE CO., 33-35 PEACHTREE, Cor. Edgewood Ave.

Household Department, 2nd Floor. Take Elevator.

TWENTY CENTS POUND COTTON

Augusta's First Bale Was Auctioned off Yesterday.

Augusta, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—There was a spirited scene at the cotton exchange today, in which H. H. Cabaniss, manager of The Chronicle, figured in a new role. It was as auctioneer of the first bale of new cotton, the arrival of which last night was told in today's Constitution.

When Mr. Cabaniss mounted the bale and announced that he intended it should bring 20 cents he was greeted with incredulous laughter.

"The first bale in Savannah brought 15 cents," said Mr. Cabaniss, "and surely it ought to bring 20 cents in Augusta, if Savannah gives 15."

The bidding was spirited, soon passing 15 cents, and finally 20 cents was bid by A. B. Baxter & Co. The bale was classed middling, weighed 487 pounds, and brought only a few cents less than $100.

HE DROWNED IN THE POND

Richard Bowles Loses Life While Bathing with Other Boys.

Milledgeville, Ga., August 13.—(Special.) Richard Bowles, a lad of 16 years, was accidentally drowned at Allen's invalid home late yesterday. He was a patient there for three or four months, a chronic epileptic. He went to his room, presumably to take a nap, stepped out of a window and went to a pond, where boys were in bathing, although he has never been allowed to go to this pond. An attendant hurried there as soon as he was found absent from his room and saw him on the other side of the pond. The attendant called on Richard to come to him. The boy asked to be allowed to dive once and jumped on a springboard and dived off. He was seen struggling in the water by K. S. Clary, a convalescent patient, who jumped in and attempted to save him, but came near being drowned himself, having on all his clothes.

Another young man jumped in to assist and came near losing his life also.

The boy's body was recovered in about twenty minutes. Physicians did all they could to resuscitate him, but were powerless, as the lad was beyond human aid.

The unfortunate lad was the son of Dan Bowles, of Augusta.

TWO SEAMEN UNDER ARREST.

Charged with Forcibly Taking Two Boys to Sea.

Savannah, Ga., August 13.—It is reported here that the state department at Washington has ordered an investigation to be held here of the alleged shanghaiing of two boys, Joseph F. Rucker and John W. Seage, of Atlanta. Two seamen, John Kelley and Harry Oleson, have been arrested, charged with the crime.

It is understood that the two boys were carried on board the steamship Kambira, which sailed for Santos, Brazil.

SHE LASHED HER HUSBAND.

Lively Affair on the Streets of Macon Yesterday.

Macon, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Mrs Charles Miller, wife of a well known plumber, this afternoon assaulted her husband on Cherry street, at Fourth, with a whip, and before she could be disarmed she had thrown the whip over Miller's shoulders and back for four or five licks.

The encounter was witnessed by a number of people and was not of long duration. It appears that Mrs. Miller became incensed with her husband on account of "another woman."

Quitman's First Bale.

Quitman, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Quitman received her first bale of new cotton today. It was grown and brought in by H. Lovett, of Madison county, Fla. The bale weighed five hundred and forty-three pounds, and classed good middling, and was bought at 13 cents by W. T. Thompson.



Dr. Leatherman.

MEN, WATCH THIS AD.

We do not advertise to treat men today, women tomorrow and cancer the next day. We are specialists for men, and men only; you will not be disappointed, as we allow no misleading statements in our advertisements. We have no schemes and do not require you to put your money in the bank, neither do we charge for medicines. We are the only specialists in the south who limit their work to Men's Diseases exclusively. We limit our patients to the number that we can treat ourselves; we hire no substitutes and have no branch offices. We have lived in Atlanta for many years and can refer you to thousands of Atlanta's best citizens. We cure all DISEASES of MEN, also RHEUMATISM, PILES, RUPTURE, RECTAL, SKIN, BLADDER, KIDNEY and NERVOUS DISEASES.

We have a perfect system of home treatment. Consultation free.

DRS. LEATHERMAN & BENTLEY,

Suite 600, Austell Building, Atlanta, Ga. Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 to 1.

SULLIVAN IS IN BAXLEY JAIL

He Killed Beecher, Near Hazlehurst, Last Saturday Afternoon.

Baxley, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—A. O. Sullivan, who killed Garry Beecher in this county on last Saturday, on yesterday surrendered to Sheriff Craps, and is confined in jail. He demands a preliminary trial, which will be held on next Monday. Both were married, tenants of Monroe Hinson, a brother in law of the latter, and the trouble originated over their farm. Sullivan will be vigorously prosecuted and claims self-defense.

The cause for which Sullivan was placed under arrest was the killing of Garry Beecher last Sunday evening about 5 o'clock in Sullivan's field, near Hazlehurst, in Appling county.

The trouble between the two men grew out of a dispute over some land. Beecher had rented from John W. Hinson a number of acres, but later, finding that he could not profitably use all of it, turned over part of the tract to Hinson, who then rented it to Sullivan. Later Beecher tried to scare Sullivan off the place and swamp the crop. He entered the field and shot several times at Sullivan, who was working there. Beecher was arrested for the assault, but gave bond. He stated that he would kill Sullivan on sight. The next time they met the real tragedy occurred. Beecher came into Sullivan's field and was later found dead behind his stables. Sullivan did not leave the country, as was first reported, but his friends notified the sheriff that he would come in and give himself up if wanted. He did not care to go abroad publicly, as he stated Beecher's father had threatened further trouble.

Both parties to the tragedy were married and had known each other only about two months. They had not been close friends during this time. Beecher was born and reared in Appling county and Sullivan 8 miles south of Macon near Walden, Ga.

Guards Issue Challenge.

Columbus, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—The Twin City Guards, of Girard, Ala., who have just returned from the encampment of the Second Alabama regiment at Montgomery, have issued a challenge to any company in Alabama to drill for a prize of $1,000. The Guards are recognized as one of the best companies in the state of Alabama.

Three Dead in One Month's Time.

Columbus, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Christopher Hollis, the 8-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Hollis, died yesterday afternoon. This is the third child they have lost within a month's time. Of their seven children only one is now living.

People Flocking to Columbus.

Columbus, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—People are flocking to Columbus still more rapidly since the cotton mills in so many other southern cities have closed down for the summer. Every mill in Columbus is running on full time and none will shut down. Hundreds of new houses are being built and all the new houses are occupied as soon as completed, showing the increase in population.

Masonic Rally at Lafayette.

Rome, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Grand Master Meyerhardt and about fifteen local Masons went to Lafayette this morning, where a grand Masonic rally and barbecue was held today. The Lafayette Masons had made most elaborate preparations for the visitors and a great time was had by all. Grand Master Hynds, of the Georgia Odd Fellows, was an honored guest of the occasion.



H. M. ASHE
General Agent,
SMITH-PREMIER Typewriter
Dealer in Second-Hand Machines.
Y. M. C. A. Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

R. T. Dorsey, P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell, Jr., Sanders McDaniel, Hugh M. Dorsey, Arthur Heyman.
DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL,
Attorneys at Law.
Offices 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 209, and 210 Kiser building. Long distance telephone, 520. Atlanta, Ga.

PHILLIPS HELD FOR KIDNAPING

Harmony Grove Man Arrested at Athens on Serious Charge.

Harmony Grove, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Alex Phillips, of this city, was arrested by Chief Little, charged with kidnaping Miss Ethie Mathews, of Athens, and is now held in Athens for trial.

Phillips met Miss Mathews while she worked in the cotton mill at this place. She returned recently. He visited her at her Athens home last Sunday, returning Monday with her.

They both claim that the mother gave her hearty consent for the daughter to return with Phillips. It is not believed here that he is guilty of any criminal intent.

NEGRO NABBED AT BATESBURG.

Thought To Be the One Wanted at Augusta.

Augusta, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—News was received here this afternoon of the arrest in Batesburg, S. C., of a negro believed to be the boy "Jesse," who made his escape Sunday afternoon from the room, in which a lady, who was taking a nap, was waked by the negro's hand upon her. He rushed out when she screamed and has thus far eluded arrest, unless the suspect in Batesburg proves to be the man. Parties who can identify him have gone to Batesburg.

NO FINAL ACTION ON TREATY.

Colombian Congress Still Discussing the Canal Convention.

Washington, August 13.—Another cablegram was received today from Minister Beaupre at Bogota. The minister states that no final action has yet been reached on the canal treaty. He says that a number of amendments have been proposed which have not been acted upon by the Colombian senate.

While the cablegram is not very definite, the impression at the state department is that the principal amendment is in regard to an increase of the amount of money to be paid by the United States to Colombia for the canal concession.

Comes to Atlanta.

Columbus, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—James W. Bedell, one of the city's most popular young shoe men, goes to Atlanta in a day or two to accept a position with the Carlton Shoe Company. Mr. Bedell has been manager of the shoe department of the Andrews company.

Anniston To Play Columbus.

Columbus, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Augusta ball team cancellations have been accepted. Anniston, Ala., comes next week for a series of six games.

RISING BREAST

And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of "Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain. No woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

WITH PENNIES HE MADE DIMES

Silver-Coated Pennies Are Passed as Ten Cent Pieces.

Fred Cole Arrested on Charge of Working Unique Scheme To Get Rich Quick — He Is Now Locked Up in the Tower.

Fred Cole, a well-known young white man, was arrested early yesterday morning by Detectives Ozburn and Steint on the charge of passing silver-coated pennies for 10-cent pieces.

He is said to have taken a lot of pennies and covered them over with a preparation which made them look like silver coins. As a penny is about the size of a 10-cent piece he found no difficulty, it is said, in passing his silver-coated pennies for dimes.

The detectives say that Cole's practice was to enter a saloon with a silverined penny and with it buy a glass of beer. He would get the beer, they say, and a nickel in change.

Cole made one serious miscalculation, the officers state, and that was overestimating his caliber for beer. He had to drink a beer every time he turned a penny into a dime and in trying to get rich too quick he got on a jag and that, say the detectives, led to his downfall.

Had Silverined Pennies.

The officers have some of Cole's silverined pennies which they will use as evidence. The coin could easily be passed for dimes.

Cole denies that he silverined the pennies. He claims he got the coin in change and was himself a victim.

Yesterday afternoon Cole was transferred from the police barracks to the Tower on a United States warrant, charging him with counterfeiting. He will be given a preliminary hearing in a few days.

COUNTY BEGINS WORK SOON.

Will Place 100 Convicts Upon Work of Changing Grades of Streets Near the Depot Site.

A second conference was held yesterday in the office of Mayor Evan P. Howell regarding the proposed change of grades of certain streets in the vicinity of the site of the new union passenger station, after which it was announced that actual work is expected to begin within the next week or ten days. The conference was between Mayor Howell, City Engineer R. M. Clayton and Captain T. J. Donaldson, superintendent of county public works.

At the conclusion of the conference City Engineer Clayton and Superintendent Donaldson visited the site of the proposed work and the latter was given a clear idea of the scope of the county's share. Captain Donaldson informed Mayor Howell that he would place one hundred county convicts on the work, together with all necessary equipment, and it will be pushed to completion as rapidly as possible.

The county is to take up the sidewalks, curbing and pavement, do all necessary grading and filling, then reset the curbing and pavement, but not the sidewalks. Mayor Howell states that the old pavement will be relaid and that the city will probably not lay the new pavement until next year. The grades will be changed on Madison avenue, Alabama, Hunter and Mitchell streets.

POSTMEN HAD FINE OUTING.

Letter Carriers and Several Hundred of Their Friends Visited Ponce de Leon Yesterday Evening.

The annual outing of the Atlanta Letter Carriers' Association yesterday and last night at Ponce de Leon proved a pronounced success in every particular, and the carriers are greatly pleased with the outcome.

During the day the carriers and several hundred of their friends visited the popular resort, enjoying the various forms of amusement and pastime. The weather was ideal, and every detail of the outing was thoroughly enjoyed.

Two performances were given in the Casino theater for the carriers, the regular night performance and a special matinee, both of which entertained large audiences. All of the several side attractions came in for their share of popularity also. The largest crowd was present at night, at which time, the grounds were thronged until nearly midnight. The special carriers' committee having the outing in charge, of which R. M. Hughes is chairman, was present and used its efforts to render the affair a success.

NEGROES FLEEING IN TEXAS.

Whitesboro Will Soon Be Without a Colored Resident.

Whitesboro, Tex., August 13.—Although promised protection by the officers of Whitesboro and this county, negroes are continuing to leave the city in large numbers and it seems but a question of a short time until Whitesboro will be without a colored resident.

The mob, which was foiled in an effort to lynch a negro last night, warned the negroes to leave and committed many depredations in the colored section. Several negro men were severely flogged, their houses entered and furniture destroyed.

An Excellent Tribute.

I was afflicted with a cancer or terrible sore on my nose and was advised to get a bottle of Smith's Blood Syrup—I made a purchase and the sore was healed in a few days.

Mrs. Emma Stafford.
Atlanta Ga.

Free Sample. Address,
SMITH BLOOD SYRUP CO.,
82 Wall St.

OLD GLORY FLOATS AT FEDERAL PRISON

There was erected in front of the federal prison yesterday a tall flag staff, and before sunset Old Glory was waving above the inmates of the United States penitentiary, its patriotic message of good will for all those who live in "the home of the brave and the land of the free."

And in the construction of the flagstaff and in the handling of the ropes that sent the Star Spangled Banner above the prison walls, convicts—men with the stripes on—violaters of the very laws enfurled within the folds of the national emblem, assisted in the raising of the flag. "Trusties" they were, having special outside privileges.

The tall pole, with its tri-colored bunting, stands directly in front of the great institution provided by the government for the prevention of crime and the detention of criminals. Formerly the flag was raised on a pole on the roof of the big building. Here it was out of sight of the men in their iron-barred homes below. Now, however, the flag is directly before the main building and in sight of the men as they march to and from the dining room.

Among these men who wear the faded blue uniforms that mark their shame are many who were formerly soldiers beneath this same flag. It was impossible to more than conjecture their thought, but very many there were who looked through the great bolted screens and watched with unmistakable interest this new addition to the reservation.

But pathetic and impressive was the action of a certain few who were working on the outside, who, with the lowering of the flag at sunset, stood with their hats in their hands.

Soldiers they were, very evidently, and although there were no notes of the bugle sounding retreat, or the firing of the sunset gun that marks the close of day in camp or garrison, there was the lowering of the Stars and Stripes.

And, for some, at least, the old soldierly instincts got very beautifully the better of their prison environments and the self-cursed, court-imposed duties that belong to men with the stripes on.

CRACKS FOUND IN BATTLESHIP

Damage to the Massachusetts Appears To Be Serious.

Ship Is Reported To Be Settling Aft as Well as Forward—She Will Be Towed Into Shallow Water So She May Not Sink Deep.

Bar Harbor, Maine, August 13.—Late this afternoon divers who had been examining the United States battle ship Massachusetts, which had her forward plates cracked while leaving the harbor in a fog yesterday, found that she was more seriously damaged than was at first thought to be the case, as the ship was settling aft as well as forward. The ship will be moved into more shallow water so that if anything gives way she will not sink deep enough to cause excessive damages. The divers were unable to locate any crack in the after part of the ship.

Report on the Accident.

Washington, August 13.—Acting Secretary Darling late this afternoon received from Captain Emory, commanding the Indiana, the senior officer present, the report of the board appointed to investigate the accident to the Massachusetts. The dispatch is as follows:

"Bar Harbor, Maine, August 13, 1903.—Secretary of the Navy, Washington: Board has finished investigation Massachusetts; its conclusions meet my approval. Reports as follows: Compartments A 7 and A 97 full of water, about 390 tons. Slight leaks into A 5 and A 6, where longitudinals pierced water-tight bulkhead at frame 14. This bulkhead slightly sprung. Slight leaks through rivets into compartments A 4 and A 8. Diver reports that port starboard strake dented and cracked athwart ships between frames 17 and 18. Crack about 18 inches long and 1-2 inch wide.

"Second crack in shape of inverted 'T' in port strake B or C between same frames. Crack extends four feet across the plate and 14 inches in the seam with half inch greatest opening. About 24 feet of docking keel injured. Divers remain at work. Recommend two centrifugal pumps electric driven preferred, 8 inch, suction with 30 feet suction hose, foot check valve and delivery hose for each pump. I consider it necessary for Indiana to remain. EMORY."

A later dispatch from Captain Emory reads:

"Subsequently to report of board divers discovered that starboard garboard strake between frames No. 7 and No. 18 is punctured. Opening extends above 3 1-2 feet across the plate. Greatest width is 4 inches."

Thorough Inspection.

Orders were sent this afternoon to Naval Constructor Gilmore at Bath, Maine, to make a thorough inspection of the ship and report that extent of the damage to the department. The commandant at the Boston navy yards has been telegraphed instructions to send a wrecking pump to the Massachusetts to pump out the water from the flooded compartments. In reply to Captain Emory's reported inquiries as to when he can sail with the Indiana, to join the fleet, the acting secretary has informed him by telegraph that he is to remain by the Massachusetts for the present.

Orders have been sent to the Brooklyn navy yard to get the dock there in readiness for the Massachusetts, which is to go there for repairs. Compartment A 43, which is one of the compartments flooded, is up almost on a level with the protective deck.

At the department it is realized that the damage to the Massachusetts may cost a large amount to repair.

One hundred thousand dollars was spent on the Massachusetts when she grounded in New York harbor in 1899. The pilot of the vessel was suspended for this accident.

SOLDIERS HAVE RETURNED.

Company L Returns to Fort McPherson in Command of Lieutenant White. After Visit to North Carolina.

Company L, comanded by Lieutenant White, of the Sixteenth United States infantry, now stationed at Fort McPherson, returned yesterday from Greensboro, N. C. The officers and fifty-five men of the company had the very best of treatment at the hands of the militia of the Old North State.

Company H, Captain George, leaves shortly for an encampment of North Carolina state troops at Asheville. This will make the tenth state encampment visited by companies of the Second and Third battalions of the Sixteenth now at the garrison.

Colonel Price says that with the beginning of the coming month the visiting companies of his command will have returned from the several state encampments. Owing to the absence of several companies there will be battalion rather than regimental dress parade this afternoon at Fort McPherson. The band will give a concert this evening from 7:30 to 8:30 o'clock, to which Colonel Price has extended a cordial welcome to the public.

RUSSIA'S MARCH IN CENTRAL ASIA

Subject Is Mentioned in House of Commons

Secretary of State for India Says That Russia Is Steadily Advancing and Great Britain Must Sooner or Later Face the Fact.

London, August 13.—Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state for India, in opening the annual statement of the Indian budget in the house of commons today, read an encouraging story of the progress and stability of India's finances. He pointed out that there had been substantial surpluses in the last three years, amounting this year to $15,250,000. This financial situation will enable the government to reduce the salt tax by 25 per cent and make considerable remissions in the income tax.

Lord Hamilton said the fears regarding a scarcity of food in India this year might be dismissed.

He considered the proposal that India should contribute to the cost of the troops to be kept in South Africa as reasonable. They had to face the fact that Russia was advancing in Central Asia and take into account the difficulty that would attend the transporting of troops from Great Britain to India in certain eventualities.

Not Jealous of Russia.

Russia had steadily consolidated her power and strength in Central Asia, but he believed with Lord Beaconsfield, that Asia was big enough to satisfy the aspirations of the two nations. Therefore, he was not jealous of the advance of Russia, but no responsible minister should ignore the undoubted fact that as Russia increased her strength, so she increased her power of mobilization. Every single military man had been compelled to admit that in certain eventualities large reinforcements must be sent to India, while every naval man expressed the opinion that in such eventualities there might be a combination or other difficulties in the way of guaranteeing the transport of troops from Great Britain to India. He regretted that the Indian government did not take the same view. He then commented on the success of the currency policy introduced four years ago. The fluctuation in the exchange value of the rupee during that period has been only 1 1-2 per cent and the fluctuation during the past year only one-quarter of one per cent. The Indian merchants had benefited enormously by the stability of the exchange.

Lord Spencer further called attention to the government's agreement with the Cunard Steamship Company, which was approved by the house of commons yesterday and moved for a return of the statistics relating to previous subsidies.

Lord Selbourne defended the agreement on naval and economic grounds. It kept, he said, at least some of the great transatlantic lines under British control and it had not merely a naval but a wider national aspect.

Lord Spencer's motion was afterwards accepted.

New Russian Vice Royalty.

St. Petersburg, August 13.—A new vice royalty, comprising the Amur district and the Kwan-Tung province (created August, 1899), has been established. Heretofore the Amur district has been controlled by a governor general.

An ukase signed by the czar and promulgated August 12, appoints Vice Admiral Alexieffe, an aid de camp general to the czar, as viceroy of this far eastern territory. He will be vested with supreme authority in all branches of the civil administration, the direction of which will not longer be in the hands of the ministries. It will be the viceroy's duty to maintain order and insure safety in the district traversed by the Eastern Chinese railway, as well as to watch over the needs of the Russian inhabitants both with and without the Russian possessions bordering on the territory in his jurisdiction.

London, August 13.—The establishment of a viceroyalty for the Amur district and Kwang-Tung province will not affect the evacuation of Manchuria in October. For some time Russia has been considering the advisability of placing the control of all her far eastern territory and Manchuria under one head, instead of three, as at present. As long as the Russian occupation of Manchuria shall last, Viceroy Alexieffe will be in charge and will command the troops in that region, but when the evacuation shall occur he will simply have control of the Port Arthur and Tallenwan zone.

WILL COME BACK TO ALABAMA.

Arrest of Fox, Who Killed Stuart on Excursion Train.

Salt Lake, Utah, August 13.—W. F. Fox, who is wanted in Alabama for killing a man of the name of Stuart on an excursion train near Camden, Wilcox county, Alabama, was arrested today and will be taken back to Alabama for trial. Fox, who has been in Salt Lake since January 13, working as a carpenter, says the murder was done in self-defense.

LAWYERS TALK OF EVIDENCE

Argument Begins Before Judge Wilkinson in the Collier Will Case.

Two speeches in the argument of the Collier will case were made before Ordinary John R. Wilkinson yesterday. There were more people in the court room at the time than any other day since the trial opened.

Judge T. P. Westmoreland opened the argument on behalf of the executors and Judge John L. Hopkins followed him, speaking for the caveators. The argument will be taken up at 9 o'clock this morning by Eugene Dodd, of the firm of Dodd, Newman & Dodd, for the caveators and later Hoke Smith will close the argument on behalf of the executors.

It will be some days before Judge Wilkinson's decision is rendered, as he intends making an extended examination of the evidence.

Judge Westmoreland spoke only a short time, not more than an hour. He called the attention of the court to the fact that all the witnesses had identified their signatures on the paper in question and argued that the will had been proved without regard to the testimony of the experts or indeed of the other evidence.

Judge Hopkins, who followed, spoke from shortly after 10 o'clock until the court adjourned at 1:30 o'clock with the exception of thirty minutes about noon, during which time the court took a recess.

He said that the witnesses had not identified their signatures, but had merely said that to the best of their knowledge and belief the names signed were in their own hands. He declared that such a statement, according to decisions of the supreme court, was of very slight weight as evidence.

SHORT ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

THE FUNERAL OF MRS. SARAH C. Barr will take place today at 3 o'clock at Trinity church. The interment will be at Westview. The pallbearers will be: I. S. Mitchell, W. G. Browne, O. F. Owen, H. E. Williamson, F. P. Smith and A. C. Briscoe.

WALTER BRIDEWELL, THE ONE-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Bridewell, who reside at 176 Randolph street, died yesterday evening at 7 o'clock. The body will be taken to Clarkston at 12 o'clock today.

FUNERAL SERVICES OVER THE body of Mrs. L. L. Wells will take place today at 4:30 o'clock at St. Paul church, on Hunter street, Rev. O. B. England officiating. The interment will be held at Oakland.

AT A LATE HOUR LAST NIGHT the remains of Addison Hook, who was killed by a railroad train in Rochester, N. Y., last Sunday, had not arrived, and owing to this unexpected delay no definite funeral arrangements have been made. The funeral will probably take place today and the remains will then be taken to Macon for interment.

CORONER J. R. STAMPS AND J. A. Walton presented the members of the police force with two wagon loads of watermelons yesterday morning. The melons were cut at the barracks by the three watches as they went on duty. The coroner remembers the police force each melon season.

THE CONDITION OF L. B. NELSON, of 304 Boulevard, remains unchanged. There has been no decided change for several days. He was very restless the earlier part of Wednesday night, but rested quieter toward the morning hours.

THE INTERMENT OF A. H. HAMbrick took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock at Enon church in the church burying grounds.

THE REPORT IS AGAIN CIRCULATed that Dr. Amos Fox will resign as a member of the police board. The doctor will not be interviewed on the matter. It is said he has recently told a friend that he would hand in his resignation in a few days. Dr. Fox is chairman of the police board and has been called the "flopper" because he claims to be neither with the Brotherton nor the English faction.

E. D. CRANE, A YOUTH 17 YEARS of age, was arrested yesterday morning on a warrant from White county, Georgia, charging him with cheating and swindling. He says his arrest grew out of a cow trade and that he has been guilty of no crime. He will be taken to White county for trial.

DR. THERON RICE WILL LECTURE tonight at the Presbyterian church on Washington street, under the auspices of the young Men's Prayer Association of the Central Presbyterian church, and all friends of the association are invited to attend. There will be no admission charge, and the lecture will begin promptly at 8 o'clock. The lecture will consist of a number of word pictures of scenes from London to Naples.

THE BOARD OF PARK COMMISsioners met yesterday afternoon at the city hall and considered several matters of a routine nature. A number of matters pertaining to the park were informally discussed. The session was brief.

THE CLAIMS COMMITTEE OF THE city council, of which Councilman Courtland S. Winn is chairman, held a session yesterday afternoon in the committee room at the city hall. Only routine matters were before the committee for consideration.

RAINY WEATHER FOR TODAY.

Forecast Shows That Conditions Are Generally Unsettled Throughout the South at Present.

The weather today is likely to be unsettled and rainy.

According to the weather map, rains were general in the southeast and throughout the entire cotton belt. The heaviest rainfalls reported were those at Monroe, La., of 2.70 inches; Kansas City, 2.22 inches, and 1.54 was registered at Thomasville, Ga.

The area of high pressure was shown to be central over the eastern lake region and moving in an easterly direction. Over the southern half of the map the pressure was flat and a little below normal.

There was nothing in any way approaching the sensational in the reports from other stations, while the figures for Atlanta were too near the normal to be interesting.

SUIT FOR TAXES HAS COMMENCED

Atlanta Wants More Equitable Distribution of Railroad Taxes.

Mandamus Nisi Is Issued Against Comptroller General To Show Cause Why He Should Not Give Atlanta More Money.

A mandamus nisi was yesterday issued against Comptroller General W. A. Wright, requiring him to show cause in the Fulton superior court why he should not assess certain railroad taxes in the manner asked by the city of Atlanta.

In the petitnon presented to Judge L. S. Roan, in the absence of Judge Lumpkin from the city, it is alleged that the comptroller general does not require the various railroads running into Atlanta to specify in their tax returns what part of their property is situated in the city of Atlanta. It is alleged that he should do this and assess such Atlanta property separately.

The petition states, however, that the comptroller general has fixed a valuation of $12,000 a mile on the railroad property concerned without regard to whether it is in Atlanta or not, and as the city in the collection of its taxes must abide by the assessments of the comptroller general, it is alleged a great loss is sustained by the city.

The petition was presented by City Attorney James L. Mayson and Assistant City Attorney W. P. Hill. Judge Roan after reading it issued the mandamus nisi, and set the hearing of the case before Judge Lumpkin for 10 o'clock in the morning of September 5.

Five owners of property along the line of the Central of Georgia railroad, between Atlanta and East Point, yesterday filed a suit for injunction against that railroad, asking that it be restrained from destroying the present grade of and building tracks on the wagon road on the east side of the tracks. The plaintiffs are Mrs. P. E. McCool, Mrs. W. M. Knott, Mrs. Jessie M. Haralson, H. C. McCool and Mrs. W. M. Knott as executrix of the will of the late Mrs. M. M. McPherson.

The petition was presented to Judge Roan by Hoke Smith and H. C. Peeples. Judge Roan issued a restraining order, and set the case for a hearing on September 12.

Joseph Spielberger yesterday filed suit for $10,000 damages against Mrs. M. Friedman, alleging that she has slandered him. He declares that she called him "a d—d thief," also a "beggar" and said that he "did not have a nickel for car fare." This suit was filed by Lumpkin & Boykin.

T. F. Walker yesterday filed a petition against the Atlanta Agricultural works, asking that a contract for issuance of certain stock in that company be specifically performed, which he says has been refused so far. This stock he claims was due him when the company reorganized on November 25, 1902, and is of a par value of $2,300. He also asks for a receiver. The petition was presented to Judge Roan by Attorney J. D. Kilpatrick and the case was set for a hearing.

A petition for habeas corpus was yesterday filed with Judge L. S. Roan by J. T. Mitchell, who is under arrest at Clarkston, Ga. Mitchell alleges that he was arrested, tried and fined under an ordinance which was nullified by the change of charters for Clarkston in 1898. He is represented by Alonzo Field.

Charles H. Ainslie, through his attorneys, Arnold & Arnold, filed suit in the city court yesterday to recover $20,000 damages against the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company and the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, lessees of the Georgia railroad. The plaintiff alleges that on March 18 he was caught between two cars and was so mashed that his left arm had to be cut off at the elbow.

In the city court yesterday Mrs. Rena Agnes Braswell filed suit against the Georgia railroad to recover $10,000 damages. Mrs. Braswell was a passenger on the Georgia railroad train which was wrecked in a collision with a freight train at Inman Park on the 21st of July last. The petition alleges that Mrs. Braswell sustained serious injuries. Suit was also filed for injuries growing out of the same collision to recover $5,000 for Fannie Willard Braswell, who was injured at the same time, and also to recover $5,000 for W. H. Braswell for the alleged injuries to his wife, Mrs. Rena Agnes Braswell. Arnold & Arnold are attorneys in all three cases.

R. C. O'Neal, through his attorneys, Arnold & Arnold, filed suit in the superior court against the Georgia Iron and Coal Company to recover $15,000 for personal injuries. The petition alleges that on March 20, 1902, O'Neal was in the company's employment in Bartow county as a painter and that an engine backed into the cars upon which he was at work, injuring him.

John T. Sample filed suit in the city court yesterday against the Georgia Railway and Electric Company for $10,000 damages. He alleges that on March 20 last while driving a buggy in West End one of the company's cars ran into him from behind and destroyed his buggy and seriously injured him.

In the superior court at Decatur yesterday Edmund J. Newmeyer, through his attorney, L. B. Norton, filed suit against the Georgia railroad to recover $5,000 damages. The petition sets forth that on August 8 last Newmeyer was a passenger upon the company's accommodation train bound for Lithonia. He alleges that the conductor allowed two drunken men to board the train with open knives and that without any provocation they made an assault upon the plaintiff. Arnold & Arnold are his attorneys.

Mrs. Sara Bishop yesterday filed suit for $1,000 damages against the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company for injuries alleged to have occurred while boarding a train at West Petersburg, Fla. The suit was filed by R. O. Lovett.

Alleging that he was thrown to the ground and injured by the sudden starting of a street car in which he was in the act of leaving at Yonge street and Edgewood avenue on June 28 last, J. L. Leftwich yesterday filed suit for $1,000 against the Georgia Railway and Electric Company. F. M. O'Bryan is his attorney.

Deputy Clerk of the Superior Court Alex Dittler, who has been in New York on a two weeks' vacation, returned yesterday to his duties at the head of the property recording department of the clerk's office.

A petition to change the name of Hagan Bros.' company to the Hagan & Dodd company was yesterday filed in the office of Arnold Broyles, clerk of the superior court. The petition was filed by James E. Warren, attorney.

The following real estate transfers were yesterday filed for record with Alex Dittler, deputy clerk of the superior court:

Warranty Deed—Francis D. Bloodworth to Mrs. Katie Ludwig, for $3,000, lot northwest corner Chestnut street and Georgia aveune.

Warranty Deed—Mrs. Marla T. Hunzman to R. C. Hudson, for $65, lot southeast side Charleson avenue, 162 feet southeast of Livermore street.

Quit Claim Deed—Mrs. Ida T. Honour to Miss Maggie E. McMarten, for 5, lot east side Whitehall street, 165 feet front.

Loan Deed—Charlotte Smith to Mrs. Lena C. Bates, for $400, lot north side Harris street, 158 feet west of Fort street.

Warranty Deed—W. H. McClain et al., to Harvey Baker et al., for $200, lot on Renfroe street.

Mortgage—J. D. Flemings to the Merchants and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Company, for $250, lot on Bryan street.

Warranty Deed—Mrs. Cora E. Hollis to W. F. Hilzell, for $2,200, lot east side Williams street, 42 feet east of Sampson street.

Warranty Deed—Southern Loan and Banking Company to M. A. Ross, for $360, lot north side Spencer street, 180 feet west of Chestnut street.

Warranty Deed—Charles A. Davis to Mrs. Laurie Davis Anderson, for love and affection and $1, lot north side Ponce de Leon avenue, 64 feet east of Jackson street.

Warranty Deed—J. G. St. Amand et al., executors, to Allen Robinson, for $107, lot southeast corner Roy and Wilson streets.

Loan Deed—W. E. Beckham to Mrs. Sadie Palmer, for $500, lot on Newton street.

Warranty Deed—M. B. Haralson to Mrs. Sadie Palmer, for $400, lot south side Lucile avenue, 256 feet east of Holderness street.

Mortgage—Ben Young to the Atlanta Savings bank, for 59 notes for $5 each and one note for $5.20, lot on Williams street.

Warranty Deed—Lawrence E. Grant to Frank Edmondson et al., for $450, lot south side Loomis street, 170 feet south of Glennwood street.

Warranty Deed—Jessie E. Haralson to Cora Blake, for $90, one-fourth acre in land lot 125, fourteenth district.

Warranty Deed—R. M. Gann to Savannah G. Konkle, for $250, lot west side High street, 350 feet north of Piedmont street.

7 HEATERS.

Standing room was at a premium at the Ponce de Leon Casino last night and if the audience could have been candidates for a prize for the best applause maker, the vast collection of representative people could not have been more thoroughly enthusiastic, and there was every reason for such a demonstration of delight.

The Musical Cuttys, James Richmond Glenroy and Borani and Nevarro, lived straight up to their reputations and made good with a strength that startled. The other four acts contributed much to the hit of the entertainment, and assisted in making good the declaration that the bill Mr. Wells sent in for this week was truely the best and finest thing in vaudeville Atlanta has ever had.

There will be a performance as usual tonight, and the two performances tomorrow, the matinee and evening show, will end the engagement of the star bill. Seats for these performances are being rapidly disposed of at the Bijou box office.

The first week of the popular performance at the Lyceum Summer Garden is drawing to a close.

Only two more nights of George Wilson in his inimitable black face monologue, and the really excellent vaudeville bill. These last opportunities to witness one of the most novel and entertaining bills ever presented in Atlanta will doubtless be embraced by hundreds.

"The Imposiiter," as interpreted by those genuine artists, John Hearney and May Duryea, is one of the best pieces of farcical acting on the stage today. The simple truth is that each feature of this strong bill, from Cormentella to the Scott brothers, is fell worth seeing.

The audience last night was large, as usual.

Jake Wells has scored a ten-strike in securing the services of the illustrious Boys' New York Symphony Orchestra to headline the bill of vaudeville that will be the attraction at the Ponce de Leon Casino next week, and though the orchestra has been in the habit of playing before audiences, furnishing the entire entertainment and all that, at a price of admission more than the Casino scale of prices, there will positively be no advance in the prices for this engagement.

The orchestra is under the management of John Palmer, and is directed by Signor A. F. Pinto. It is composed of fifty-two boys, all yet in their teens, who have had the schooling under the greatest masters of music. It has been featured in all the principal theaters of the eastern country, and has been everything at the fashionable Philadelphia resort, Willow Grove, for some time, and will appear under the Wells management for some weeks. It will commence here Monday night, and will then in turn appear at Richmond, Norfolk and Pleasure Bay, at which place it will be a joint feature with the Bijou Musical Comedy Company.

Seats will go on sale at the Bijou box office this morning. It is also to be understood that there will be other vaudeville features on this bill, acts that will be high class representatives of the best that vaudeville affords.



THE HOT ONE—I don't see how you keep so cool and comfortable this blistering weather.

THE COOL ONE—Simplest thing in the world. I keep cool and clean inside, and that makes me feel cool and clean outside. I take a CASCARET Candy Cathartic every night before going to bed. It cleans and purifies the system, stops hot fermentation in the stomach and bowels, and makes excessive perspiration impossible. You know they work while you sleep, make you feel fine all day. 556

WASHINGTON SEMINARY
North Ave. and Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.
Small classes; individual method of training; last session 224 students and 19 teachers, giving 1 teacher for every 11 girls. Primary, college-preparatory, academic courses. Music, art, elocution. Certificate admits to Vassar, Wellesley, Woman's College, Baltimore, Randolph-Macon, Cornell. 25th session begins Sept. 10. MRS. W. T. CHANDLER and L. D. SCOTT, Principals. 'Phone 2047, north.

Klindworth CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC . . .
A high grade school for Music (all branches), Art, Elocution, literary studies, etc. Diplomas given. Home Boarding Department. Fall term begins Sept. 9. Fourth Year Book sent on application, address
KURT MUELLER, Atlanta, Ga.
P. O. Box 228. Bell 'Phone 1739.
Everett pianos used.

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Business College Ga.
The Complete Business Course, Total Cost, $30.00.
"Actual Business from start to finish." Most thorough Shorthand Dep't in America. 4000 graduates. Cat free.

SUMMER CLASSES IN CHINA PAINTING
At Reduced Prices, 20th Year, Especial Attention to Ladies desirous of learning to teach. Colors Brushes and Firing, included in price of lesson especial hours for out of town pupils; write for information WILLIAM LYCETT, 881-2 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTHERN SHORTHAND and
Business University
ATLANTA, GA.
The Leading Business School of the South. Enter now. Catalogue free. Address A. C. Briscoe, Pres., or L. W. Arnold, Vice-Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

Locust Dale Academy
Locust Dale, Virginia. Prepares for West Point, Annapolis and the Universities. Military and physical training. Location noted for healthfulness and highly moral influences. Address W. W. BRIGGS, Principal.

AGNES SCOTT INSTITUTE
For Young Ladies.
DECATUR, GA.
(6 Miles from Atlanta.)
Beautiful grounds, Modern buildings and equipment. Unsurpassed health record. Graduate, College Preparatory and Special Courses. Certification to eastern Colleges. Enrollment last season 276 from 15 states. For catalogue address,
F. H. GAINES, D.D., Box E, President.

University School for Boys
STONE MOUNTAIN, GA.
A Home School, limited to fifty students, six instructors, a thoroughly equipped gymnasium and physical director. Write for catalague.
W. B. GRIFFIN, Principal.

Virginia Female Institute,
Staunton, Va. College Preparatory School for Girls. Academic, Primary and Intermediate Courses. Music, Art and Elocution. The 60th year begins Sept. 17, 1903. For catalogue apply to Miss Maria Pendleton Duval, Principal, Successor to Mrs. J. E. B. Stuart.

The Atlanta Select School for Boys
(LIMITED)
Prof. J. A. Richardson, A. M., Principal, is no stranger to the people of Atlanta. Thorough work in the quickest time is guaranteed. Boys prepared for the "Tech" and University. For the benefit of boys wishing to hold their "jobs," there will also be an afternoon session at proportional rates. Write Prof. Richardson, 133 S. Pryor.

ANTI-CIGARETTE.
Don't allow your vitality to go up in smoke, and go on suffering from nerve troubles that make the strongest man weak test Anti-Cigarette under our absolute guarantee—see how quickly Anti-Cigarette kills the desire for tobacco habit in every form. Steadies the nerves gives new lease on life. $1.00 box; 3 boxes, $2.50, prepaid to any address. Send for free sample. Sold by druggists. EMPIRE REMEDY CO., Atlanta, Ga.

WABASH
GRAND ARMY REPUBLIC WILL FOLLOW THE FLAG
to their NATIONAL CONVENTION, SAN FRANCISCO, in August. Will you join the procession? A glorious trip for little money.
Special through service via WABASH. Ask your ticket agent, or write the undersigned about the trip, and for reservation in standard or tourist sleeper.
F. W. GREENE,
D. P. A. Wabash R. R.
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GORHAM-SILVER POLISH
Does not cake or fill up interstices
Cleans as well as polishes
All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

112th SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co.

OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The new 5 per cent Gold Bond of the Penn Mutual is the best investment policy written.

The regular 20 Payment Life Annual Dividend Policy of the Penn Mutual is a recognized standard of excellence, combining, in the best possible form, investment with protection.

The new 5 Year Convertible Term Annual Dividend Policy of the Penn Mutual, furnishes PROTECTION at actual cost, and much lower than charged by fraternals, as shown by the following rates:

$10,000.00 at age 25, $114.50,
$10,000.00 at age 35, $141.50,
$10,000.00 at age 30, $126.00,
$10,000.00 at age 40, $161.50.

These premiums are further reduced by annual dividends averaging over 20 per cent. No other Company doing business in Georgia writes this contract.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION APPLY TO

BAGLEY & WILLET, General Agents,

220-227 Prudential Building, Atlanta, Ga.

J. E. McCULLOUGH, Manager South Carolina Department, American National Bank Building, Spartanburg, S. C.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending June 30, 1903, of the condition of

THE PENN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., of Philadelphia, Pa.,

Organized under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State.

Principal office 921-923-925 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

II. ASSETS.

1. Market Value of Real Estate owned by the Company	$3,014,499.74	
If encumbered, to what amount	nil	$ 3,014,499.74
2. Loans on Bonds and Mortgages (first liens) on Real Estate		21,894,400.14
3. Loans secured by pledge of Bonds, Stocks or other marketable collaterals		4,487,775.73
4. Loans made in cash to policy-holders on this Company's Policies assigned as collateral		4,586,547.00
5. Premium Notes, Loans or Liens on Policies in force		1,201,558.87
6. Bonds and stocks owned absolutely		20,717,270.40
Market value carried out		20,717,270.40
7. Cash in Company's Office		5,650.32
8. Cash deposited in Banks to credit of Company		339,705.45
10. Interest due or accrued and unpaid		468,720.14
11. Bills Receivable		305,454.58
12. Agent's Balance		1,560.12
13. Rents due or accrued and unpaid		13,217.56
14. Net amount of uncollected and deferred premiums (deduction 20 per cent for average loaning from gross amount)		1,276,814.92
15. All other Assets, both real and personal, not included hereinbefore		15,140.34
Total Assets		$58,328,315.31

III. LIABILITIES.

1. Net present value of all the outstanding Policies in force	$51,183,591.00	
Deduct net value of risks in this Company, re-insured in other solvent Companies	82,694.00	
Net Premium Reserve		$51,100,897.00
2. Death losses and matured endowments due and unpaid		Nil
3. Death losses and matured endowments in process of adjustment	317,386.77	
4. Death losses and other policy claims resisted by the company		Nil
Total Policy Claims		$ 317,386.77
8 Dividends declared, but not yet due		99,102.16
10. Amount of all other claims against the Company		54,296.74
12. Surplus over all Liabilities		6,756,632.64
Total Liabilities		$58,328,315.31

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1903.

1. Amount of Cash Premiums received	$5,707,043.75
2. Amount of Notes received for Premiums	88,282.45
3. Interest received	1,367,771.26
4. Amount of Income from all other sources	61,125.83
Total Income	$7,224,323.29

V. DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1903.

1. Losses paid	$1,430,978.04	
2. Matured Endowments paid	412,889.00	
Total	$1,843,867.04	
Total amount actually paid for Losses and Matured Endowments		$1,843,867.04
4. Annuitants		127,449.53
5. Surrender Policies		282,768.70
6. Dividends paid to Policy-holders or others		317,729.47
7. Expenses paid, including Commissions to Agents and Officers' Salaries		1,122,950.16
8. Taxes paid		142,056.48
Total Disbursements		$3,836,821.38

Greatest amount insured in any one risk, $100,000.
Total amount of Insurance outstanding, $293,122,940.

A copy of the act of incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON.

Personally appeared before the undersigned, Hugh M. Willet, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is a member of the firm of Bagley & Willet, general agents of the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true. HUGH M. WILLET.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 12h day of August, 1903.
W. C. DOBBINS, N. P., Fulton County, Ga.

MME. THERESE WILL EXPLAIN

Promises to Clear Murder Mystery in Humbert Trial.

Paris, August 13.—The Humbert trial was continued today. A number of provincial creditors of the Humbert family testified to loans of many millions of francs. Their statements showed their credulity regarding Mme. Therese's story of the Crawford inheritance. Among the witnesses was a banker named Schotsmans, whose brother was mysteriously assassinated during the time of the Humbert complications.

Mme. Therese dramatically demanded Schotsmans to exonerate her brother, Romain D'Aurignac, from the suspicion of complicity in his brother's death. The witness answered that his brother did not know the Humberts.

Mme. Therese thereupon made a declamatory statement, saying that the mass of falsehood would disappear in a few hours when her disclosures were made.

Mourned as Dead, Though Living.

New York, August 13.—John Conroy, who mysteriously disappeared last April from his home in Bloomfield, N. J., and who had been mourned as dead by his wife and two children, has been heard from in St. Louis, Mo., where he is employed on a railroad.

Georgians on Mount Washington.

Mount Washington, N. H., August 13.—(Special.)—Among the late arrivals at the summit are Miss Nellie M. Woods, Macon, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Thomas, Savannah, Ga.



The Summer Girl
OR
The Summer Man
will find in our store everything in the way of
Summer Sports
We have a repair shop especially for repairing Guns, etc., restringing Tennis Rackets and fixing Golf Clubs.
ANDERSON HARDWARE COMPANY
33-35 Peachtree St. 2-16 Edgewood Ave.

LEO'S MILLIONS ARE DISCOVERED

Valuables of the Late Pope Found in His Apartments.

Rome, August 13.—The pope is quite well today. He took a long drive and walk in the vatican gardens and then received the Austrian ambassador, who presented his credentials.

Monsignor Cagiano, the major domo, accompanied by Cardinals Rampolla and Mocenni, opened the apartment of Pope Leo this afternoon, breaking the seals put on at the time of the pontiff's death. They found a considerable amount of money, it is stated, several millions of francs, besides other valuables.

Cardinal Crestoni, prefect of the congregation of sacred rights, was not present, having left Rome on account of illness.

The pope was again photographed today in the gardens. He afterwards received Cardinal Satolli, who inquired regarding the appointment of a new secretary of state in succession to Cardinal Rampolla, and again suggested Vincenzo Vannuttelli as the best fitted for the position. Cardinal Satolli then proposed the appointment of Father Edward Fowler, secretary to the Rev. J. J. Harty, as a domestic prelate to the pontiff, which post carries with it the title of monsignor. The pope granted the request and a brief making the appointment was issued immediately.

Cardinal Gibbons will come to Rome Friday to assist at the consecration on Saturday of the Rev. J. J. Harty as archbishop of Manila, which is to be performed by Cardinal Satolli, in the Franciscan church of St. Anthony. On Sunday the pope will receive the new archbishop and Father Fowler in private audience. The former will receive the pallium from Cardinal Macchi on Monday and will leave Rome the same night.

The pope this afternoon received the ministers of Peru, Uruguay and Argentina, who presented their credentials and greetings from the governments on the occasion of his election.

Cardinals Rampolla and Mocenni, after a summary visit to Pope Leo's apartment, decided to begin tomorrow taking an inventory of all it contains.

WOMAN LEADER OF LYNCHERS.

Indicted by the Grand Jury at Danville, Ills.

Danville, Ills., August 13.—The grand jury investigating the recent lynching has reported true bills against eighteen men and one woman.

There are three counts against each: Defacing public property, attempting to enter a building with intent to murder the sheriff and three prisoners, riot and unlawful assemblage. All are under arrest and will be arraigned Saturday morning. It is said that the woman led the lynchers.

Second Alabama Breaks Camp.

Montgomery, Ala., August 13.—(Special.)—The Second regiment, Alabama National Guard, broke camp yesterday after having been in camp for seven days. Colonel E. L. Graves was in command of this regiment and he has received many congratulations from the people here for the manly way the soldiers have conducted themselves while in camp.

The Selma company, with Senator B. H. Craig as captain, has received more praise than any company on the field, yet, this company is only about three or four months old.

TRUSTEE TERMS MAY BE REDUCED

Plan on Foot To Make Sweeping Changes Affecting Hospital Board.

The announcement is made at the city hall that a movement is on foot to make sweeping changes in the laws governing the formation of the board of trustees of the Grady hospital and it is understood that definite steps in this direction may be taken at an early date by the city council.

The talked of changes consist of the reduction of the terms of trustees from nine to three years and the election of one trustee from each ward, instead of indiscriminately from any section of the city, as is now the practice. These changes are being discussed by councilmen and those behind the movement are strongly urging their adoption.

PURNELL FILES HIS OPINION.

Refuses To Grant Injunction Asked Against Railroads.

Raleigh, N. C., August 13.—(Special.)—Judge Purnell, in the United States circuit court here, has filed an opinion in the case of the interstate commerce commission against the associated railways, covering lines from Chicago and St. Louis to Richmond and Norfolk and from the same points to Wilmington, N. C., this being known as the Wilmington Tariff Association freight rate case, the latter association claiming that there was gross discrimination against Wilmington in favor of Richmond and Norfolk. The case was heard at Wilmington by the interstate commerce commission, the latter asking for an injunction and mandatory writs against the fourteen railways composing the association. Judge Purnell refuses to grant the injunction and the writs, holding that while the through rates from Wilmington to Chicago and St. Louis are much higher than those from Richmond and Norfolk, they are not unduly prejudicial to Wilmington, the difference being justified because Richmond and Norfolk are in what is known as the trunk line territory, and the sharp competition for freight by rail and water at Norfolk, which does not exist at Wilmington, the latter place being served by branch railways leading from lines north and south and which has no western connection or terminal.

Plot To Murder General Alejandro.

Paris, August 13.—Dispatches from Santo Domingo say that a plot to murder General Alejandro Wosy Gill, the president, has been discovered and that there have been many arrests. President Wos y Gill overthrew the former president, General Horatio Vazquez, at the time of the revolution last spring, and proclaimed himself president, being subsequently elected. His election was proclaimed by congress July 22.

SHREDDED WHOLE WHEAT BISCUIT
Gives greater surface for digestive action than any other food.

HOW TO DESTROY CATERPILLARS

The Cotton-Eating Worms Appear in Large Numbers.

In an Interview Clerk Adams, of Alabama Agricultural Department, Instructs Planters How To Use Paris Green in the Cotton Fields.

Montgomery, Ala., August 13.—(Special.) The caterpillar has appeared in large numbers in this county and in southeast Alabama.

"Not in ten years has so much Paris green been sold to farmers in this section as within the past few days," said a leading cotton mill man to The Constitution correspondent today.

Since the caterpillar has appeared the office of the agricultural commissioner in this city has been flooded with letters and telegrams asking for information as to the proper way to use Paris green and other poisons and destroy the worm.

This morning Chief Clerk Jesse Adams authorized the following interview on the subject:

"I regard Paris green as the best and most effective poison. But it should be used cautiously and properly, so as not to damage the growth of the crop. The farmer having caterpillars should buy him a cloth or material through which the poison will penetrate; make it into sacks, put the poison into the sacks dry (not wet, as many of them try to use it), put a boy on a mule and lead the mule down between the rows, while the boy holds a pole in his hands just the width of the rows of cotton, with a sack on each end of the pole filled with the poison, which he should shake as the mule is led down the row.

"The poison falls out on the top of the leaves where the worm first appears, and the result is the worm gets hold of the poison and is killed before it can raise a second crop. The first crop of worms are never dangerous, never do any damage, but it is after they appear and begin to hatch out young ones, when they become numerous, that they are destructive.

"I would suggest that every farmer go into his field and carefully examine for these worms, which when once they get fairly hold of a crop do incalculable damage, but if discovered in time and poisoned do little damage.

"A pound of Paris green cost about 25 cents and will spray an acre of cotton if properly applied. Every farmer should have a supply of poison on hand and be ready to apply it, since when the worm puts in an appearance its progress is rapid and a delay of a single day may result in serious damage to the crop."

Girl Killed by Toad Stools.

St. Paul, Minn., August 13.—Miss Maude Espy, aged 26 years, daughter of Major and Mrs. John Espy, of St. Paul, died last night after eating toad stools which she had believed were mushrooms.

Charged with Arson.

Charlotte, N. C., August 13.—(Special.)—Lou Simpson, a negro woman, was today committed to jail by Squire John H. Newell, of Newell. The woman is charged with arson and was convicted on her own testimony. She admitted the charge of burning a barn several nights ago, on the premises of John Wallace, near Newell.

LAVA BELCHED BY VESUVIUS

Activity of the Famous Volcano Causes Reign of Terror.

Rome, August 13.—Vesuvius is again causing intense alarm in the surrounding region, eruptions of the volcano being very heavy today. This alarming activity, which followed the shocks of earthquake is augmenting. The detonations are very loud and almost continuous, while from a fresh opening at the base of the principal crater two streams of lava are issuing which within a few hours covered a wide tract of ground. One stream has covered the ground already arid from previous eruptions, but the other is going swiftly toward the village of Ottajano, the direction taken by the famous eruption of 1872.

The whole district around the volcano is shaken by frequent earth shocks and a perfect panic prevails, the population crowding the churches to pray or gathering in open spaces for safety. Experts, however, affirm that so far there is no reason for fear of a serious disaster.

HILL ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

Georgian Swallows Poison at Birmingham, Ala.

Birmingham, Ala., August 13.—(Special.) John H. Hill, a Georgian, was found about 8 o'clock last night in an unconscious condition at Second avenue and Twenty-fourth street, and on examination it was revealed that he had taken a large measure of poison. It was pumped out of him and he will recover.

The man before taking the poison wrote a note, which he left by his side. In this he wished his family would never hear of his deed. He stated that not drunkenness, but mental suffering had driven him to try to put a period to his existence.

According to the note his parents live in Georgia and he came here Saturday. He did not care what was done with his body. On regaining partial consciousness at the prison the would-be suicide expressed a longing to take his life. He declines to relate anything about himself.

Miles' Son Is Arrested.

New York, August 13.—For riding on the side paths without a license tag displayed upon his bicycle, Sheridan, son of Lieutenant General Nelson A. Miles, retired, has been arrested near East Hampton, L. I. Upon learning that he just arrived from Washington and was unfamiliar with the laws, the justice dismissed the case.

HEAD OF MAN IN NEWSPAPER

Grewsome Object Is Supposed To Be Relic of Guldensuppe.

New York, August 13.—A human head, supposed to be that of William Guldensuppe, who was murdered in 1898, was found today by some boys near the boundary line between Dutch Kills and Ravenswood, now in Long Island City.

The head was wrapped in an old German newspaper and it was found within three blocks of the store where Mrs. Naack bought the oil cloth, the identification of which led to the arrest of the woman and Martin Thorne. Other portions of the body were found in various places, but the head was never discovered.

Martin Thorne was executed at Sing Sing for the murder of Guldensuppe, and Mrs. Naack still has over nine of her fifteen years to serve in the Auburn prison.

HOWE, THE PHOTOGRAPHER,
Makes the best photographs. 117 North Pryor street.

DEFAULTER FLED TO VIRGINIA.

Smith, Who Robbed Bank of $29,000, Is Arrested.

Newark, N. J., August 13.—Edmund J. Smith, former discount clerk in the Merchants' National bank of this city, who is accused of having stolen $29,000 from the bank and who disappeared about two weeks ago, has been arrested in Williamson, Va., according to a dispatch received by the police officials here. Smith has been taken to Roanoke to await the action of the Newark authorities.

Moultrie's New Mayor.

Moultrie, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—The office of mayor of Moultrie has been filled by the city council, who at their meeting Tuesday night elected P. B. Allen to fill the unexpired term of the late B. P. Crenshaw. The selection of Mr. Allen has given very general satisfaction. He is a prominent wholesale groceryman and naval stores operator, and one of the most prominent business spirits of the town.

Columbia Beats Pulaski.

Huntsville, Ala., August 13.—(Special.)—In shutting out Pulaski, at Columbia today, Bridges pitched his fortieth inning, in which his opponents have secured but one score. In the eighth Columbia made seven unearned runs. Hits, Columbia 13, Pulaski 5. Batteries—Bridges and Merrill for Columbia; Bryde and Barner for Pulaski.

INDIANS TIRED OF UNCLE SAM

Movement Among Some of the Tribes To Emigrate to Mexico.

Washington, August 13.—The commissioner of Indian affairs today received a telegram from Indian School Superintendent Thackeray, located at the Shawnee Indian agency in Oklahoma, notifying him that a large number of Kickapoo Indians and some of the Shawnees of the Big Jim band, are preparing to remove to Mexico within the next few days and asking for instructions as to the course to be pursued.

He adds the suggestion that to hold them probably would require the assistance of troops and also volunteers the statement that the proposed change of base on the part of the Indians is instigated by designing white men.

Commissioner Jones expressed the opinion that nothing can be done to prevent the step, but said that if the Indians should carry their intention into effect they would not be permitted to take any of the property issued to them by the government. This Mr. Thackeray expresses the opinion they will not attempt to do.

It is supposed from his reference to scheming whites, that there is an effort on the part of the whites to induce the removal of the Indians with the hope of securing their lands in Oklahoma, but it is pointed out that under the law they would not be allowed to sell their real estate, even if they should leave the country. There are about 400 of the Kickapoos and Big Jim bands combined.

THIS NEGRO IS TO BE OUTLAWED

Will Harris, Who Is Causing Terror About Charlotte.

Charlotte, N. C., August 13.—(Special.)—Will Harris, the notorious negro criminal who has thrown the people of this county into terror by his sudden appearance in the township from the penitentiary, where he was sent for a term of thirty years, is to be outlawed. A proclamation to this effect will be issued as soon as the necessary affidavits can be prepared. A citizen is now engaged in getting up the affidavits, three in number. The proclamation will be issued by Justice of the Peace Hilton and one other magistrate, under a section of the code of North Carolina, which provides that desperate felons may be outlawed when such a course seems necessary to effect their capture. Squire Hilton has already drawn up the form oft he proclamation, which will be ready for the signatures of the magistrates after the affidavits have been filed with the court.



Mme. Robinnaire's Walnut Hair Dye

instantly dyes the hair to the natural color, or black, without possible chance of detection. This preparation is more than a hair coloring—unlike all other dyes because it is purely vegetable, and by its wonderful natural properties stops the hair falling, stimulates a healthy, luxuriant growth, nourishes the scalp, cures and prevents dandruff, maintains cleanliness and glossiness, and prevents grayness. Three to four applications a year will keep your hair to its natural color and keep your scalp in health. Small size 25c; four times the quantity, 75c—sent anywhere, prepaid. Order direct from us—or from your druggist; but remember the name—Robinnaire's. Send for free booklet.

JACOBS' PHARMACY COMPANY, 40 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

FEET THAT SWEAT Burn, Blister, cured at once. Removes odors of the feet, armpits, etc. At druggists 25 cents. 2 bottles, prepaid, 50 cents. EATON DRUG COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA. ROYAL FOOT WASH

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CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

ATLANTA, GA., August 14, 1903.

Join the Atlanta Five Hundred Thousand Club.

Wouldn't it be awful if a race riot were to break out in the navy?

It matters not what else Mamie DeCris may be—she is a woman.

Is Japan waiting until Russia builds those 35 miles of forts to strike?

The "first bales" are beginning to come in. Then is when cotton is cotton.

Now let "the Atlanta spirit" take a fresh grip on the crowbar of success.

To say Atlanta is a Rock Island town is volumes said for Atlanta's progressiveness.

With the coming of the great transcontinental railways Atlanta is the "Gate City" indeed.

A Crow chief has discarded the tomahawk for the automobile. The cunning old murderer!

The salmon trust is said to have canned over $1,500,000 worth of J. Pierp. Morgan's financial vapor.

Immediately Mr. Gorman landed, Mr. Bryan wrote the name of Mr. Bookwalter in his eligible book.

Anyhow, we can but admire Inventor Langley's subsequent easy confidence and airy sense of vindication.

The great query with Colonel Bryan is what on earth will make the Lone Fisherman, of Buzzard's Bay, talk back.

It seems the late Cassius M. Clay's last years of literary effort were spent in writing a large and varied collection of wills.

When half a million negroes are distributed over New England the lynching center will have shifted far to the east of Indiana.

An Atlantic outlet for western traffic via the southeast. The great south is no longer a Lazarus at the national prosperity feast.

And when the isthmian canal is dug where will you find in the whole country a more likely inland "Gate City" than Atlanta?

The belief is prevalent in sporting circles that Jammer Jeffries has reserved more wind for where it will count than has Jammer Corbett.

We see advertised the "Poet" 10-cent cigar. Here is a misnomer that adds insult to injury. The name might have one for a [illegible] brand.

Will the ice cream girl pause to be appalled at the scientific discovery that there are 7,000,000 germs in one cubic centimeter of ice cream?

Brutality against woman is no more condonable under the guise of official duty than when perpetrated in private vengeance by masculine depravity.

Speaking of the proper punishment for refractory female prisoners at the state convict farm, why not condemn 'em to voiceless silence for a period of days?

But for the life of us we can't understand how a warrior bold who can dash 90 miles at a stretch on relay horses without a blister can settle down in Boston.

Kerosene oil has risen again. The consumers might play even by going back to tallow candles were it not for the melancholy fact that the packing house combine has the tallow cornered.

The postoffice department has its congressional pull out for a four instead of a one-cent rate per pound on newspapers and periodical publications. Canada carries her second-class mail at half a cent a pound. If retrenchment is so necessary in the postoffice department, let it begin with the grafters.

Those petty officers on board the receiving ship in the Brooklyn navy yard who refuse to sit at table with a negro deserve to go without their dinner.—Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

Why not, in the interest of race peace in the navy, draw all of the white recruits for "mixed" crews from New England?

The colossal energy, enterprise and foresight of the great Rock Island-Frisco railroad systems have gone far to make a very large and the best part of the west. In the west their very names are synonymous with the best the term "boom" implies. The acquisition of the Seaboard by these hustling roads means the injection of a lot more ginger into the south and redoubled impetus to "the Atlanta spirit."

Governor Terrell and the Tax Rate.

The general assembly passed a constitutional amendment act which is to be submitted to the people in October, 1904, for ratification, and by which act the maximum tax rate is proposed to be fixed at 5 mills on the dollar, or $5 on the $1,000.

It is claimed that this fixed rate will be in the interest of economy of expenditures and more largely in leading to a closer return and assessment of properties. Either way the benefits to the state will be substantial and there can scarcely be a doubt that the people will ratify the proposed amendment. The American citizen can most always sometimes be depended upon to vote against any increase of his taxes.

The arguments that prevailed for the passage of the bill are highly creditable to the state. They were founded upon the fact that our property valuations, in spite of all sorts of tax dodging, are increasing faster than the state's expenditures and therefore a dead line for tax increments can be safely set at the limit named above. And this, also, is to be calculated in the light of the generally accepted fact that properties are on the average returned in Georgia at not above 60 percentum of their actual values.

But the best thing in this connection is the fact that Governor Terrell and his colleagues in fixing the tax rate for the ensuing year, as they must soon do, will be able to anticipate the effects of the act above referred to and will probably be able to reduce the rate from 5.40 to 5.00, and perhaps to 4.90, or less than the maximum fixed in the act. This fact would both justify the passage of the act and afford an invincible reason to the people for giving it their approval at the polls.

A saving of more than 10 per centum on the total taxation of the state in a single year is a gift of good government not to be despised. There are tax-ridden people in the land who would look upon such a shaving off from their tax bills as a veritable God-send. Governor Terrell will have emphasized the prudence and economy of his administration in a most handsome and substantial way by making this forecasted reduction.

There are but few people in Georgia who do not know that Governor Terrell acts from the purest and most faithful motives of public duty. His course has been straightforward and clean cut. His ideas of justice and moderation have confirmed him in public confidence as a wise and safe executive. No mortal man in his position can be expected to please every whim of the private citizen. But mortal man can do no better than to follow light and truth as God gives him to see them and no just man can deny that Governor Terrell does that. Behind every act of his is always a reason and motive that will bear any scrutiny and convince any unprejudiced judgment that what he does is done for the good of the state and in accordance with his high sense of duty.

Grace for the General Assembly.

While the general assembly was in session the city and the woods were full of critics, sometimes sitting six on a limb, cheerfully cracking away at it for all sorts of alleged "treasons, stratagems and spoils." Equally with the right to "cuss the court" is the right to jump on the hard-working, sweating plow-pullers who are trying to fructify the fields of legislation.

The work of the legislator is difficult and thankless enough at the best, but it is doubly onerous when it must be done in an atmosphere of accusations and suspicions. Nevertheless the present general assembly closed this summer's session with a record that is second to none in beneficial acts since the ousting of the piebald assemblies of the reconstruction era. That the people of Georgia will approve the conduct and deeds of their present representatives does not now admit of serious doubt.

The Constitution has felt sure all the time that when a careful and sincere review of the legislative work came to be made there would be praise substituted for premature censure at many points. It gives us pleasure to note that the press of the state is meeting this expectation and saying now complimentary and correct things about the industry, faithfulness and value of the labors of the legislature.

A notable instance is that of our evening contemporary, The Journal, which yesterday very ingenuously and handsomely remarked:

Despite its known shortcomings, the session of the legislature that adjourned yesterday accomplished considerable good and passed some much needed laws.

If the general assembly had done no more than to pass the convict labor bill as amended, and make an appropriation of $30,000 for a Georgia exhibit at St. Louis, it would be entitled to the thanks of the people.

It is something of a fad to find fault with the legislature and to make fun of that august body. There is no harm in a little humor as occasion permits, and The Journal does not hesitate to indulge in it. Nor do we refrain from blaming either or both branches when, in our judgment, their action has not been for the best interest of the state. Just at present, however, we feel that it is only right that the action of the legislature in regard to these important matters should be commended.

Our other evening contemporary, The News, is not behind in also paying deserved tribute to the general assembly. It says:

Of the legislatures and legislatures we have had, there has been none to compete with the distinguished body which just dispersed. We have had legislatures that did more than the late deceased. And we have had legislatures that did less. We have never, however, had one that did and that didn't in the inimitable and always entertaining style of this one; nor one that vexed so greatly and charmed so unspeakably. They gave us the uniformity text-book bill, the vagrancy law, a new and fairly acceptable convict law, a tax rate limit of 5 mills, a law providing for a board of health, and besides these, many matters of minor importance. And the same they did without turning back the hands of the clock, and holding an all night wake in the august halls.

These are generous and wholesome views and we cheerfully give them place here to point the moral that as Satan is said to be "not so black as painted," it is also well in most cases to reserve judgments until the evidence is all in and passion is not riding amuck.

The Seaboard Combination.

The general theme of conversation in Atlanta business circles yesterday was the practical consolidation of the Seaboard Air Line railways with those of the Rock Island-Frisco system. The Constitution's news columns threw such light on the transaction as to make it easily understandable by the citizens of Atlanta and those to be inevitably and profitably affected by the deal's consequences to Atlanta were rejoiced over the event.

Elsewhere we present a map of the scope of the new combination which will still further inform our readers of the magnitude of the system and Atlanta's physical relation to it. This city cannot escape becoming one of its most important centers—a bulk-breaking depot for the gathering in and distribution of freights.

Chicago has an official goddess on whose breast is always worn the legend "I will." It is unique and expressive. Atlanta might well conceive a sister to the Windy City's girl and adorn her with an ephod on which shall be engraved "I grow!"

The splendid system of roads of which we speak makes Atlanta neighbor and rival with every growing city of the west, southwest and southeast and none of them will feel a quicker and stronger growth by reason of that combination than this Gate City of the South. Our people have every good reason to congratulate themselves upon the deal that magnifies Atlanta's commercial importance.

Dog Days in Wall Street.

The speculators' panic in Wall street continues and it seems inevitable that those who have ventured too far into financial waters on bladders must promptly "hike" for the shores or go down in the drag of the undertow.

This condition in the stock market has been predicted for more than a year. It was easily predictable, for the same operations have occurred and resulted in the like fashion with periodical regularity. The gambling spirit accompanies human adventures everywhere. In England it follows the turf and bridge whist. In France it is the roulette wheel and baccarat. In Spain the game goes on with the bull fight; in Mexico with monte—and so to the end of the chapter.

In America we gamble on business propositions principally. Wall street is our Monte Carlo. There the dollar shares of the fake mine and the thousand-dollar shares of the steel trust are the "bones" and men play with them in fluctuations of fortune and poverty, of man-eating and suicide.

In the present case the country is not being hurt. It is the high-rollers, the professional speculators, who are seeing their kites torn to atoms by the financial furies. It will soon be over and then it will be found that business in the real sense has not been damaged in the debacle.

The Grady Hospital Service.

A few days ago we had occasion to remark upon the necessity for a proper governance of the Grady hospital by the council and trustees. We spoke for the high esteem the people at large bestow upon that institution and rightly asserted that our citizens would discourage anything calculated to impair its popularity and efficiencies.

The case of Mr. James McWhirter, whose complaint of inattention by the hospital authorities is now before the people and is generally approved by those who have actual knowledge of the truth of his charges, requires prompt action by the city authorities responsible for the regulation of the hospital.

The view point from which this and all other cases of patients going to the hospital must be treated is plain. Every such person, whether millionaire or pauper, white or black, man or woman—absolutely regardless of conditions of estate—becomes at once the ward of the city. Whether able to pay for services rendered by the hospital corps, or not, is not a factor in the situation. The reason persons ill or injured go to that hospital is because they have confidence that there they can find quick, skilful and helpful treatment. To keep a well-known citizen, escorted by two other reputable citizens, and whose arm has been shattered in a trolley car accident, waiting unreasonably for the arrival of a corporation doctor and compelled to go elsewhere for relief, because the corporation doctor does not come, is to negative every popular purpose of the hospital and invite severe criticism and resentment from the public.

It is not probable that citizens such as Mr. McWhirter would go to the Grady hospital except from the feeling of need for prompt and skilful attendance where all the facilities and appliances needed were in instant reach. And that is just why the Grady hospital is sustained by the city. When a citizen wishes to be attended by a corporation doctor he can easily go to the corporation headquarters, or go home and send there for the doctor.

We do not enter here into any criticism of the authorities at the hospital. We protest that the system there, as revealed by this case, if it is a typical one, is all wrong and needs instant reformation. It should be of no concern whatever to the hospital whether the applying patient was hurt by a corporation machine or kicked by an estrayed mule. He should be served promptly and to the best of the hospital's facilities and let the other incidental questions be discussed and adjusted afterwards.

THE PASSING THRONG.

"One of the big surety companies with which I was connected for a number of years lost annually one-third of its premiums on risks purely involving the honesty of men," remarked Kennedy R. Owen, of Baltimore, assistant secretary of one of the leading surety and bonding companies, the other day.

"This does not mean, of course, that one-third of the men bonded proved to be defaulters. It means that enough of them, perhaps only a few heavily bonded men, were found wanting and cut the net returns of the company by a third in making good their losses.

"This business of taking risks on the honesty of men is growing to vast proportions, however, and the way it is transacted now no company ought to lose as much as a third of its premiums annually and it is an exceptionally bad year with us, I know, when this does happen.

"We investigate a man very thoroughly before we go on his bond, and afterwards we keep a close watch on him. I know of many instances when a man has been caught when he first began to be dishonest and sometimes, though rarely, we have been able to catch these things quickly, straighten a man out and make a good, honest fellow after that. This is not, however, when a man is down right dishonest, but when say he has 'borrowed' a little money from his trust fund, thinking he could pay it back and then not been able to replace it as he thought. That is an illustration.

"At first the bonding companies used to become sureties only for such persons as bank employees and the like, but now they do a general business, bonding executors, public officials, trustees and indeed all classes of men of whom bonds are required.

"There is a statute requiring a postmaster of certain classes of postoffices to give personal bonds. The way we get around that is by guaranteeing these sureties against the defalcations or other shortages of their principal. The idea in this statute is that the sureties will be present and on the scene ready to take charge of the business in case of the death or disappearance of the postmaster.

"The usual time for which a bond of a guarantee company holds good after the position of trust is given up by the person bonded is six months. We cannot carry these liabilities on our books indefinitely, so unless a shortage is discovered within six months after the man goes out of his job the company is relieved.

"It is growing more and more difficult, or I should say it requires a much closer investigation of character and standing than before, to secure a bond from one of the big guarantee companies. The rates are getting so low that concerns of this kind need to look sharp to the kind of men on whom they risk money."

The disturbances now going on in the Balkans were up for discussion in the group that gathered in the hotel corridor.

"This recalls the invasion of the Crimea," remarked an elderly gentleman in the group. "Russia in that war sought to dismember the Ottoman empire and England and France leagued themselves together to nip this plan in the bud and hold Turkey intact. A great and bloody war was the consequence.

"The czars have always looked with greedy eyes down to the gardens and palaces of Constantinople and the Greek church Christians in Turkish lands have at all times turned eagerly to Russia for any sign of an attempt to overthrow the Turk.

"The Crimean war had its origin in religious differences and this has always been the smoldering fire that has made the sultan 'the sick man' of Europe. The Greek church and the faith of the Moslem are the great opposing forces. Beyond and above these, however, is Russian political ambition and opposed to this the determination of western Europe not to let the czar gain control of Turkey.

"Those things brought on a war in 1854 and they may do it again before many months have passed. A Russian consul has lately been assassinated by a Turkish gendarme and the Balkan states are eager to cut asunder the thin bonds of Turkish rule. Russia and the insurgents in the Balkans may yet assail Turkey and then western Europe, jealous and watchful, will come to the sultan's rescue and Europe will be wet with Christian and with Moslem blood."

W. C. Bunn, of Cedartown, is in the city.

Judge W. M. Henry, of the Rome circuit, spent Wednesday in Atlanta.

Sanford H. Cohen, of Augusta, is registered at a local hotel.

Senator A. O. Bacon is in the city.

J. S. Crawford, stenographer of the city court of Rome, is in the city.

C. D. Wilburn, of Rome, was a visitor in the city Wednesday.

Caterpillars Appear.

Columbus, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Caterpillars have appeared in large numbers on some of the big river plantations near the city. One prominent planter was in the city today to purchase Paris green with which to kill the worms. The caterpillars have already begun to riddle cotton.

"JUST FROM GEORGIA."

The Golden Harvest.

I.

Away with all the sorrow—the grief that makes us sigh!
We'll reap a golden harvest, believers, by-and-by!
Bear well the noonday heat—
The bitter storms that beat;
There's rest for all the weary, and the resting time is sweet!

II.

Away with all the sorrow—the grief that glooms the years!
A star there is in heaven that glimmers through our tears!
The sorrows and the sighs
Make rain around the eyes,
But the morning breaks in splendor—the light is in the skies!

* * * * *

Some Georgia Philosophy.

De Lawd make us thankful fer all de weather we receive, fer ef we melt in summer, we sholy won't freeze next fall.

In dis worl' whar we livin' at we weep over de sorrow, but never shout hallelula w'en de good times come.

You can't ride ter heaven on a railroad, en even ef you could, ten ter one but you'd git ter de station two hours after de train had done pulled out.

* * * * *

His Weakness.

Love makes the path of Duty sweet,
And wintry meadows sunny;
And yet, he's not a saint complete:—
The little dear loves—money!

* * * * *

Still Lives.

"I don't think the editor read a line of my story."

"Neither do I. I notice that his magazine comes out as usual!"

* * * * *

The Business End.

A Billville poet sings as follows of the uncertain rewards of literature:

"Many a man on the road of life
Succeeds where another fails:
Johnny is writin' stories.
And Billy is splittin' rails.
Johnny is makin' a name and fame
(He says) While the years roll on;
But—Billy is makin' the money,
And Billy's supportin' John!

* * * * *

A good deal is said about "Wisdom in a nutshell," but Lord send us a barrel and be done with it!

* * * * *

The Greater Light.

Hide from de tempest—
De thunder dat roll;
Open de winders—
Let light on yo' soul!

* * * * *

Very few authors in this day and time live in clover. They have too much compassion for the cows.

* * * * *

The Lazy Scolar.

"Consider the lilies, how they grow"—
They say is a golden rule:
But—how can I consider the lilies
When I'll soon be off to school?

No time for considerin' nothin',
For, mad will the teacher seem
If I just consider a lily
All day, in a gwimmin' stream!

* * * * *

Flammarion, the astronomer, used to believe in ghosts, and they made him see stars.

* * * * *

A Wayside Note.

Flower and vine
Sweet pleasure bringing;
All weather's fine
When the soul is singing.

* * * * *

Freaks of lightning are noted every day in the summer seagon; but it seems impossible for the government to keep the moonshine distilleries quiet.

* * * * *

Setting Him Right.

"It is evident," said the judge, "that you shot this man with malice aforethought."

"No, I didn't, yer honor," replied the prisoner. "It wuz with plain buckshot!"

* * * * *

Note This.

Though o'er the skies the black storms sweep,
There'll be a rose in bloom
If but one little bird will keep
A-singing in the gloom!

* * * * *

"Ef de worl' comes ter a end next winter," said Brother Dickey, "what a great savin' it'll be ter some er dese sinners what won't be able ter buy coal!"

* * * * *

The Sunshine.

Bound to reap the sunshine
If you wait a while;
Sure to bring a bird to sing
And make a meadow smile!

F. L. S.

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA.

Barton, Fla., Cracker: Atlanta has a citizen named John Bookout. When John, Jr., made his appearance the local papers headed the item—"A new book out."

Piedmont, Ala., News: Atlanta papers are trying to stir up some lobbyism. You can always bet on Atlanta.

Mobile, Ala., Herald: Atlanta's police court has marked down the price of a plain drunk from $5.75 to $2.75. No trading stamps are given, however.

Cordele Daily News: Atlanta is the center of attraction for the entire south.

Oglethorpe Echo: Atlanta's new depot looks mighty pretty in a picture. But we will find it hard to shake a feeling that we are backing up to the town when we enter the Gate City through it.

Milledgeville News: If Atlanta will give us the capitol back she can keep her baseball club.

Quitman Free Press: That new Atlanta depot doesn't materialize very fast. Looks like it might have been a railroad bluff.

Sparks Enterprise: My, but what would an Atlanta reporter have given for an hour's stay in the conclave of the cardinals!

Darien Gazette: When the legislature adjourns the Atlanta papers will have more space to give Bobby Walthour.

Newspaper Members.

Louisville Times: The charge is made that representatives of the newspapers have voted on a number of measures before the special session of the Georgia legislature. The excellence of the work done by that body, with the exception of the defeat of the child labor law, is an indication that there may be some truth in the charge.

When Hanna Comes.

New York Evening Telegram: Who so versatile as your Uncle Mark Hanna, who can break into the Salvation Army and Newport society almost the same week.—Atlanta Constitution. Wait, wait. When the weather is a little cooler Senator Hanna is coming down your way. It is understood that in addition to pensioning the colored population he intends to invest largely in real estate in your city.

STATE GOSSIP CAUGHT IN CAPITOL CORRIDORS

The prison commission was unable to take up consideration of the testimony in the Mamie DeCris case until late yesterday afternoon. The official transcript of the testimony reached the commission during the morning, but as yesterday had been fixed for some pardon hearings, which brought attorneys from different parts of the state, it was impossible to undertake the consideration of the case before noon. Early in the afternoon the members of the commission were prevented by callers, many of them called to proffer advice, from getting down to the judicial consideration of the testimony, so it was not possible to reach a report last night.

The members of the commission are not insensible to outside interest and outside criticism, but they are not inclined to let either the one thing or the other divert them from giving the case that full and calm consideration which they consider it their duty as public officials to give. Nor will they consent to express their opinions or submit to interviews. To all inquirers they say that their report will be their only official utterance.

Governor Terrell, for the same reason, declines to be interviewed. He must pass upon the report of the commission and must do this in a judicial capacity. He repudiates all outside declarations as to what he has done or will do, saying the only statement he has authorized was that given through The Constitution on Monday morning.

The governor's mail was loaded down yesterday with letters, many of them from outside the state, giving him advice as to what he should do in this case. Some of the writers urge the pardon of Mamie DeCris and the discharge of everybody holding official position at the state farm, though most of them are aimed only at the discharge of Deputy Warden Allagood. At the same time, some of Mr. Allagood's neighbors in Telfair county have written strongly indorsing his character and expressing their conviction that there can be nothing in the DeCris story of his having made improper advances to her. In the batch are a number of anonymous letters; and these are, for the most part, the bitterest.

It is a rather interesting fact that a good many of the writers inveigh particularly against the lease system, holding this episode up as evidence that instead of leasing convicts, the state should take charge of them and place them at some central penitentiary. This feature of the voluntary correspondence is interesting, particularly because of the fact that the whipping so strongly condemned did not occur at any of the camps of lessees but, as everybody ought to understand by this time, at the state farm, which is in all essentials a central penitentiary, and is under the direct supervision of the employees of the commission.

Most of the criticisms from outside the state are based on the sensational reports appearing in northern newspapers which state that Miss DeCris lies at the point of death, and which contains lurid illustrations of her being beaten to insensibility while stripped naked.

The Perry Case.

Neither the governor nor the prison commission would consent to discuss the Chicago interview of Mrs. Walker concerning the Perry case, which appeared in yesterday's Constitution. They referred all inquirers to the records in the case, which contain the recommendations of the prison commission, upon which the governor commuted the sentence of Perry from death to imprisonment for life in the penitentiary. The recommendation of the commission is as follows:

"On the trial of this case there appeared to be no extenuating circumstances connected with the homicide, but the same appeared to have been committed wantonly and maliciously, without provocation. Since the trial, however, reputable witnesses have been found who made affidavit that a short while before the killing deceased had assaulted the defendant, knocking him down and kicking and cuffing him out of his shew tent, on account of some slight disturbance which defendant had created while intoxicated. The crime was evidently committed while defendant was smarting under the assault and indignities so heaped upon him; and while no less murder, yet to some extent is mitigated by this previous assault. This view of the case is taken by many hundred good citizens of Whitfield county, including a majority of the jury which tried him, who most strongly urge this clemency. While clemency in this case has heretofore been declined, yet under the present showing, the evidence of the previous assault having been greatly strengthened, it is now thought such clemency is demanded."

Senate Indorsed Committee.

The senate at its afternoon session on Wednesday adopted resolutions strongly indorsing the joint committee which investigated the charges of lobbying and giving hearty approval to the report of that committee. These resolutions were introduced by Senator Mathews, of the twenty-third district, and Senator Lee, of the forty-fourth. The action of the senate was unanimous. The resolutions read as follows:

"That the thanks of the entire state are due to the able committee which has so thoroughly investigated the rumors and sensational newspaper charges involving the integrity of the present assembly.

"That the committee has fully and fearlessly discharged its duty, and in calling upon all persons making charges or circulating rumors, for verification of these charges or for the sources of the rumors, has demonstrated its determination to get the truth; and its report fully demonstrates its full and fearless investigation.

"That the senate endorses the report as wise, able and fair.

"That in dispelling, by the clearest and most conclusive demonstration, the suspicions unjustly raised and injected into the minds of the people of the state as to the honesty of their representatives in their official work, it has rendered a public service of great value to the state."

State Licenses Issued.

State licenses have been issued to the following teachers by the state school commissioner, based on the examination held June 27, 1903: Frank L. Byrd, of Glascock county; Homer B. Adams, of Newton; Mrs. E. V. Spencer, of Newton; W. N. Henderson, of Newton; Miss Lelia F. Killian, of Dade; W. H. Clark, of Richmond; Miss Helena Jones, of Walker; W. M. Conley, of Walker; Charles A. Chambers, of Walker; W. C. Rash, of Walker; Miss Helen Terrill, of Stewart; Miss Willie Albritton, of Brooks; J. H. Breedlove, of Montgomery; M. V. Looney, of Hart; G. P. Hunt, of Polk; L. S. Barrett, of Crawford; H. H. Ezzard, of Paulding; A. C. Whitehead, of Cherokee; J. C. Upshaw, of Walton; C. C. King, of Walton; Miss Emma Broach, of Walton; J. W. Newsome, of Quitman; Miss Eddie Brannon, of Quitman; R. T. Clayton, of Carroll; Robert Benjamin Brewton, of Tattnall; Miss Lucy Nagle, of Fulton; Rufus L. Dodd, of Campbell; Miss Rose E. Wilson, of Calhoun, and E. M. Pafford, of Mitchell.

A Reward Offered.

The governor yesterday offered a reward of $100 each for the capture with proof to convict of the unknown person or persons who set fire to the residence of W. B. Carhart, in Chattahoochee county, on the 20th of July.

Governor Terrell signed a number of bills yesterday, the most important of them having been the uniformity text book bill, which is, therefore, now a law of the state.

NEW YORK SUN REVIEWS GEORGIA'S VAGRANCY LAW

A bill concerning "vagrancy," introduced into the Georgia legislature, represents a new method of treating the question of negro labor which is finding much favor in the south. By this bill it is made the duty of every county officer, the police and other like officials to give to any officer empowered to issue a criminal warrant information concerning all vagrants, or persons suspected of being vagrants, with a view to their trial.

The bill defines the vagrancy against which its provisions are directed, thus:

"Persons wandering or strolling about in idleness, who are able to work and have no property to support them.

"Persons leading an idle, immoral life, who have no property to support them, and who are able to work and do not work.

"All persons able to work, having no property to support them, and who have no visible or known means of a fair, honest and reputable livelihood. The terms 'visible and known means of a fair, honest and reputable livelihood,' as used in this section, shall be construed reasonably continuous employment at some lawful occupation for reasonable compensation or a fixed and regular income from property or other investment, the income from which is sufficient for the support and maintenance of such vagrant.

"Persons having a fixed abode, who have no visible property to support them, and who live by stealing or by trading or bartering stolen property.

"Professional gamblers living in idleness.

"All able-bodied persons who are found begging for a living or who quit their houses and leave their wives and children without means of subsistence.

"All persons able to work and who do not work, but hire out their minor children and live on their wages."

Anybody familiar with social conditions at the south, more especially as affecting the negroes, will understand the motive and intent of this bill.

Chronic or capricious idleness among the negroes is a very serious evil with which southern industry has to contend, for, besides loss of the needed labor, it involves a vagrant tendency to crime, to pilfering, for example, and to destructive immorality. Farmers, as The Augusta Chronicle says, seek in vain for laborers, though about street corners in towns, cheap rum shops and railway stations, negro loafers are congregated in large numbers. "They have too easy a time in town, living by their wits or on the charity of negro cooks and house servants," largely, we may add, obtained from the larders of the households in which these are employed; and no persuasion can induce them to go to work on the farms where they are needed.

John Blair McAfee, who is building the extension of the Seaboard Air Line from Birmingham to Atlanta, tells The Constitution that at present his own and other large enterprises in the south are suffering grievously because of the scarcity of labor on which they can rely, though, apparently, the labor supply is abundant. As a remedy for this very great evil, Mr. McAfee suggests "turning a part of the European immigration to the southern ports and fields." That in such a way some relief for railway enterprises might be obtained is conceded by the Atlanta paper, but it contends, with long southern experience to support its argument, that "so long as the negro is the labor element in the south and white races are compelled to compete with him it will be difficult to get the consent of the latter to enter into the struggle with the negro for the labor field in this section." That indisposition on the part of immigrants is the explanation of the trifling percentage of the foreign-born in the south. Even at this time, when the greatest immigration in American history is coming in, almost none of it tends to the south, though methodical efforts to increase the population of that now thinly peopled part of the union are made by interstate associations, with the earnest assistance of enterprising railroads. Heretofore when any of these immigrants have been induced to try the south as a field of labor they have been likely soon to withdraw.

It may therefore be assumed that for a long time to come the south will continue to be dependent on negro labor mainly, and undoubtedly the support of it is sufficient for its demands, if the negroes will work. Incidentally, too, under that situation the negroes will be sure of considerate treatment as laborers. If they will work and give up loafing they will be a peculiarly fortunate laboring class—very much better off than are the run of their race at the north. Usually, too, the south prefers negro labor when it can get it. Projects to promote negro immigration, on any considerable scale, to Africa or to the north, are looked on with great and natural disfavor at the south. It wants the negroes, but it wants them to work.

That is the reason for the Georgia "vagrancy bill." The negroes of the south, as The Atlanta Constitution contends, must "be made to understand that shiftlessness and unreliability in labor employments," no longer to be tolerated, will bring sure suffering to them; and it recognizes that Booker Washington is helping laudably to that end by inculcating "a reform of negro philosophy," or the philosophy of winning white respect by working to deserve it.

COMMISSION AND RAILROADS.

Several Lines Given Hearing on Increase of Assessment.

Raleigh, N. C., August 13.—(Special.)—The corporation commission has given a hearing to the Norfolk and Western and the Carolina and Northwestern railways on the question of the increase of assessment. The increase in the valuation of the Norfolk and Western railway is $1,000,000. It is not yet known whether the railways will go into the courts or not as to the new assessment, which covers both their tangible and their intangible properties. It was sought by some persons to force the corporation commission to make these assessments $92,000,000, but the commission decided that the law gave it discretion in this matter and has fixed a total at $70,000,000. Those who are clamoring for the higher valuation insisted that everything must be done on a 6 per cent basis, but the commission held that the law was not cast iron in regard to this matter.

RETURNS INCREASE BY OVER $22,000,000

Digests of All but Three Counties Are Received by the Comptroller.

TOTAL INCREASE IN VALUES MAY REACH $40,000,000

The Increase in the Returns Made by Fulton County Property Owners Is Greater Than the Increases in Any of the Other Counties.

Increase in returns from counties	$22,151,138
Increase in railroad property	2,500,000
Estimated increase from franchise tax law	15,000,000
Total increase for the year	$39,651,138

In the above statement of returns of taxable properties, as shown by the digests of the receivers of tax returns, official returns have been received from all but three counties of the state. These three are Telfair, Coffee and Dooly. The estimates placed upon these counties, all of which are expected to show increases, foot up $650,000. The total net increase for the other 134 counties is $21,501,138.

Of the 137 counties in Georgia, but 15 show a falling off as compared with last year. All of the others show gains ranging from $3,000 in Meriwether to the magnificent increase of $2,515,556 reported from Fulton county yesterday.

Fulton county leads all the rest. This splendid showing was a good deal of a surprise to Comptroller General Wright and Captain Harrison, because it had been rumored that Fulton would show a loss; so the return when it came was doubly welcome on that account.

Railroad Property and Franchises.

The increase of railroad property shown by the returns of the different companies is in round numbers $2,500,000.

Add to this the probable return for franchise taxation, the amount of which cannot be definitely determined until the arbitrations are completed, and the total increase for the year will run very close to $40,000,00. It may be even more.

It is regarded a conservative estimate to place this total for franchises of all kinds at $15,000,000. There is a possibility that it may run even higher, but until the arbitration boards selected to pass upon the big railroad systems have completed their work, there is nothing but guess work in it all. In the smaller arbitrations, the assessments of the comptroller general have either been accepted or not materially cut—save in one instance. It will remain, however, for reports from the arbitrators chosen to pass upon the big systems before it will be possible to estimate with any great degree of accuracy the return from this source.

In addition to the return from Fulton county, the comptroller general received yesterday, in digests and in telegrams from the officials in the counties, advices from the following counties:

Floyd, $720,000; Worth, $415,307; Bartow, $704,768; Clayton, $77,147; Lee, $55,872; Stewart, $144,680; Meriwether, $3,000; Laurens, $420,116; Baldwin, $189,474.

As stated above, the only counties out are Telfair, which is estimated at $150,000; Coffee, upon which Captain Harrison places an estimate of $300,000, and Dooly, estimated at $200,000. In almost every case heretofore the actual return has been greater than Captain Harrison's estimate, as it is possible that the official figures will increase the above total somewhat.

As it stands, however, the total increase as shown by the county digests is the greatest shown in any one year in the history of the state.

Fulton's Increase.

Fulton's splendid increase in the returns was announced yesterday when the tax digest was finally completed, after weeks of hard work on the part of many clerks.

In five militia districts in the country there were slight decreases in the returns, but in all the remainder of the county, both in the city of Atlanta and in the country, there was a decided growth.

This is true of both the white and colored tax payers, the latter showing a considerable increase in their returns.

For the year 1902 the returns from the negro population were in all $954,808, while for this year they amount to $1,037,565, this being a gain of $82,757, or over 8 per cent.

The gains in the returns of city whites amounted to $1,958.07, while for the country whites the gains were in all $474,721, showing that prosperity has smiled on farmer and merchant alike. The following table shows the gains generally:

Class.	1902.	1903.	Gain.
City whites	$47,143,611	$49,101,689	$1,958,078
Country whites	4,938,160	5,410,881	474,721
Total whites	52,079,771	54,512,570	2,432,799
City and country colored	954,808	1,037,565	82,757
Grand total gain			$2,515,556

Below is given a table which shows the gains or losses, respectively, of the country districts of the county:

District—	1902.	1903.	
Adamsville	$ 61,760	$ 80,070	gain $ 18,310
Battle Hill	128,645	104,410	loss 24,235
Blackhall	497,892	520,530	gain 22,638
Bryants	93,710	104,408	gain 10,698
Buckhead	209,960	235,285	gain 25,325
Collins	237,006	245,558	gain 8,552
Cook	871,757	792,525	loss 79,122
East Point	675,905	762,065	gain 86,790
Edgewood	185,850	213,920	gain 28,070
Hapeville	96,736	83,120	loss 13,616
Oak Grove	88,410	84,635	loss 3,775
Peachtree	1,512,025	1,941,325	gain 409,290
South Bend	257,085	242,900	loss 14,195

Two Arbitrations.

The arbitrators chosen to pass upon the franchise assessment of the Augusta Railway and Electric Company announced their decision to the comptroller general yesterday. In this arbitration, Railroad Commissioner Atkinson represented the state, Colonel T. K. Scott the company, while F. E. Callaway was the umpire selected by these gentlemen. The company returned its franchise at $1,000 The comptroller general assessed it at $704,000. The decisions of the arbitrators fixes it at $208,285,25. Hon. Boykin Wright, former attorney geenral, acted as attorney in presenting the case of the company.

The president of the Georgia, Florida and Alabama, in conference with the comptroller general some time ago, stated that while he had made a nominal return of the franchise of his company, he had no idea what it should be assessed but would leave it to General Wright to make this assessment, based on the final determination in the case of railroad properties similarly situated. The comptroller general has accordingly fixed the franchise of this company at $84,000.

New Art In Silver.

The present tendency of decorative art is to interpret the spirit of the age, rather than a slavish adherence to the ideals of the old masters. L'Art Nouveau furnishes many beautiful designs in

Loving Cups, Pitchers, Compotiers, Bowls, etc.

MAIER & BERKELE.

SECOND PRIMARY VERY WARM ONE

Vardaman and Critz Have Headquarters at Jackson.

Jackson, Miss., August 13.—(Special.)—Jackson will be the storm center of the campaign which is to be waged for the next two weeks over Mississippi. The campaign of both of the candidates for governor will be practically conducted from this point. The Vardaman campaign committee headquarters have been established here, and the Critz followers have opened up headquarters in Jackson. Both organizations are now down at work, hard, energetic, earnest work.

Jackson being the capital, is naturally the political center of the state, and this makes it a most desirable place to have the headquarters, but it is more especially desirable as headquarters because of the fact that it is centrally located, and every point in Mississippi is easily accessible from here.

The supporters of both Mr. Critz and Mr. Vardaman are now at work with their coats off and their sleeves rolled up. The hardest work is going to be done in the counties that were strong for Noel, for it is this vote that each side recognizes that they must capture.

Neither side is working in the dark in this election, and in this respect is unlike any other election ever held. The two candidates know exactly where their strength lies, and where they are weakest, and the weak places they are going to mend. Vardaman's strength numbers 39,471, Critz 35,413, and Noel 24,231. So it is seen from this that there is very little difference between the two candidates' strength, and that Mr. Noel's popular vote of 24,000 must be split between the two.

The Critz men claim, and with some show of reason, that their candidate will get at least three-fourths of Noel's strength, giving as their reason for this that the men who voted for Noel voted for him on his platform and not on personal grounds, and that Mr. Critz's platform is nearer that of Mr. Noel's than Vardaman's, which is in every measure directly opposed to it. There is practically no difference whatever between the platform of Noel and Critz.

On the other hand, the Vardaman men claim that he will get the bulk of Mr. Noel's support, and sight many instances of men who were for Mr. Noel coming over to Vardaman.

It is undoubtedly the warmest campaign that the state has witnessed for many years, and will get warmer as the 27th of this month draws near.

BRATTON-WATSON.

Rome, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—The wedding of Mrs. Laura Seay Watson and Dr. Clarence Stewart Bratton was solemnized at the beautiful country home of Hon. and Mrs. John J. Seay yesterday evening. The ceremony was performed on the open lawn, in front of the spacious home, under a spreading oak tree, and was extremely pretty and picturesque. Two little nephews, Myron and Seay Sandifer, bore ribbons, while little Miss Madge Harrison bore the wedding ring on a waiter of solid silver. The beautiful bride, leaning on the arm of her father, was met at the altar by the groom and his best man, Mr. W. C. McCants, and the ceremony was most impressively performed by Rev. C. B. Hudgins. The bride never looked handsomer and a happier party never gathered at Illahee, Captain Seay's lovely country home. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Bratton left for Lookout mountain, from whence they will soon go to Texas, their future home.

HEAVY MORTGAGE IS FILED

To Secure Equipment for Seaboard Air Line Railway.

Montgomery, Ala., August 13.—A $1,605,000 mortgage was filed in the office of the judge of probate of Montgomery county in this city today by the Seaboard Air Line railway to the Guaranty Trust Company, of New York. The mortgage is to secure equipment to be furnished the road.

The Southern Mortgage Co., 24 South Broad st., places loans on farms anywhere in Georgia. J. T. Holleman, president.

IRISH LAND BILL IS PASSED.

Only Awaits Royal Assent To Become a Law.

London, August 13.—The house of lords today agreed to the Irish land bill in the form finally approved by the house of commons. The latter house yesterday accepted all the amendments, save two unimportant amendments, added to the bill by the lords. The measure now only awaits the royal assent to become law.

EXTRA SESSION FOR CONGRESS

It Will Be Called Earlier Than Was Anticipated.

Reciprocity with Cuba and Financial Legislation Will Be the Questions Which the President Will Stress in His Call.

Oyster Bay, August 13.—President Roosevelt's conference with the members of the subcommittee of the senate finance committee was not concluded until the small hours of this morning. The whole subject of financial legislation at the approaching session of congress was discussed thoroughly.

The committee did not present even a tentative draft of a currency bill to the president, although some propositions which, subsequently may be embodied in the measure, were reduced to concrete form, no definite conclusions as to the shape of the proposed legislation were reached. The conference related rather to methods of procedure in the work at hand rather than to the form of legislation. At 11 o'clock some of the members left Sagamore Hill for Senator Aldrich's home in Rhode Island.

One fact of distinct importance was developed at the conference. While an extraordinary session of congress next fall is assured, it has not been determined whether it will be called to meet in October or November. It has been supposed that the extraordinary session would convene Monday, November 9, but the indications now are that it will be called perhaps several weeks earlier.

The primary purpose of the extraordinary session will be to enact legislation making operative the Cuban reciprocity treaty, but financial legislation also will be pressed upon the attention of congress after it convenes.

It can be said that the senate finance committee will draft no measure formally and conclusively until consultations have been held with other members of the senate, democrats as well as republicans, with members of the house and with the best authorities on finance in the country. It is the desire of the committee to be constantly in touch with the president with other senators, with members of the house, with bankers of the west as well as those of the east, and with country bankers as well as city bankers, so that some plan of legislation may be formed by the opening of the extraordinary session of congress.

It is the hope of the committee to devise a genuinely elastic currency system—a system that will expand when the necessity shall arise and contract when the necessity shall have ceased to exist.

Senator Aldrich, when asked with reference to the visit, said:

"We talked with the president about financial conditions and the need of legislative changes. No bill has been drafted or agreed on, and none will be until after the fullest consultation with our democratic associates of the subcommittee and all the members of the finance committee. It is, however, our purpose to have a bill in readiness for presentation to the senate at the beginning of the extra session, if one shall be called in October or November. We are hopeful that a bill can be agreed upon and reported that will receive the approval of both houses of congress and afford prompt and efficient relief to the business interests of the whole country."

POLICE BOARD BILL GOES OVER

Difference of Opinion Caused the Bill To Be Tabled.

The bill providing for the amendment to the charter of Atlanta so as to limit the membership of the police commission and to make its members ineligible to succeed themselves until three years after the expiration of their terms was tabled in the general judiciary committee of the house after having been extensively discussed before that committee, and now goes over to the next session.

One of the members of the Fulton delegation was asked about the bill. He replied that the reason no action was taken at this session was that all of the members of the Fulton delegation had different views with regard to the matter, and that in addition to the request from thirteen members of council that no action be taken, the charter committee of forty-nine had asked that all amendments to the city's charter be held up until the next session.

Councilman Key thinks that some step should be taken to make the members of the police board ineligible to succeed themselves, and says he will introduce a resolution in council to this effect, and for the purpose of trying to accomplish there what the legislature failed to do.

STEAMER WAGNON IS AT ROME

Vessel That Sunk Recently Raised and Resumes Business.

Rome, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—The Willie C. Wagnon, the largest and best boat of the Georgia and Alabama Steamboat Company, which was recently sunk in the Coosa river, came in Rome this morning under its own steam after being thoroughly repaired. The steamer shows very little evidence of her past experience and will resume her regular schedule tomorrow morning.

FORETHINK—though you cannot fore-tell.

A little fore-thought will save you much loss—especially if applied to the title to your property.

Think now—have us examine and insure your title.

Title Guarantee and Trust Co.,

Empire Building, Atlanta.

LEGISLATURE ENACTS MANY VALUABLE LAWS

Convicts, Uniform Text Books, Low Tax Rates, Taxation for Schools, Health Board, Franchise Tax, Among Important Subjects.

In presenting a brief summary of the important general legislation enacted by the general assembly which has just adjourned, the convict question naturally first presents itself, and yet there were matters acted on of just as much, if not in some instances, more importance to the people of the state.

No laws enacted at this session could come closer home to the people than those providing for uniform text books, local taxation for the public schools and the limitation of the state tax rate to a figure considerably lower than what it has been for some years past. These matters will affect them more directly because they come closer to the pocket of the public, though the importance of the settlement of the convict question can not, of course, be discounted.

The details of the new convict law, for it will be a law within the next few days when it receives Governor Terrell's signature, are more or less familiar to those who have kept informed of the progress of the measure through both houses. The only question now remaining is to what extent will the counties of the state desiring to work their public roads make demand upon the prison commission for their proportion of the felony convicts. In some quarters there was a prediction that the enactment of a law like this would be useless because the counties would not, except in very few instances, use the men. This is denied by those who favored using the convicts on the roads. Mr. Holder, of Jackson, for instance, who was one of the prime movers in securing convicts for road work, says his county will not only take its full share of the felony convicts for work on the public roads, but will keep them for the full period of five years and would like to get more. Mr. Spence, of Ware, states also that his county is eager to get the convicts. Of course, Bibb county will do likewise, and it is asserted that the demand will be general.

Those who have given attention and study to the situation say there will be a demand on the part of counties desiring to work their public roads, for every one of the convicts that can be used for that purpose under the terms of the bill. This means about one-third of the convicts at present in the state penitentiary will no longer be leased, but will be worked in county gangs. There are 758 convicts in the penitentiary whose terms are five years and under out of a total of about 2,350. Quite a number of these are on the state farm at Milledgeville, and can not be used for hard labor, but it is safe to say that about 700 will be available. Any county desiring it may try the plan of using convicts on roads for one year, at the end of which time it is privileged either to turn them back to the prison commission or keep them for the entire five-year period. Counties wanting these convicts must make application for them before next December, and all such convicts as are not taken shall be leased to the highest bidder, as under the present plan.

County commissioners all over the state will, doubtless, familiarize themselves with the terms of the law without delay, because it is now "up to" them to say whether or not they will take convicts in lieu of a pro rata share for the school fund from convict hire. Whether they expect to do it or not, it is probable that most of the counties of the state will consider and act on the question.

Incidentally it may be noted that this is the legislature which also has to its credit the franchise tax measure, though that bill was not passed at the present session. But the present body will always be remembered as one which put on the statute books this franchise tax law, which will bring more money into the state treasury than any law enacted for many years.

Constitutional Amendments.

Of wide and particular importance to the people of the state are two bills proposing constitutional amendments, passed by a two-thirds majority of both houses, and now ready to be advertised and submitted to popular vote. These amendments are of such character that there can be practically no doubt of their confirmation by the people at the general election in October, 1904.

One of these amendments provides that the power of the legislature to levy and collect taxes shall be limited to five mills on the dollar for all purposes except it be for repelling invasion, quelling insurrection or defending the state in time of war. It is seldom that these extraordinary occasions arise, so it may be considered that the tax rate in the future will not be over five mills. This amendment will not go into effect until 1905, because the tax rate for 1904 will have been fixed by the commission before the amendment can be adopted by the people. Nevertheless, it is thought now that the tax rate for 1903 and 1904 will not go over five mills. The promised heavy increase in property returns this year, which, it is said, may be in the neighborhood of $40,000,000, will tend to keep the tax rate down, and it was but a fraction over five mills last year.

The other amendment proposes to make it possible for a community to say whether it shall tax itself for the purpose of supporting public schools. Under the present provision of the constitution on this subject, local taxation for public schools is a practical impossibility because it requires not only a recommendation of two successive grand juries but, following that, two-thirds majority of all the registered voters of a county must assent to it. Under the McMichael amendment there will be required only the assent of two-thirds of all the persons voting, in a county, school district, militia district, or municipal corporation, at an election held for the purpose, the grand jury feature being eliminated. It will be seen, therefore, that if a majority of a community is desirous of taxing itself for school purposes, it will be comparatively easy for it to open the way for it under this amendment. This is a feature which governors, county school commissioners and educators everywhere, have fought for during many years, and the practical success of the issue is a subject for congratulation. It is generally thought it means more to the public school system of Georgia, at least in many sections of the state, than can possibly now be predicted.

Text-Books and Health.

Perhaps no measure passed will come closer to the large number of people, particularly those outside the larger cities and incorporated towns where it is not of force, than the uniform text book law. This means, perhaps with few exceptions, the change of every text book now used in the rural schools of the state. The change will become effective next year.

This law provides that the state board of education, composed of the governor and several of the state house officers, shall become a state school book commission, and as such shall appoint a committee of five educators to which all books proposed to be used in the common schools of the state shall be submitted for examination and report. The bill directs how the school book commission shall then advertise for bids, accept such books as are needed and provide for their proper distribution through the state so that they may be easily acquired by the school children. A book once adopted cannot be changed within five years except by a four-fifths vote of the commission.

In considering the important general laws of the session just closed, the state board of health act must come along with the first. The action of the legislature in providing for a state board of health, leaves only two states in the union now without such boards—Idaho and Arizona. As finally passed this measure provides for a board of eleven members, one from each congressional district, to be appointed by the governor. These members are to receive only actual traveling expenses when they are called upon to perform any duty pertinent to their office. They will elect one of their number president, but will go outside of their number for a secretary who will be practically, the state health officer, the executive authority of the board, and who will receive a salary of $2,000 a year. The duties of the board are clearly presented in the law which has been published in The Constitution. The legislature appropriated sufficient funds to pay the salary of the secretary and the expenses of the board for the next year. It will probably be two or three weeks before the governor makes the appointments.

To Investigate Departments.

While it is not in the nature of a permanent law, one of the most important measures passed was the resolution by Mr. Hall, of Bibb, providing for an investigation of the books and the conditions prevailing in all of the departments of the state government, particularly those which expend the public moneys. Such an investigation as is proposed, practically unlimited in scope, has not been made in years, if ever, and many confidently look forward to its resulting in such reforms and legislation as will save the state no small amount.

The house and senate finance committees have been designated to do this work, with the addition of Mr. Hall, of Bibb, author of the resolution. Mr. Hall stated emphatically that he would not accept appointment on this committee, but his appointment was the one condition on which the conference committee of the house and senate reached an agreement regarding it. It was with the express stipulation that he be appointed, that the senate conference committee assented to the appointment of the committee. Even after this Mr. Hall went to Speaker Morris and urged that he be not appointed. But the speaker insisted on Mr. Hall's acceptance and he was named despite his protest.

The committee held a meeting following the adjournment of the legislature and elected Mr. Hall chairman and Senator Comas secretary. No decision was reached as to when the work would be begun, but the investigation of several of the state departments will be taken up and completed before December. Others may not be reached until next spring. The committee is limited to forty days for the investigation required and is allowed the services of an expert accountant.

In discussing the matter one of the members of the committee stated he did not consider forty days would be sufficient time to do this work thoroughly, but whether it is or not, he proposed to see that all the work done is thoroughly done. The expert accountant will not, however, be limited in the time that he is to be employed.

Another important committee of investigation was that named to look into the Torrens system of state registration of land titles. This investigation was asked for by the state board association, and a committee of five was named from the general assembly, which will be supplemented by the appointment of several members of the bar association by the governor.

Many Important Laws.

As a matter of fact no legislature for years has passed so many laws of wide general importance, and laws with which there seems to be general satisfaction, as that just adjourned. It is only attempted here to give a brief summary of those most directly affecting the public and affecting the greatest number of the people.

An act which will unquestionably prove beneficial to the whole state, is that appropriating $30,000 for an exhibit of the state's resources at the Louisiana Purchase exposition to be held next year at St. Louis. With that amount and other aid that will be given the state from outside sources, Georgia's exhibit will equal that of any in the country. It must result in attracting homeseekers to the state and these will seek in greatest part the country districts where a competency is to be had from the soil.

Mr. Calvin's vagrancy bill is another measure which will attract wide attention. Its provisions have been given full publicity and under its terms it will no longer be so easy a matter for the chronic vagrant to escape the penalty for idleness. Perhaps the most interesting and important feature of this measure is that in future no person can plead the possession of a small amount of money as a defense to a charge of vagrancy. Such cannot be considered, under this law, evidence of visible means of support. The alleged vagrant must show that he has either honorable employment or an income from property, unless he can establish the fact that he has earnestly sought but sought in vain for work.

The teaching of the elementary principles of agriculture and of civil government in the public schools is provided for in another measure which will be of statewide interest. This measure applies only to what are ordinarily designated as the "common" schools, which means the schools of the rural districts. It in no wise applies to the school systems of city schools or incorporated towns. The primary object of the measure is to give the farmer's boy a foundation for acquiring a knowledge of the important work before him, and of the government under which he is to live.

In addition to important amendments to the general game laws, the presentation of which limited space prevents being given here, the general assembly has passed an entirely new measure relating to birds. This is the so-called Audubon bill, or an act for the protection of birds of song and plumage and their nests, making it a misdemeanor to kill or destroy such birds or their nests, and punishable by fine or imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Two new acts to prevent frauds which are difficult to reach under the present laws, will now go on the statute books. One of these prohibits the fraudulent sale of stocks of goods in bulk, through requiring all parties proposing to sell stocks in this manner, to notify each creditor five days beforehand and to make affidavit that such notice has been given. This was the measure urged by the credit men of the state and is designed for the protection of wholesale dealers and jobbers, both within and without the state.

Another measure looking to the prevention of fraud was that of Mr. Adams, of Putnam, which makes it a misdemeanor for any person to secure advances from another on a contract to perform any service, with intent to defraud. The passage of this measure was urged in behalf of the farmers who are greatly troubled at times by worthless laborers who secure advances and depart without doing the work.

The three "days of grace," so long in use by custom in Georgia, though they made no difference in the amount of interest paid, are now abolished. After October 1 all notes, drafts, bills and other evidences of indebtedness are declared by the bill just passed, to be due on the date specified on the paper in question.

State depositories in the smaller towns of the state will hereafter have to give bond only to the extent of the state funds they have on deposit. This will be a great relief to the country banks whose bonds have heretofore been $50,000, the same as those of banks in the large cities and which carry much heavier deposits of state money. Another measure relating to state depositories, permits the designation of not more than two depositories by the governor, in all cities of 6,500 inhabitants or more. The number is at present limited to one.

Another important measure prohibits the adulteration of spirits of turpentine and rosin intended for sale, or the selling of such adulterated articles—a law of great importance to the naval stores interests in south Georgia.

Holders of lands comprised in land lots Nos. 10 and 100 in certain south Georgia counties, which are claimed by the state under the act of 1818, will now have a chance to compromise with the state through negotiation with the governor and attorney general. In the event of a failure to compromise the question may, under the act of this general assembly, be submitted to arbitration.

Other important bills passed include an act permitting farmers to purchase fertilizer materials in bulk for their own immediate use; an act permitting the straightening of certain railroad rights of way, where the lines were formerly narrow gauged, and the condemnation of private property for this purpose; an act authorizing administrators, executors, trustees, etc., to charge costs or premium for bonds where bonds are required to be given; an act preventing persons who have been convicted of capital offenses from pleading insanity at the time of the commission of the crime; an act appropriating $11,500 to build a dofinitory for the state school for the deaf at Cave Spring; an act appropriating $15,000 to the state sanitarium at Milledgeville for the purpose of making new buildings available; an act amending the franchise tax law so as to relieve certain corporations and several others of interest and importance which will be published by the state and distributed as soon the public printer can get them out.

The Southern Mortgage Co., 24 South Broad st., places loans on improved city property. J. T. Holleman, president.

Gentlemen:--

You can't afford to miss Our Closing Out Sale of MEN'S OXFORDS



Men's Pat. Vamp, Monkey Top, Oxfords, were $6.00, closing out price . . . $4.85

Men's Pat. Oxfords, Speed Toe, were $5.50, closing out price . . . $4.45

Men's Pat. and Vici Kid Oxfords, were $3.50 closing out price . . . $2.75

ALL SUMMER FOOTWEAR MUST GO
Cost Not Considered in This Sale

Daniel's Shoe Store
32 Whitehall Street.

EISEMAN BROS. *A Store Cooled for your comfort by a Cooling Plant.*

33 1/3

Per Cent Reduction

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits.

Men's and Youths' Suits
First Floor Center
Boys' Suits Second Floor.

Some one has said that "opportunity knocks but once at each man's door"—we'll not vouch for his being right—but the earlier you take advantage here the greater you make your opportunity.

Straw Hats Half Price
First Floor Right.

Trunks 20 off
Third Floor Front.

Manhattan Shirts and Underwear

Special.
First Floor Left.

Sale of Men's and Boys' Oxfords.
First Floor Rear.

Eiseman Bros.,
11-13-15-17 WHITEHALL ST.

SOCIETY

Summertime Gossip.

"TO the universal habit of 'going away for the summer' may be attributed in many a case a spoiled child," is the observation of a wise writer, who continues:

"A child is pretty nearly sure to suffer, at least temporarily, from being taken out of the safe routine of home life and from surroundings which his parents create and control, and made a target for the petting and the flattery of the summer hotel 'guests.' When a child is charming, bright and good to look at he or she is generally made a plaything of for the time being, until they make such nuisances of themselves as to be scolded and snubbed by the very persons who were most ardent in their first attentions. All of which is wrong and horribly unjust to the child. Self-consciousness is never uglier than when displayed by a child, for children should be simple, unconscious and unspoiled. The desire to have her darling 'show off' before a room full of boarders has made untold mischief for many an idolizing mother and otherwise amiable child."

LOVERS of flowers will be interested to learn that according to recent bulletins issued officially, that an interesting feature of the Louisiana Purchase exposition will be the mammoth floral clock which will be installed on the hill north of the agricultural building. The dial for this enormous time-piece will be a flower bed 120 feet in diameter. The minute hand, 60 feet long, will be able to support 100 persons without interfering with the movements of the timepiece, and will move 5 feet every minute.

The entire dial will be a flower bed, and the numerals marking the various hours will be 15 feet in length, and made of bright colored coleus. In a broad circle surrounding the dial will be twelve flower beds, one opposite each hour, each 2 feet wide and 15 feet long. These collections will represent various flowers. At night the whole vast timepiece will be illuminated with two thousand incandescent lights. In a house of glass built near by will be installed the machinery of the clock. Here will be an astronomical clock, the most delicate piece of mechanism known to the watchmaker's art. Its accuracy will be absolute. An immense bell will strike the hours, and an effort is being made to secure the Columbian Liberty bell for the purpose.

"IN giving a small dinner," says a hostess of experience, "it requires considerable forethought to prevent husbands and wives from sitting together or even directly opposite each other. Some married people have the disconcerting habit of criticising the remarks made at social gatherings by the partners of their joys and sorrows. 'What made you say that?' or 'Why did you mention this or that?' is the not infrequent sequel to an evening abroad, and it promotes sociability to arrange things so that this kind of conjugal criticism cannot take place. With a party consisting of four married couples this is a difficult thing to do, and it is advisable therefore, whenever possible, to invite two married couples only, with two women and two men who are unrelated to one another. This may seem an unimportant detail, but the neglect of it is responsible for many dull dinners."

AT a Cinderella party a table of slippers is provided, says The Housekeeper, and each man is asked to choose one of these articles and find his partner by the help of the transposed name attached to the footgear. The men are then required to write the story of Cinderella in ten minutes, their versions of the tale being afterward read by their partners. A glass slipper is awarded for the best story. The party closes with a slipper hunt to find one's fortune. The couple finding a dancing slipper will lead a gay and happy life; the leather one promises a life of hard work; the rice slipper (covered with glue and rolled in rice) indicates an early marriage; the slipper decorated with a horseshoe gives good luck; the gold or silver one, riches, and the old carpet slipper, poverty.

To Mrs. Howard Bucknell.

MRS. HOWARD BUCKNELL was the guest of honor at an enjoyable card party given yesterday morning by Mrs. Eugene R. Black at her pretty home on Peachtree. Invited to meet Mrs. Bucknell were:

Mrs. Grady, Mrs. Harry Jackson, Mrs. Wilmer Moore, Mrs. Aquilla Orme, Mrs. Charlie Black, Mrs. Robert Alston, Mrs. William Kiser, Mrs. William Lawson Peel, Mrs. Harry Stearns, Mrs. George Cunningham, of Augusta; Mrs. Stephen Barnett, Mrs. Louis Gholstin, Mrs. George Howard, Mrs. J. Frank Meador, Mrs. Clark Howell, Jr., Mrs. Dunbar Roy, Mrs. Pinckney, Mrs. Frank Callaway, Miss Florence Jackson.

The first prize, a Rookwood vase, was won by Mrs. George Cunningham, of Augusta. The consolation prize, a bronze candlestick, was won by Mrs. Dunbar Roy.

At the conclusion of the game a delicious luncheon was served from tables beautifully decorated with garden flowers. Mrs. Black received her guests in a becoming toilet of white chiffon and lace. Mrs. George Cunningham's becoming gown was of blue voile over green. Mrs. Harry Stearns was lovely in white mull elaborately applied in lace and sash and trimmings of pale green. Her white lace hate was trimmed in pink crush roses.

Mrs. William H. Kiser wore a stylish gown of pale tan crepe.

Mrs. Stephen Barnett wore pale gray crepe de chine. Mrs. Robert Alston's smart gown was of pale blue linen.

Miss Morgan's Recital.

A MUSICAL event of the coming week will be the violin recital of Miss Theodora Morgan Tuesday evening, August 18, at the Atlanta Club rooms, Grand opera house. The programme is as follows:

(a) English, German and American national airs; (b) "How Can I Leave Thee," German folk song—Herbert Hoey.

Fantasia, Dancla—Margaret Jewett.

(a) "Robins' Lullaby," Krogmann; (b) "Robin Adair," folk song—Reid Weddell.

"Simple Aveu," Thome—Annie Thomas.

Allegro from Sonata, Haendel—Adah Rosasco.

Waltz from "Faust," Gounod—Frankie McClane

Sonsg, (a) "If I Could Steal Your Wings," Mildred J. Hill; (b) "Rosalie," Reginald Dekoven—Anna Rosasco, pupil of Miss Lula C. King.

"Loin du Bal," Gillet—Hattie Hunter.

Polonaise, Jacoby—Philipe Greene.

Allegro from Concerto, Bach—Jennie Merrill.

"Narcissus," Nevin—Meta Duke.

(a) "Cradle Song," Eichhorn; (b) "Spanish Dance," Moszkowski—Bertha Curtis.

"Kujawiak" (Polish dance), Wienlawski—Adah Rosasco.

Accompanist—Miss Addie B. Hook.

Delightful House Party.

AT the recent house party given by Colonel and Mrs. James Y. Swift, at Rose Hill, near Elberton, Ga., the following guests were delightfully entertained:

Misses Louise Todd, Roline Clark, Nannie and Mary Nicholson, Atlanta; Miss Hill, Washington; Miss Oliver, Elberton; Miss McWhorter, Athens; Messrs. Joseph Brown Connelly, Eugene M. Ottley, Hugh Dorsey, Jr., and Dr. Meador Goldsmith, Atlanta; Walter Turpin, Richard Hines, Macon; Stephen Thornton, LaGrange; W. A. Swift, L. M. Heard, Carroll Heard, William Floyd and Dr. Alfred Oliver, Elberton.

To Miss Plant.

MISS MAY RAGLAND entertained delightfully at cards yesterday morning in compliment to Miss Leila Plant, of Macon. Her home was beautifully decorated with potted plants and flowers, and at the conclusion of the game luncheon was served. The pretty prizes included two pictures and a lace stock.

Invited to meet Miss Plant were: Miss Elwyn de Graffenreid, Miss R. Oglesby, of Quitman; Miss Elizabeth Ragland, of Talbotton; Miss Nellie Dozier, Miss Ethel Wilson, Miss Lucile Bennett, Miss Reid, Miss King, Miss Elois Stewart, Miss Carolyn Perdue, Miss Julia Purdue, Miss Nona Rice, Miss Annie Mae Thorn, Miss Grace Callaway, Miss Marie Poujourd, Miss Nena Mae Henderson, Miss Jennie Thomas, Miss Annie Stone, Miss Margaret Hallman, Miss Alice May Rushton, Miss Claude Patterson, Miss Mary Morris, Miss Helen Morris, Miss Grace Fox, Miss Louise Baird, Miss Kittie Cope, Miss Sallie May Bagley, Miss Elizabeth Adair and others.

Little Folk's Party.

LITTLE MISS AMELIA SPEER, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Speer, entertained a number of her friends Wednesday afternoon in celebration of her thirteenth birthday. At 5 o'clock the guests arrived and were received by the little hostess on the front porch. She wore a most becoming white frock, lace trimmed. Games were played on the lawn and later delicious refreshments were served.

Mazursky-Kahn.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Mazursky, of Williston, S. C., announce the engagement of their daughter, Rebecca, to Mr. Theo L. Kahn, of this city, the engagement to be announced next Sunday, August 16, at the residence of Mr. I. Stomakin, 79 Courtland street, an uncle of Mr. Kahn. Miss Mazursky is a very charming young lady and has a host of friends in South Carolina, and also in this state. Mr. Kahn is a young business man well known and highly esteemed.

Howe-Gleason.

YESTERDAY morning at 10:30 o'clock, in West End, at the home of the bride's father, Mr. F. L. Howe, Miss Geraldine Howe was married to Mr. E. F. Gleason. The wedding was characterized by all the sweet solemnity of a home wedding. Beautiful flowers were used as a decoration, and during the ceremony the young couple were surrounded by relatives and intimate friends. The bride is a lovely young woman just out of school and the groom a promising young business man.

Mr. and Mrs. Gleason left yesterday at noon for a short trip north.

Social Items.

Mr. Frank L. Miller leaves Saturday for New York and other points east.

•••

Mrs. T. C. Bunch left yesterday for Abbeville, Ala., where she will be the guest of her mother, Mrs. Hooper.

•••

Misses May and Dollie Evans leave Sunday for a two weeks' stay in New York.

•••

Miss Sybil Kendrick, of Plains, Ga., is spending some time in Atlanta.

•••

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Kemp are congratulating them on their young daughter, who arrived on the 10th.

•••

Mrs. Will Thomas, of Plains, Ga., passed through Atlanta Monday en route to Elk Park, N. C., where she will spend the remainder of the summer.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Coffin are receiving congratulations from their friends on the arrival of a little daughter, who they will call Dorothy.

•••

Mrs. Morton Smith is spending a week at the home of her sister, Mrs. L. D. White.

•••

Mr. T. C. Bunch left yesterday for a business trip to New York.

•••

The friends of Miss Myrtle Cozart are glad to know she is much improved and will leave in a few days for Newnan, Ga., to be away some time.

•••

Miss Emily Agricola leaves Sunday for a visit to friends in Nashville.

•••

Mrs. Thomas H. Morgan and daughter, Elizabeth, are at the Monterey, Mount Airy, Ga., until September 1.

•••

Mr. and Mrs Emmett Junceford left Saturday for Baltimore and Washington, to be gone several weeks

•••

The friends of Mrs S. M. Foster and Inez Foster are welcoming them back from a visit to Virginia, where they spent the past two months.

•••

Mrs Will Foster has returned from an extended trip by sea to Boston, Baltimore, Virginia Beach and other points in Virginia

•••

Mr Harvey Phillips has returned from Virginia Beach.

•••

Dr. William Owens has returned from Elberton.

•••

Mr. Harvey Thompson has returned from Tate Spring.

•••

Judge and Mrs. Pardee are at Tate.

•••

Mr. W. H. Twitty, of Brunswick, is in the city.

•••

Mrs. Edward Peters leaves soon for a visit north.

•••

Mr. Joseph Brown Connelly has returned from Elberton.

•••

Lieutenant and Mrs. Rucker returned home yesterday.

•••

Master Ashly Hill left yesterday for Tallulah, where he joins his aunt, Mrs. Hugh Hagan.

•••

Mrs. Freeman, of Cartersville, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Abbott.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. Hoke Smith and Mrs. Smith are in Boston.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Boyd have returned to Griffin.

•••

Judge Robert Daniel has returned to Griffin.

•••

Miss Mary Morris entertains at cards Saturday in honor of Miss Pope.

•••

Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Jackson have taken possession of their new home on North avenue.

•••

Miss Meta Hart left yesterday for a visit to Savannah.

•••

Misses Lila and Daisy Underwood left yesterday for a visit to Savannah.

•••

Miss Kate Massey is spending August in Baldwin, Ga.

•••

Mrs. Henry Mitchell, Mrs. Dalton Mitchell, Misses Mary and Martha Mitchell leave Saturday for a visit to Tallulah.

•••

Mr. Theodore Geisler, of Greensboro, Ga., is in the city.

•••

Miss Edith Thompson is visiting in Asheville.

•••

Mr. William Thompson has returned from Tallulah.

•••

Miss Belle Kennedy has returned home.

•••

Miss Susie Wells has returned from Athens.

•••

Mr. John Mullin is at Tate.

•••

Miss Bertha Brady will visit her sister, Mrs. J. E. Moses, in Columbus, this month.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Lowry, Dr. James Lowry, Miss Jennie Lowry are visiting in Dalton.

•••

Mrs. R. F. Wright and Mrs. Norma Wright have returned from Elberton.

•••

Miss Gertrude Hall is a member of the house party being given by Mr. Brainerd Clapp in Columbus.

•••

Mr. Warren Hall is in Blue Ridge, Ga.

•••

Mr. A. T. Mitchelson is in Buford, Ga.

•••

Miss Annie Kate Barnes returns to her home in Opelika, Ala., Tuesday.

•••

The Misses Calhoun are receiving charming attentions as the guests of Mrs. Louis Symonds at her cottage, Sullivan's island.

•••

Miss Cora Toombs returns from Washington Sunday.

•••

The friends of Mr. Walter Taylor will be glad to learn that he has recovered from his recent illness.

•••

Mr. George Coates has returned from Indian Spring.

•••

Mr. W. B. Clements has returned from Highlands, N. C.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. William Nichols are at Asheville N. C.

•••

Mr. Eugene Thornton has returned from Tennessee.

•••

Mr. Hamilton Douglas leaves Sunday for New York.

•••

Misses Dolly and Mae Evans leave Sunday for a trip east.

•••

Bishop and Mrs. Nelson are in Canada.

•••

Mrs. S. Y. Tupper has returned home.

•••

Mr. C. C. Nichols is on a visit north.

•••

Mrs. Joel Chandler Harris has returned from Canada.

•••

Miss Louise Dooly returns home this afternoon.

•••

Messrs. Joseph and Jack Mangham have returned to Griffin

•••

Captain and Mrs. C. C. Wyatt are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. Francis Walker at 51 Currier street.

•••

Miss Etta McRee, of Decatur, leaves this week for Dudley to spend several weeks with her brother, Mr. O. F. McRee.

•••

Mr. Preston Arkwright and Miss Hattie Colquitt leave Saturday for a visit to Asheville, N. C.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Alston leave the latter part of the week for a visit north.

•••

Mr. P. A. O'Conner left yesterday on a business trip to New York.

•••

Dr. and Mrs Dunbar Roy entertained at a bowling party at the Country Club last evening in honor of Mr. Clark Nixon, of New Orleans.

•••

Mr. J. E. Carlton has returned from a business trip to Savannah.

•••

Miss Jennie English has returned home.

•••

Mr. Ulric Atkinson entertained a party of ten at the Piedmont Club Wednesday evening.

•••

Mrs. John R. Watts and son are at Hendersonville, N. C.

•••

Mrs. J. Wylie Pope has returned from Tallulah and later will go to Saratoga.

•••

Mrs. W. S. Elkin is visiting relatives in Kentucky.

RAILWAY NOTES.

S. H. Hardwick, general passenger agent, and William H. Taylor, assistant general passenger agent, of the Southern, are over in South Carolina making a trip in the interests of the corporation they represent.

Disrtict Passenger Agent J. C. Beam, Jr., of the Southern, returned Wednesday from an extended trip to St. Louis, Chicago and the northwest.

J. S. B. Thompson, general agent of the Southern, returned Wednesday from a business trip to Augusta and Savannah.

It is generally believed by many in the Atlanta railroad world that the Illinois Central will soon secure control of the Tennessee Central, which will make Knoxville its objective point for the establishment of terminal facilities. It is the general opinion among railroad men here that the splendid grade and the way the trestles and bridges are being built prove conclusively that some large system will run it.

Appearances suggest that by the time Grand Army encampment business for San Francisco begins to move roads in Central Passenger Association territory are likely to become involved in unpleasant entanglements, especially in Cleveland and Cincinnati districts.

The semi-annual inspection of watches carried by New York Central employees disclosed that out of 4,000 only 18 failed to meet standard requirements under which they must run within 30 seconds a week of the regulators. The men take great pride in keeping within this limit.

In the hope that it will help to avert or modify a car famine the St. Paul has issued a circular to shippers urging the prompt loading and unloading of cars.

Prominent fruit growers and truck gardeners in Texas have gone to California to study methods employed successfully in that state, and will later prepare a report to be submitted to the state authorities for publication.

Work on the belt line to be built by the New Orleans Terminal Company is to begin on October 5, and by April 1 of next year it is expected that 'Frisco trains will be running into the Crescent City. It is officially stated that the 'Frisco, will build to Baton Rogue and a survey of the route is now being made

The Southern Pacific has issued a pamphlet on tobacco culture in Texas.

The Industrial Lumber Company will build a road from Oakdale to Alexandria in Louisiana

The installation of the block system on the Lackawanna is nearing completion. It is known as the automatic semaphore and operated entirely by electricity, so that in the event of a broken rail, a disconnected switchpoint, or any obstruction thrown over the tracks locomotive engineers will receive warning in the preceding block.

The peculiar conditions growing out of the Texas state commission's order for merchants' rates has caused it to be branded as a "comedy of errors" by the railroad men of the state.

William H. Hartnett, contracting freight agent in Detroit for the St. Paul, has been appointed traveling freight agent of the Northern Pacific in Chicago.

Superintendent Lampert, of the St. Louis division of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, has resigned.

B. R. Stephens, auditor of the Fort Wayne and Southwestern, has resigned.

PANAMAS CLEANED.

Reshaped. No acids. Bussey, 28½ Whitehall.

SOLID RESULTS.

Thorough and Conscientious Work Accomplished at Agnes Scott Institute.

Rev Theron H. Rice, D.D., pastor Central Presbyterian church, Atlanta, Ga., writes of the merits and advantages of Agnes Scott institute, at Decatur, Ga.:

"I can without reserve, and do with pleasure, commend the Agnes Scott institute. Dominated as it is by the loftiest purpose, all the influences pervading the institution are pure, sweet and elevating. The standard of scholarship is high. The institute abhors shoddy work. The work demanded is thorough and conscientious; the results sought are solid. It would be hard to find an institution more homelike, with a social atmosphere more sweet, cheerful and refined.

"I can heartily congratulate the institute on the personnel of its faculty. I wish everybody knew as well as I do what a superior body of men and women they are. These parents are wise, in my judgment, who put their daughters in your care."

For catalogue, address Rev. F. H. Gaines, D.D., president.

Earthquake Kills Five, Injures Many

Buenos Ayres, August 13.—Severe shocks of earthquake occurred at Mendoza, August 12. A number of houses and the tower of the church of San Francisco were destroyed. Five persons were killed and many others injured.

DO IT NOW!

Some people delay doing things for various reasons. We have had several to tell us that "they had contemplated renting a deposit box long before this, but just had put it off for a more convenient time, as they knew their papers ought to be in a secure place." What have you thought? Have you seen that lot of new boxes we have just put in—$3 for a whole year.

TRUST COMPANY OF GA.,

Equitable Building.

AT ST. LOUIS

FREE HANDICAP TAKEN BY JORDAN AT 8 TO 5

St. Louis, August 13.—The Kinloch Breeders' Association opened a fifteen days' meeting at Kinloch park today. The feature, a free handicap for 3-year-olds and upward, at 1 1-16 miles, was won by Jordan, who was coupled in the betting with Lady Strathmore, at 8 to 5. Taby Tosa was second and Eva G third. A field of eight horses got away to a good start with Jordan in front, but soon gave way to Joe Lessler, who set the pace into the stretch, where Jordan came on, winning by three lengths.

Lord Neville's entry will not be accepted in the future for his showing in the third race. The horse came to the post cold and dull and was beaten off. Weather bad; track sloppy.

FIRST RACE—Five and one-half furlongs, purse: Ben Adkins, 100 (Higgins), 7 to 2, won; Magnolin, 105 (W. Watson), 2 to 1, second; Milkirk, 103 (Bridwell), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:11. Kilo, Pretension and Atlas ran.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Budweiser, 97 (Perkins), 15 to 1, won; Mallory, 108 (Bridwell), 8 to 1, second; Mimo, 111 (Hogg), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:18 1-2. Sue's Sister, Prince Herman, Silver Fringe, Tangent, Bear Creek, Kitty Cut A Dash, Impetuous and Rejoice ran.

THIRD RACE—Mile and seventy yards, selling: Exapo, 86 (Howell), 8 to 1, won; False, 104 (Sayers), 50 to 1, second; Ben Hempstead, 104 (McComas), 16 to 1, third. Time, 1:53. Goo Goo, Chandoo, Countess Clara, Pay the Fiddler, Carrie Hope, Kingstelle, Hydrophobia, Reformer and Lord Neville ran

FOURTH RACE—Mile and one-sixteenth, handicap: Jordan, 109 (W. Watson), 8 to 5, won; Taby Tosa, 104 (Fauntleroy), 12 to 1, second; Eva G, 82 (Shea), 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:54. Joe Lessler, Orris, Irish Jewel, Light Opera and Lady Strathmore ran.

FIFTH RACE—Seven furlongs, purse: Alfio, 100 (Bridwell), 7 to 2, won; Sweet Dream, 102 (W. Watson), 6 to 1, second; Doeskin, 102 (Loudon), 4 to 5, third. Time, 1:34. Siah, The Four Hundred, Water Edge and Orleans ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and an eighth: Nearest, 107 (Sheehan), even, won; South Breeze, 105 (Perkins), 7 to 1, second; Menace, 107 (H. Smith), 5 to 1, third. Time, 2:00 1-2. Hook Se Oka, Ginspray and Tony Lepping ran.

Today's Entries at St. Louis.

First Race—Mile and twenty yards, selling: Daddy Bender, 90; Exapo, 91; Feeronia, 90; Immortelle, 94; Aransas, 98; Whitmore, 101; Varner, 103; Class Leader, 96; Algaretta, 103; Certain, 105; Pay the Fiddler, 105.

Second Race—Five furlongs, purse: Port Warden, Foxy Grandpa, Bandillo, Lampadrom, Leech, Dusty Miller, Harbor, 100; Matt R., Frank Collins, Interrogation, Pinky B., 97; Anyway, 103; Rye Vala, 112; Woodline, 106.

Third Race—Six and a half furlongs, selling: Dr. Jones, 104; Golden Easter, 109; Miss Gould, Maghoni, 100; Stub, 107; Orion, 109; Welsh Girl, 112; Budweiser, 97; Lord Roberts, 109; Peaches, 107; Dave Somers, Macbeth, 109.

Fourth Race—Six furlongs, handicap: St. Agnes, 98; Hugh McGowan, Wreath of Ivy, 101; Mafalda, 106; Old Stone, 107; Forehand, 114; Rainland, 115.

Fifth Race—Mile and twenty yards, selling: Varna Fonso, 85; Lynch, 98; Tickful, 100; Kentucky Muddle, 101; Kitty G., Pamplona, 103; Axares, Mission, Charles D., Latson, Reducer, Peat, 105; Dawson, Une Price, 107.

Sixth Race—Six and one-half furlongs, selling: Detect, 100; Temptress, King Rose, 102; Lord Neville, Duella, 107; El Rey, Ciales, 109; Theory, 112; Joe Goss, 114.

CUT OUT THE KICKING AND PLAY THE GAME

Are the Atlanta players willing to lose the reputation which they have won for themselves in Dixie this season, and be numbered with the other kicking bunches?

This is a question which is agitating the hearts of local fanatics.

The fans would really regret to see this come about, for there is one thing that is popular in Atlanta, and that is good, clean, sportsmanlike baseball.

The incident of Wednesday, when both Jack Ely and Ed Lauzon showed their teeth and acted in a manner which demanded nothing less than their ejection from the grounds by Umpire Robinson, and the action of Bernard Koehler, which resulted in his being separated for a season from the game, has brought the matter before the public.

While it is true (and this is a fact which some "knockers" do not seem to realize) that it is a difficult matter for an enthusiastic, interested, human ball player to keep from making a kick when he feels that he has been wronged by his umpship, yet it does seem that players would remember that the people of their home towns do not enjoy such demonstrations, and are disgusted when they are compelled to witness them.

According to the rules of the game, the captain of the team is the only man who has the right to protest a decision of the umpire, and it always tends to raise the players higher in the estimation of the fans when they leave the kicking to the captain.

Then, too, there is another side to it which it seems players forget when they are in action, the kicking player always gets the worst of it from the umpire. Even if the umpire is fair minded, and is attempting to umpire the game as he sees it, still he will unconsciously allow his mind to act unfavorably toward the player who is continuosly making kicks.

Cut out the kicking and play the game.

Champions Attain Tennis Finals.

Southampton, N. Y., August 13.—The tennis players reached the final rounds in both the singles and doubles today in the tournament on the courts of the Meadow Club. William A. Larned and H. L. Doherty, respectively the American and English champions, attained the finals in the singles. The Doherty brothers and W. A. Larned and Beals C. Wright won the semi-finals in the doubles.

Monroe 3, Madison 2.

Monroe, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Monroe defeated Madison this afternoon in the prettiest and closest game of the season by a score of 3 to 2, Monroe scoring winning run in the last half of the ninth, with none out. Batteries—Monroe, Nowell and Nowell; Madison, Hurt and Hall. Monroe, struck out 6, hits 6; Madison, struck out 6, hits 3, errors 1. The teams play a double-header tomorrow.

Baxley 19, Lumber City 15.

Baxley, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—In a baseball contest here today between Baxley and Lumber City the score stood: Baxley 19, Lumber City 15.

Dalton 17, Acworth 5.

Acworth, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—Acworth was again badly defeated by Dalton today by the overwhelming score of 17 to 5. The home team was outclassed in every respect. Batteries—Acworth, Smith and Lafitt; Dalton, Cooper and Isom. Umpire, Smith, of Cartersville.

Why They Rubber.

New York Press: A girl always thinks a man is impressed with the beauty of her face when he turns around to take another look to see how in the world she keeps her hat on.

AT SARATOGA.

VIRGIN SOIL IS WINNER OF THE AMSTERDAM EVENT

Saratoga, N. Y., August 13.—The attendance was large at the track of the Saratoga association today. The sport was fair, although the fields were much depleted by reason of withdrawals, only three horses going to the post in two of the races.

The Amsterdam, a mile event for 3-year-olds and upward, was the star event. Six horses faced the starter, but Highlander was left at the post. As they came out of the chute Tam O'Shanter and Elsie L showed in front. They raced together all the way, but Callahan found an opening in the stretch between them, through which he steered Virgin Soil, winning by three parts of a length.

FIRST RACE—Seven furlongs: Hermis, 112 (Odom), 7 to 2, won; Mollie B, 105 (Jenkins), 7 to 1, second; Rigodon, 111 (Gannon), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:32 3-5. Rigodon ran.

SECOND RACE—Five and one-half furlongs: Wizaru, 100 (Gannon), 4 to 1, won; Grepaca, 111 (O'Neil), 4 to 5, second; Hocco, 94 (Coleman), 200 to 1, third. Time, 1:10. Sailor Knot, Aur Wiedersehen, Monster, Latheron, Destiny, Tower, Mildred L. M, and Bendertil ran.

THIRD RACE—Mile: Yatterm, 108 (Odom), 13 to 5, won; Bad News, 101 (O'Neill), even, second; Payne, 106 (Reuter), 15 to 5, third. Time, 1:42 3-5.

FOURTH RACE—The Amsterdam, mile: Virgin Soil, 96 (H. Callahan), 12 to 5 won; Elsie L, 91 (Reed), 16 to 5, second; Tam O'Shanter, 103 (Gannon), 13 to 5, third. Time, 1:42. Counterpoise and Irascible ran. Highlander left at post.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs: Watan, 118 (Hicks), 3 to 5, won; Toledo, 115 (Shilman), 11 to 5, second; Longshot, 117 (C. Martin), 15 to 5, third. Time, 1:17 2-5. St. Jolly, Blackamoor, Don Jon ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and one-sixteenth on turf: Flying Ship, 108 (O'Neill), even won; Stamping Ground, 111 (Fuller), 3 to 2, second; Carbuncle, 108 (Reuter), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:50.

Today's Entries at Saratoga.

First Race—Mile, selling: Rook, Satire, 111; Royal, Locket, 109; Choate, Flara, 106; Trinity Bell, 104; Mosketo, The Dancer, Lapidus, 103; Lucent, Dark Planet, Col. Padden, 102; Goldsoy, Scoffer, 100; Bob Hilliard, The Regent, 98; Lady Radnor, Past, 96.

Second Race—Six furlongs: Innesbruck, Russell Garth, Pan Login, Toboggan, Prince of Pleasure, 115; Fleetfut, Garsman, Prince Ching, The Skater, Partnership, Avignon, Dr. Bissel, Lenarka, Puget, 112; Bolino, Nun, Rockmart, Albany Girl, 110.

Third Race—Mile and a furlong, handicap: Major Daingerfields, 126; Caughnawaga, 115; Lord Badge, Gold Bell, 102; Irascible, 94; Agnes D, 90.

Fourth Race—The Troy, selling, five and a half furlongs: The Lady Rohesia, Monastico, The Bowery, Hylas, Nameoki, 107; Avenger, 106; Bath Beach, 105; Divination, 102; Reveille, 100; Dick Turpin, 97; Tender Crest, 92.

Fifth Race—Mile and a sixteenth, on turf, selling: Easy Street, 111; Forward, Satire, Lord Advocate, 106; Trinity Bell, 104; Birchbroom, 103; Flara, 101; Anklet, 91; Dinksie, 85.

Sixth Race—Five and a half furlongs: Bluish, Rockaway, Otto Stifel, Signet Ring, Dutiful, Gold Saint, Juvenal Maxim, Flexton, Exclamation, Auf Weidersehen, 112; Coal Black Lady, Eserance, Redman, Briar Thorpe, Dolly Spanker, For Luck, 109.

GOLF GAME TOMORROW.

Birmingham's crack golf club has issued a challenge to the Piedmont Golf Club, of Atlanta, the challenge has been accepted and the game will be played on the Piedmont course tomorrow afternoon.

A number of the best players of Birmingham will be over from that city tomorrow morning on the 11 o'clock train. The first number on the programme will be luncheon at the driving club at the park, the next will be the game in the afternoon, and the last a dinner at the driving club after the game.

The men who will represent Birmingham are R. H. Baugh, W. P. Ward, Tom Watson, Gene Brown and H. S. Stiles.

Those who will represent the Piedmont Club are W. P. Hill, H. Q. Foreman, S. W. Trawick, E. G. Byrd, W. J. Tilson and J. F. Stockdale

American Golfers Win and Lose.

Manchester, N. H., August 13.—The golfing honors were even today between England and America in the contest over the Essex county links, the Oxford and Cambridge team beating the All-Massachusetts aggregation in the four ball match in the morning by a score of 3 points to 2, and being defeated in the afternoon in a two ball match 6 to 5, which left the score at end of the day's play at eight points for each side.



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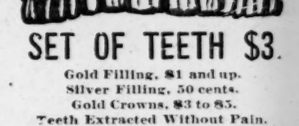
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TIMELY HITTING WINS IN TENTH

Bridwell Saved the Game, but Lauzon Won It.

Spectators Uphold Umpire in Putting Koehler Out of Game—Winters Makes Brilliant Catch. Both Wilson and Stockdale Pitched Well.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.
Montgomery at Atlanta.
Birmingham at Nashville.
Shreveport at Memphis.
New Orleans at Little Rock.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.
Atlanta 5, Montgomery 3.
Little Rock 3, New Orleans 1.
Little Rock 4, New Orleans 2.
Memphis 7, Shreveport 4.
Birmingham 7, Nashville 6.

Southern League Standing.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Memphis	89	51	38	.573
Little Rock	87	49	38	.563
Shreveport	88	46	42	.523
Nashville	85	44	41	.518
Atlanta	86	44	42	.512
Montgomery	86	42	44	.488
Birmingham	89	43	46	.483
New Orleans	92	32	60	.348

Al Bridwell saved the game; Ed Lauzon won it.

When that altogether pleasing and charming young man who accounts himself a member of Lew Whistler's aggregation who bears the dulcet sounding cognomen of Stockdale appeared before the Atlanta public yesterday afternoon clothed in his baseball togs and standing proudly forth from the box in the center of the diamond, he did not reckon on the fact that there was a young gentleman, in fact, a proud married man, who hails somewhere from the Philippine islands, Edward Lauzen by name, would be and appear upon the scene of action.

However, and to the contrary notwithstanding, when the stalwart French athlete appeared before Mr. Stockdale in the tenth inning with Bennett safely tacked on to bag No. 1 and with the score standing a tie, it was then that this young aspirant to pitching honors from the mountains of North Carolina was made to clearly remember a certain afternoon back in merry June, when, in Montgomery, the same performance of yesterday was accomplished, and Lauzon smashed out a home run, winning the game.

It was a death blow to Mr. Stockdale when large Edward lined out that drive which resulted in the horse hide secreting itself beneaththe left field fence while the big Frenchman romped around for a total of four bases just behind Pug Bennett, tearing a ghastly hole in the tie and winning the game for the Crackers.

Mr. Stockdale may or may not have been burned in effigy on the public streets of Alabama's capital last evening.

Bridwell's Great Catch.

As to how young Al Bridwell saved the game for the Crackers is and should be one of the most thrilling chapters in the history of that contest which abounded in brilliant features.

It was in the seventh inning that Albert donned his life preserver and dashed into the dangerous serf with all the bravery of a member of a life saving crew on the coast.

The Crackers seemed wrecked beyond all hope. The score was a tie—standing 3 and 3—and two men, Mr. Stickney and Mr. Clarke, were safely anchored to bases ready for a dash which would result favorably for Whistler's herd. It was that same pleasing Mr. Stockdale who appeared at the plate and sent a high fly over behind second for what looked good for a safe single and which would result in two men scoring for Montgomery. Al got a line on the ball and went out after it while both the runners were scampering toward the plate with a feeling of absolute security.

Just before the ball came to earth Bridwell turned, making a motion which bore a striking resemblance to a spiral stairway, and with his face toward the centerfield fence reached out with his mitted hand and caught it while on the full run. The catch, it must be admitted, was as unexpected to Bridwell as to the spectators, but he had showed his willingness by making a desperate attempt, and this was rewarded. When he returned to the bench he was met with a ringing round of applause.

Another brilliant piece of fielding work broke into play during the fourth inning of the game when George Winters made a single-handed catch of a difficult high fly from the bat of Gladys Molesworth right up against the right field fence.

Koehler Put Out.

It was in this same inning—the fourth—that another interesting incident butted into the game with which Umpire Robinson and Bernard Koehler were connected, and after the incident was closed Koehler was disconnected.

Koehler made an attempt to steal second, and, according to Mr. Robinson, he failed, the umpire calling him out. Bernard did not agree with his umpship in the decision, and rising from the ground after his dusty slide, made a dash at Mr. Robinson as if he would do him a personal injury, contesting in language vigorous that he was not out and did not intend to be called out.

Umpire Robinson did exactly the proper thing when he ordered Koehler off the field and out of the game.

The people of Atlanta have a high regard for Koehler and his ability as a fielder, but they are not willing to sit by and witness puerile kicks from players at umpires' decisions. The crowd upheld Umpire Robinson in his action in ejecting Koehler from the game, though they hated to see him go—till Lauzon, who took his place, landed on Mr. Stockdale for that home run in the tenth, then they were really glad that Edward was given a whack at the sphere.

Another word about Mr. Stockdale before this chapter of baseball history is closed. Besides pitching an excellent game of ball, he played no small part in the run-getting for Montgomery, as it was his three-bagger to right field in the sixth inning which scored Harry Busch, and which paved the way for himself to tally in when Spratt went out on a high fly to right.

Another feature of the game yesterday was the inability of Montgomery's heaviest hitters to touch up Frank Wilson. No one of the first five men in the batting order even so much as took a scratch from Zeke, and up to the sixth inning no one of the Montgomery sluggers had touched Mr. Wilson.

How Runs Were Made.

Atlanta led off in the run-getting when Matthews went to first in the third inning, being hit by a pitched ball. He was advanced by Wilson's sacrifice, went to third on Crozier's hit to right and scored on a passed ball of Mr. Clarke.

Winters scored in the sixth on his two-base hit to left and Stafford's single to right. Crozier scored in the seventh, going to first on a free ticket, stealing second and scoring on Clarke's error in throwing to second.

In the tenth Bennett beat out a bunt to the pitcher and scored with Lauzon on Lauzon's home run under the left-field fence.

Clarke led off the sixth inning for Montgomery with a single to right and scored on Stockdale's three-bagger to center. Stockdale scored on Spratt's fly out to right field. Whistler drew a base on balls in the seventh, advanced on Burnett's out to first and scored on Stickney's hit through second.

The detailed score follows:

The Official Score.

MONTGOMERY.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Spratt, 3b	4	0	0	1	3	2
Childs, 2b	4	0	0	2	4	0
Molesworth, cf	5	0	0	3	0	0
Whistler, lb	2	1	0	14	2	0
Burnett, lf	4	0	0	3	0	0
Stickney, rf	4	0	2	3	0	1
Clarke, c	4	0	1	1	2	1
Busch, ss	4	1	1	4	3	0
Stockdale, p	4	1	1	1	1	0
Totals	35	3	5	30	15	4

ATLANTA.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Crozier, lf	4	1	2	1	0	0
Bridwell, ss	4	0	0	3	2	1
Winters, rf	4	1	1	3	0	0
Stafford, 1b	5	0	1	12	1	0
Bennett, 3b	5	1	1	1	3	1
Koehler, cf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Lauzon, cf	2	1	1	1	0	0
Morse, 2b	5	0	2	3	2	1
Matthews, c	4	1	0	5	1	0
Wilson, p	3	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	39	5	8	30	11	3

Score by innings:
Montgomery .. 0 0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0—3
Atlanta .. 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 2—5

Summary:
Wilson—Innings pitched 10; opponents at bat 35; hits by opponents 5; runs scored by opponents 3; bases on balls 2; struck out 5.

Stockdale—Innings pitched 10; opponents at bat 39; hits by opponents 8; runs scored by opponents 5; hit batsman 1; bases on balls 2.

Sacrifice hits, Wilson, Childs; stolen bases, Crozier 2, Bridwell; two-base hits, Winters; three-base hits, Stockdale; home run, Lauzon; passed balls, Clarke, Matthews; left on bases, Atlanta 6, Montgomery 7. Time of game, 2:10. Umpire, Robinson. Attendance 960.

LINE-UP OF TEAMS FOR TODAY'S GAME.

The second of the series with Montgomery will be played at Piedmont park this afternoon, beginning promptly at 4 o'clock.

Weyhing will be in the box for the Crackers and Streit will likely do the twirling for Montgomery.

The team will line up in batting order as follows:

ATLANTA.	MONTGOMERY.
Crozier, lf	Spratt, 3b
Bridwell, ss	Childs, 2b
Winters, rf	Molesworth, cf
Stafford, 1b	Whistler, 1b
Bennett, 3b	Burnett, lf
Koehler, cf	Stickney, rf
Morse, 2b	Clark, c
Matthews, c	Busch, ss
Weyhing, p	Streit, p

NOTES OF THE GAME.

Lauzon drew $11.30 and a gold watch for his timely hit.

Little Harry Busch is one of the quickest and best infielders in the league. His work around short yesterday was of the gilt-edged variety. Busch is a clean, gentlemanly player.

Lew Whistler had the brass to remark to the members of the press after the game that he was robbed of the game by the umpire, and given no police protection. Has Lew forgotten how many games were stolen from Atlanta in Montgomery by umpires—of the Brennan stamp, for instance? Honest, Lew, was a policeman ever known to show his face on the Montgomery grounds?

However, there were few policemen on the grounds yesterday. It is the duty of the police department to have officers on the field whose business it is to preserve order. One lone policeman was seen yesterday, and he refused to come at the bidding of Umpire Robinson.

Lew Whistler had no kick coming on Umpire Robinson. If anything, Atlanta got the worst of it in the close decisions, but we believe that Mr. Robinson umpired the game as he saw it.

Stockdale, besides being a good twirler, is a crack hitter. His three bagger was a timely drive, and had it not been for Bridwell's brilliant fielding work he would have had another hit registered in his favor, and would have scored two runners for Montgomery.

Even taking into consideration the element of chance which entered into Bridwell's catch, still it was a brilliant piece of work and goes to prove that it always pays for a player to make the effort. Not many players would have taken the desperate chance taken by Bridwell yesterday.

George Winters, in speaking of the gold watch given Ed Lauzon yesterday, remarked that it would be well for the big Frenchman to make another such drive, and next time the crowd would give him a clock for Mrs. Lauzon.

There was an error in the published number of the attendance at the double header Wednesday. There were 2,030 paid admissions.

Not one of Montgomery's heaviest hitters was able to connect with Frank Wilson's benders. Frank has a way of fooling his friends from his home town.

"Well, we've struck our winning streak again," remarked a well known fan yesterday. "We always begin on Montgomery."

George Winters caused Gladys Molesworth's heart to sink with a heavy dull thud when he made his sensational one-handed catch up against the right field fence. That was Gladys' only real good chance for a hit.

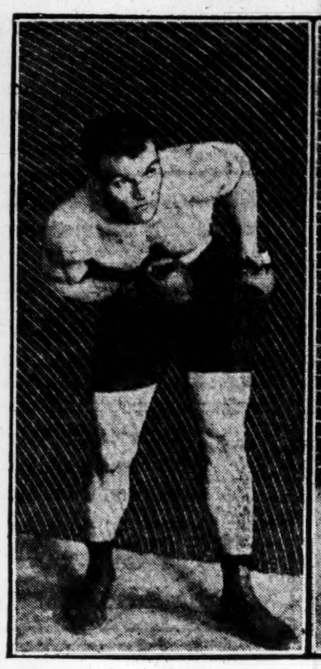
The people indorsed the action of Umpire Robinson in putting Koehler out of the game yesterday, notwithstanding the fact that he is one of the most popular players on the Atlanta team. Atlanta patrons of the game refuse to stand for kicks and protestations at umpire's decisions. At the same time they are unwilling to stand for senseless decisions of the umpire.

A large number of the ball players and others will hear the returns of the prize fight tonight at 23 1-2 South Broad as detailed by Announcer King. Mr. King is an adept at calling out baseball, and will doubtless be as good with the slugging of Corbett and Jeffries.

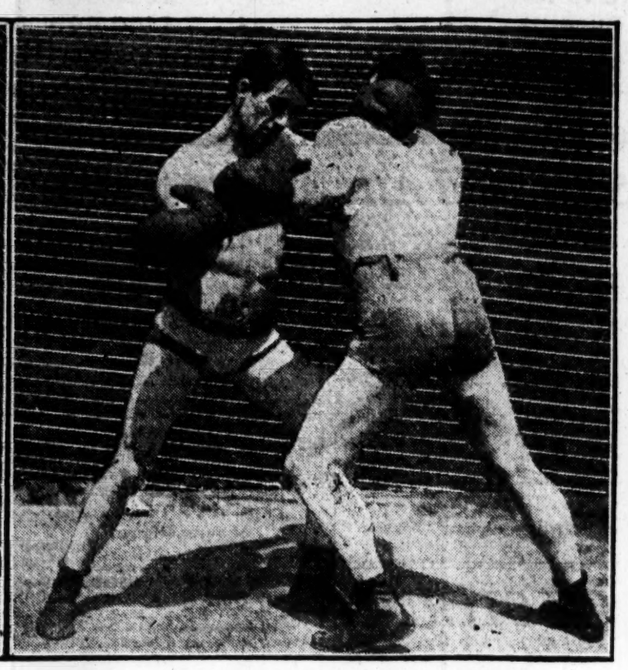
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SPORTING MEN HEAD FOR 'FRISCO TO SEE THE CORBETT-JEFFRIES MILL



As Jeffries Looked August 8, at Harbin Springs.



Corbett and York in a Mix-Up.

Indications Are That Fight Will Be a Record Breaker in Point of Attendance. Jeffries Resting Quietly, but Corbett Has Not Eased off in His Training as Was Expected.

San Francisco, August 13.—Never in this city has more interest been taken in a pugilistic encounter than is now manifested regarding tomorrow night's contest between James J. Corbett and James J. Jeffries. Betting, however, has been comparatively light at the prevailing odds of two to one in Jeffries' favor.

The attendance promises to exceed 12,000, and so fast have the tickets been sold, notwithstanding the big prices asked, that additional seats have been placed in the pavilion. When the time is called tomorrow there is not likely to be an unocupied seat in view of the ring. Jeffries slat the Reliance Club in Oakland, where he will remain until a few hours before the fight. He certainly never looked more fit in his life. His muscles stand out hard and firm over his massive frame and his skin is of that ruddy hue that bespeaks the best type of physical fitness. He slept this morning until 10 o'clock and then disposed of a hearty breakfast.

"It's just a little work to keep limbered up for the big event," said Trainer DeLaney. "Jeffries will neither spar nor indulge in road work. He is as fast as he can be, his wind is perfect, his condition is the finest in his life and if Corbett whips him he will be the wonder of the age. Jeffries himself figures that he will take the measure of the Olympian in about ten rounds."

Jeffries is heavier than he has ever been at the close of training for any of his engagements, and to the men who handle him his condition seems to be most pleasing.

When seen today at his training quarters in Alameda, Corbett said:

"I would be willing to lose one of my arms if I can defeat Jeffries." He added: "I know that Jeffries is a big, rough fellow, but nothing can discourage me. If the betting were 100 to 1 in favor of Jeffries, it would make no difference. I have been doing everything that mortal man could do for the last fifteen months to get into condition for this fight and now I have about finished my work. I am fit to make the fight of my life tomorrow, and if I don't win I never could or never can win against the man. Win or lose, I will say the same thing after the fight that I say now. I like the job I am about to go up against, and will do my best to come out the victor."

Jeffries' weight, as indicated by the marker on the scales of the Reliance Club today, was 216 pounds, and he says that is his best fighting weight. For his contest with Gus Ruhlin, Jeffries tipped the beam at 207 pounds. He weighed 213 when he put Corbett out before, and his weight in the recent engagement with Fitzsimmons was 213 pounds.

"You might talk from now until the bell rings curtains on the last fight on top of earth and you could say no more than I have already said about this battle," said Jeffries. "I have not neglected my training. I was never better in my life, and if I ever expected to win a fight this is the one. When I will win it, how fight and what round will mark the close are questions no man can answer. I can only say I will take the money at the earliest opportunity. I have figured on every kind of a battle Corbett can put up and he will find me more than ready to carry the milling to him.

"I do not believe that he can keep away from me for ten rounds. Certainly he cannot for fifteen, but I will be there with the punch whenever the opportunity affords, and at that Corbett and his admirers will know that something has happened."

Billy Delaney wants a physicians to examine both Corbett and Jeffries before they enter the ring, so that neither will have a chance to foul himself and claim the other did it.

"We are willing to stand the examination and think the other side should be," said Delaney. "I don't think Corbett would do such a thing, but it is best to take all precautions. You know a man can easily foul himself and make it appear that the other side did it. He can do it with a poultice before the fight and hide the red blotch under his tights, or he can do it with a hypodermic injection between the rounds. So I have suggested that a physician look both men over thoroughly before the fight. It is a formality that might mean much."

STOMACH PUNCH WINS FOR NEIL

He Puts Forbes Out in the Second Round at Frisco.

San Francisco, August 13.—Frankie Neil, of San Francisco, won the bantam weight championship of the world tonight when he handed a left swing in the pit of Harry Forbes' stomach in the second round of a scheduled twenty-round fight. Forbes, by virtue of holding the championship, was a two to one favorite in the betting, but Neil, in spite of that fact, had many local supporters. In the first round of the fight no effective blows were landed. Forbes appeared in splendid condition and was much the shower boxer of the two. But he could not land effectively. When they came up for the second round Neil lashed out with his left and landed a terrible punch on Forbes' stomach.

The eastern champion doubled up like a jack knife and fell over backwards. He lay in the corner of the ring and gasped for breath, but managed to get up before ten seconds were counted. Neil went at his man like a young tiger, and rained a shower on the almost defenceless Forbes. Another punch in the stomach sent Forbes down again and Referee Graney counted him out.

Neil evidently did not hear the end of the count, for as Forbes struggled to his feet Neil landed another left on the jaw and sent his man under the ropes.

There was a vigorous cry of foul from the Forbes people, but as their man had already been counted out, it was of no avail.

Considerable interest was manifested in this contest as the men met before, when Neil claimed a foul, which was not allowed by the referee and the decision was given to Forbes.

Johnnie Regan, of St. Louis, challenged the winner.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

National League Standing.

CLUBS—	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Pittsburg	96	64	32	.666
New York	96	59	37	.614
Chicago	94	56	38	.596
Cincinnati	96	51	45	.531
Brooklyn	94	44	50	.468
Boston	91	39	52	.429
St. Louis	99	35	64	.354
Philadelphia	92	31	61	.337

New York Wins Two.

New York, August 13.—New York won another double-header today, beating St. Louis in both games.

Score: R H E
New York .. 0 1 0 0 0 4 0 1 *—6 9 0
St. Louis .. 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—2 7 3

Batteries—Matthewson and Bowerman; Brown and O'Neill. Time 1:50. Umpires, Johnston and Emslie.

Second game—
Score: R H E
New York .. 3 2 2 0 1 1 0 0 0—9 8 7
St. Louis .. 0 4 0 0 0 1 0 0 2—7 9 7

Batteries—Miller and Bowerman; Currie, Murphy and Ryan. Time 1:50. Umpires, Johnston and Emslie. Attendance, 8,700.

Pittsburg 14, Brooklyn 6.

Brooklyn, August 13.—The Pittsburg champions scored an easy victory over the local team today, mainly on account of Schmidt's wildness.

Score: R H E
Pittsburg .. 0 2 5 0 1 3 0 1 2—14 13 3
Brooklyn .. 1 1 3 0 0 0 0 1 0— 6 11 4

Batteries—Philippi and Phelps; Doescher, Schmidt and Ritter. Time 2:13. Umpire, Hurst. Attendance, 3,300.

Chicago 7, Boston 3.

Boston, August 13.—Boston was outplayed today, though luck was with the visitors.

Score: R H E
Chicago .. 0 1 2 0 4 0 0 0 0—7 10 2
Boston .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0—3 11 4

Batteries—Weimer and Kling; Willis and Moran. Time 1:53. Umpire, O'Day. Attendance, 1,900.

ATHLETICS PLAY OLYMPICS.

Amateur Game of Considerable Interest Will Be Played at Brisbine Park Tomorrow Afternoon.

The Atlanta Athletic Club and the Olympics will mix up in a baseball contest tomorrow at 3:45 o'clock at Brisbine park. Everyone in Atlanta is familiar with the victorious record of the Athletics. With heady twirlers, speedy fielders and heavy batters they have put up a magnificent game throughout the season.

And now the Olympics are determined to give them a good old time drubbing, and believe that they are able to do it, if it can be done by any baseball team. Some time ago they issued a challenge to any team in the state. Tomorrow's game is the result of that challenge.

The line-up is as follows:

A. A. C. Position.	OLYMPICS.
White	catcher	Lafitte
Moses or Murray	pitcher	LaBell or Dorsey
Reynolds	first base	Sheridan
Tichenor	second base	Terrence
Freeman	third base	Klassett
Clarke	shortstop	Shaw
Browning	left field	Cowan
Patterson	center field	Dorsey
Murphy	right field	Cochran

BILLY BUCK'S GOOD WORK.

New York, August 13.—The attendance was large on the fourth day of the Empire City grand circuit meeting. The $5,000 Mount Verson stake brought out a small field and Billy Buck was the favorite at $100 to $120 for the field. In the first heat the finish was very close. In the second heat the favorite won by only a neck from Tiverton.

Major Delmar did not trot to beat the world's record, but went against his own record. He made the mile in 2:04. Summary:

Mount Verson stake, $5,00, 2:12 trot: Billy Buck won in two straight heats; Tiverton, second; Promise, third. Best time, 2:07 1-2.

2:17 pace, purse $1,000: Al Bock won in two straight heats; Ebony King, second; Mush, third. Best time, 2:08 1-4.

2:23 trot, purse $1,000: Judge Green won in two straight heats; Bessie Birchwood, second; Bermuda Maid, third. Best time, 2:11 3-4.

2:08 pace, purse $1,200: Nervalo won first and third heats and race; Sufreet, second; Joe Pointer, third. Best time, 2:05 3-4.

Winder 4, Lawrenceville 2.

Lawrenceville, Ga., August 13.—(Special.)—The invincible Lawrenceville baseball team met their first defeat after twelve straight games today. Winder and Lawrenceville met on the diamond for the first time this season and Lawrenceville met her Waterloo. The feature of the game was the pitching of Segars, for Winder, shutting out Lawrenceville for eight long innings. Moses pitched for Lawrenceville. Score: Lawrenceville 2, Winder 4.

Huntsville 8, Twin City 4.

Huntsville, Ala., August 13.—(Special.)—By bunching hits in the seventh inning Huntsville snatched victory from the Twin City team and won the third straight of the league series today. Score 8 to 4. Hits 16 and 6. Batteries—Norwood and Swain for Hunisville; Welch and O'Brien for Decatur.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Milwaukee 2; Indianapolis 4.
Milwaukee 3; Indianapolis 0.
No more games scheduled.

GREAT ROLLS WON ON NANNIE HODGE

"Killing" Is Worked by the Knowing Ones at Harlem.

THREE FAVORITES IN FRONT

And Each of Them Was Heavily Played, Nannie Hodge Being Backed from 2 to 1 to 9 to 5—She Led All the Way.

Chicago, August 13.—Nannie Hodge, backed from 2 to 1 to 9 to 5, won the Proviso selling stakes at Harlem today. Salto, at 16 to 1, was second, a length in front of Father Tallent. The winner shot to the front at the drop of the flag and had a clear lead of two lengths to the stretch. The next furlong she drew away with utmost ease and won, pulled up, with four lengths to spare. The books were given a hard drubbing in the first three races, as the favorite won in each event, after being heavily backed. Weather cloudy; track fast. Summary:

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Outwal, 97 (La. Wilson), 5 to 2, won; Away Right, 100 (Helgeson), 6 to 1, second; Our Chap, 95 (H. Phillips), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:14 3-5. Saurkraut, Alamonde, Codex, Anna J. and Red Bird ran.

SECOND RACE—Six and one-half furlongs: Bardolph, 115 (Landry), 13 to 10, won; Incubator, 115 (T. Bonner), 5 to 1, second; Hudson, 115 (Adkins), 40 to 1, third. Time, 1:21. Pompino, By Ways, Darro, Chicago Girl, Curate, Kleinwood, John Powers and Ottertail, ran.

THIRD RACE—Five and one-half furlongs, Proviso stake: Nannie Hodge, 102 (S. Bonner), 9 to 5, won; Salto, 98 (Adkins), 16 to 1, second; Father Tallent, 103 (H. Phillips), 5 to 2, third. Time, 1:07. Tryon, J. P. Maybury and Pat Hammon ran.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs: McGee, 115 (Helgesen), 4 to 1, won; English Lad 91 (H. Phillips) 2 to 1, second; Callant, 119 (Otis), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:19 4-5. Prince Silverwings, Skillful and Americano ran.

FIFTH RACE—Mile: C. B. Campbell, 104 (Wilson), 3 to 1, won; Bard of Avon, 104 (Coleman), 4 to 1, second; Bab, 99 (Adkins), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:40 3-5. Inventor, Aline Abbott, Antolee, Bob Franklin, Dutch Carter and Bay Wonder ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile: Christine A, 90 (Coleman), 7 to 2, won; Miracle II, 102 (Knapp), 3 to 1, second; Fullback, 89 (H. Phillips), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:40 2-5. Pat Morrisey, Ulrich, Safeguard, Myth, Gracious, Somersault Max Bendix, Silver Fizz, Rickory Corners and Dr. Leland ran.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

American League Standing.

CLUBS.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Boston	96	61	35	.636
Philadelphia	96	55	41	.573
Cleveland	97	52	45	.536
New York	90	47	43	.522
Detroit	92	47	45	.511
St. Louis	91	42	49	.462
Chicago	96	42	53	.442
Washington	93	29	64	.312

Philadelphia 5, Chicago 1.

Chicago, August 13.—Philadelphia won today's game by scoring three runs in the fourth inning.

Score: R. H. E.
Chicago .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1 6 2
Philadelphia .. 0 0 0 3 0 1 0 1 0—5 8 1

White and Slattery; Bender and Powers. Time, 1:35. Umpire, Connolly. Attendance, 1,800.

Cleveland Wins Double-Header.

Cleveland, August 13.—Cleveland went into third place today, taking two games from New York. Moore and Joss were puzzled to the visitors.

First game:
Score: R. H. E.
Cleveland .. 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 2 *—5 9 1
New York .. 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—2 7 3

Moore and Abbott; Tannehill and O'Connor. Time, 1:40. Umpire, Sheridan Attendance, 8,900.

Second game:
Score: R. H. E.
Cleveland .. 0 4 0 0 1 0 0 3 *—8 10 2
New York .. 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—2 7 3

Joss and Abbott; Deering, Howell and Beville. Time, 1:25. Umpire, Sheridan. Attendance 6,900.

Even Break at Detroit.

Detroit, August 13.—Detroit and Boston broke even today in a double-header, with no points of resemblance between the two games. The first was a pitchers' battle and the second a slovenly one on Boston's part.

First game:
Score: R. H. E.
Boston .. 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 2—3 7 1
Detroit .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1 4 6

Dineen and Criger; Mullen and McGuire. Time, 2:06. Umpire, O'Loughlin.

Second game:
Score: R. H. E.
Boston .. 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 8 5
Detroit .. 8 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—10 9 0

Gibson, Winters, Criger and Stahl; Kitson and Buelow. Time, 1:35. Umpire, O'Loughlin. Attendance, 4,400.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Little Rock Wins Two.

Little Rock, Ark., August 13.—Little Rock took both games of the double-header from New Orleans today, though the latter played fast ball. Three singles and two stolen bases in the first inning won the first game, as Dolan kept the hits well scattered. New Orleans had the second game won until Montgomery, substitute catcher, made two wild throws to first in the eighth inning, which, with two singles, netted three runs. Attendance 2,500. Umpire, Keefe.

Score: R. H. E.
First game:
Little Rock .. 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 *—3 6 2
New Orleans .. 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 9 1

Batteries—Dolan and Lynch; Applegate and Law.

Second game:
Score: R. H. E.
Little Rock .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 3 *—4 7 0
New Orleans .. 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—2 6 5

Batteries—Watt and Lynch; Hopkins and Hurley and Montgomery.

Birmingham 7, Nashville 6.

Nashville, Tenn., August 13.—Birmingham pounded Bailey hard in the seventh and eighth innings and won the game. Tritton was batted hard at the beginning, but settled down and pitched effectively.

Score: R. H. E.
Nashville .. 0 1 3 1 1 0 0 0 0—6 13 0
Birmingham .. 0 0 1 1 0 0 2 3 0—7 13 4

Batteries—Bailey, Deaver and Fisher; Tritton and Millerick.

Memphis 7, Shreveport 4.

Memphis, Tenn., August 13.—The locals defeated Shreveport today in a game abounding with heavy batting and high class fielding. Memphis made three errors, while the visitors played a perfect game in the field. Werden and Beck made home runs. Umpire Edright's work was not up to his usual mark and the visitors vigorously protested several of his decisions. Attendance 1,000.

Score: R. H. E.
Memphis .. 0 0 4 2 0 1 0 0 *—7 13 3
Shreveport .. 1 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0—4 3 0

Batteries—McIntyre and Fritz; Hughey and Graffius.

Anniston 10, Gadsden 9.

Anniston, Ala., August 13.—(Special.)—Anniston and Gadsden played a close game here this afternoon, the locals winning by a score of 10 to 9. Stevenson, formerly of Gadsden, pitched for the locals and was hit safely twelve times. Ham, of Gadsden, was batted out of the box in two innings, being relieved by Schwenk. Much interest is being taken in the game, many Gadsden people being in attendance.

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Ask for the Brewery Bottling.

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—PIEDMONT PARK—
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ATLANTA
vs.
MONTGOMERY
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	CENTS		CENTS
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" 5.00	5	" 105.00	35
" 10.00	8	" 110.00	38
" 20.00	10	" 120.00	40
" 30.00	12	" 130.00	42
" 40.00	15	" 140.00	45
" 50.00	18	" 150.00	48
" 60.00	20	" 160.00	50
" 75.00	25	" 175.00	55
" 100.00	30	" 200.00	60

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THE SHIRT THAT MAKES A MAN FEEL THAT HIS DOLLAR IS DOING DOUBLE DUTY. ASK YOUR OUTFITTER.
CLUETT-PEABODY MADE.

COTTON MARKET WAS VERY DULL

Report That Tropical Storm Headed Toward Gulf States

WAS AN INFLUENCE EARLY

A Little New Cotton Was Reported from Various Southern Points, but Had Little Influence. Closed Unchanged to 15 Points Lower.

New York, August 13.—The cotton market opened steady at unchanged prices to a decline of 3 points on all except the March option, which was 1 point up. The declines were in sympathy with lower Liverpool cables, which encouraged realizing and perhaps some small sales for short account, but there was very little business of any description, and shortly after the start moderate support from the clique imparted a firmer tone to the market, while sellers were rendered cautious by renewed apprehensions as to the tropical storm, which was again reported to be headed toward the gulf states. August was bid up to 12.44 and September, after some irregularity, touched 10.83, with the general list at the best prices of the forenoon, showing net gains of 1 to 14 points. After this, however, clique support was partially withdrawn and the generally favorable character of private crop advices, together with the favorable showing of the weather map, encouraged a sagging tendency which lasted during the balance of the session, or nearly so, for just before the close there was a sudden renewal of the demand for September and that option was finally 7 points up from the bottom. The rest of the list closed at practically the low point with August showing the greatest loss. The close was steady, net unchanged to 15 points lower. Early there was some talk of low temperatures in the belt delaying maturity and this had some influence in restricting sales. A little new crop cotton was reported from various southern points but had little influence. Total sales, estimated 100,000 bales.

Review of the New Orleans Market.

New Orleans, August 13.—Spot cotton remains steady; sales 900 bales to southern spinners at full prices; quotations unchanged.

The future market was quiet at the opening, and prices were 1 to 4 points lower than yesterday's closing, caused by free selling from the interior. Favorable cables, an unfavorable weather map and the ravages of boll weevil and other insects were bullish features too strong to be overlooked by professionals, who were the first to recognize their value. Strong room buying sent prices well above the opening figures. Conditions, however, were soon changed by scalping operations which left prices at the close net 2 to 6 points below yesterday's closing level.

Futures ranged as follows in New Orleans yesterday:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
August	13.00	13.03	12.95	12.95-13
September	10.92	10.98	10.90	10.90-91
October	9.78	9.82	9.76	9.77-78
November	9.65	9.65	9.65	9.67-69
December	9.58	9.62	9.56	9.56-57
January	9.60	9.62	9.60	9.57-59
February	.....	.....	.....	9.58-60
March	.....	.....	.....	9.59-61

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, August 13.—Dry goods buyers are still operating with comparative activity in jobbing houses, and this condition is likely to prevail for some time to come. While sellers look for a gradual improvement of demand at first hands, it is anticipated that buying will be as conservative as necessities will permit.

The following was the range of cotton contracts in New York yesterday:

MONTHS.	Opening	Highest	Lowest	L'st sale	Closing bid and asked.
August	12 40	12 44	12 25	12 30	12 25-28
September	10 77	10 83	10 71	10 79	10 79
October	9 94	10 01	9 93	9 97	9 96-97
November	9 74	9 76	9 74	9 76	9 72-74
December	9 72	9 77	9 71	9 72	9 72-73
January	9 74	9 77	9 71	9 73	9 73-74
February					
March	9 75	9 75	9 70	9 70	9 72-73
April					9 71-72
May					
June					
July					

Futures closed steady.

Following table shows receipts, exports and stock at all ports yesterday:

	RECEIPTS 1903	RECEIPTS 1902	EXPORTS 1903	EXPORTS 1902	STOCKS 1903	STOCKS 1902
Saturday	4	677	......	......	209435	176229
Monday	401	1046	......	2987	210274	173397
Tuesday	128	1340	850	17136	212562	157857
Wednesd'y	205	1951	6579	9175	205218	150858
Thursday	266	3034	487	1300	207892	150822
Friday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total	1004	8648	7916	30599		

The Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, August 14—12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot quiet with prices unchanged: middling uplands 6.84: sales 6,000: Amerian 4,900: speculation and export 1,000: receipts none: American none. Futures opened firm.

	Open'g.	Closing.
August	6 58	6 57-58
August-September	6 49	6 48
September-Octobe	5 86	5 85-86
October-November	5 45	5 46
November-December	5 35	5 35-36
December January	5 31	5 31
January-February	5 30	5 29-30
February-March	5 29	5 29
March-April	5 29	5 28-29

Futures closed steady.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, August 13.—Liverpool continues to absorb the offerings here from the south for winter delivery, that market being relatively the lowest. New cotton is appearing in the interior towns of southwest Texas in small but increasing quantities. We should soon be trading in cotton from the new crop, the prospects of which continue to be very good. So far the actual course of the gulf storms has not been outlined, though it is expected to pass over the south Atlantic states. The local short interest having covered yesterday, the market depended upon Liverpool for its support, and after that market closed, it drifted slowly toward lower prices. This drift was due to the crop reports, which are the best in years. September was supported at the close on reports that the storm might pass over Texas. The spot market was quiet and unchanged.

Bruce, Jones & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, August 13.—Opening prices were unchanged to a slightly lower level, which was due more to unresponsive cables than to any inherent weakness in the position of the staple. Commission houses had a fair line of buying orders on hand, which as a rule were limited as to price, and the foreign houses were again good buyers on balance. Cables were not quite as bullish as expected, after the bullish feeling here yesterday, but the crop and weather news were in a measure responsible for this, as the West Indian hurricane, which was predicted for the gulf states, failed to materialize, and this naturally had some influence on the trade. Crop news did not favor either side to a marked extent, heavy rains have fallen over a considerable portion of the belt, which, it is felt, will injure the plant. The better feeling in Wall street, as reflected by the better prices of stocks, helped the market to some extent, but it is felt that the cotton market must eventually stand on its own bottom and break away from the influences that have dominated it for the past two or three months. The late trading was of small proportions, but prices regained the early loss, and the market closed quiet and steady, 4 to 5 points below the best of the day.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, August 13.—Liverpool opened 2 to 4 points higher for futures and unchanged for spots. This market, however, grew weaker and declined 3 to 4 points before our opening. Our opening was about 2 to 4 points lower. In the early morning large buying orders had a depressing tendency on September. This led to a decline of 6 points. All the rest of the market held firm. The early advices were of a bullish tendency. Numerous complaints were received of bad crop conditions. In some sections of Georgia reports of the caterpillar have been received. The loss in September was soon recovered, and this month led in an advance, which immediately followed. A gain of 12 points was reached by this month. The others gained 4 to 7 points. The afternoon session was rather dull and weak.

Atlanta Brokerage Co.'s Cotton Letter

New York, August 13.—There was a steady opening to the market for cotton today, the first prices being at an advance of 1 point to a decline of 3. The Liverpool cables were a little disappointing, and brought out some long stuff with the result that some options were pressed for sale. The private cables were to the effect that the reaction in the English market was due to favorable crop reports from this side. Locally the selling was restricted by rather low temperatures in some sections of the belt, the point being made that the lateness of the crop was being increased here and there. There was some light bull support on little declines. This buying encouraged the belief that the bull element was still disposed to work for a higher range of prices. Shorts were rather nervous, and quite a lot of buying during the day was traceable to bear crowd. The longs in the market were inclined to take profits, however, and on the better levels there was some increase in the offerings. There was a continuance of moderate receipts, the port receipts being figured at 275 bales, against the same figure last week and 3,034 bales last year. For the week the estimate was cut down some 300 bales to 1,200 bales, against 1,171 last week and 11,410 bales last year. At Houston today there was none, while at New Orleans there were 253 bales. The spot markets were steady. There was only a moderate demand, but the indications pointed to a good trade in cloth for the future at full prices. The late market was rather quiet with the pit element largely in control of affairs.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

STATIONS OF ATLANTA DISTRICT.	Temp'ture. Max.	Temp'ture. Min.	Rainfall inches and hundredths.
Atlanta, cloudy	83	70	.01
Chattanooga, clear	84	68	T
Collmbus, part cloudy	90	73	.00
Gainesville, clear	84	66	T
Greenville, clear	84	64	.00
Griffin, clear	87	68	.05
Macon, cloudy	85	72	.10
Monticello, clear	86	69	.07
Newnan, cloudy	88	67	.00
Rome, clear	90	66	.00
Spartanburg, clear	92	66	.00
Tallapoosa, clear	89	63	.00
Toccoa, part cloudy	85	65	.00
West Point, cloudy	90	69	1.14

Heavy rainfalls: Monroe, La., 2.70; Kingstree, S. C., 1.60; Pine Bluff, Ark., 1.82; Thomasville, Ga., 1.54.

CENTRAL STATION.	Number of stations reporting.	District Averages. Temp'ture. Max.	Min.	Rainfall, inches, hundredths.
Atlanta	14	86	68	.10
Augusta	9	90	70	T
Charleston	5	92	70	.40
Galveston	30	92	72	T
Little Rock	12	88	68	.32
Memphis	16	86	68	.10
Mobile	9	88	70	T
Montgomery	9	88	70	.04
New Orleans	15	90	70	.34
Oklahoma	10	94	70	.01
Savannah	12	92	70	.34
Vicksburg	13	88	70	.32
Wilmington	10	86	68	.14

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.

Remarks—Inappreciable amounts of rain fell in August, Galveston and Mobile districts; in other parts of the belt the falls were more coupious and were quite heavy in portions of the New Orleans, Charleston, Little Rock and Savannah districts.

Temperatures have fallen slightly over the eastern half of the belt; elsewhere they have not changed materially.

J. B. MARBURY, Local Forcaster.

Baxter & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, August 13.—Early prices, as a rule, were 2 to 4 points lower. The market was extremely dull. Cables were rather easier. The weather was fine, as a rule, especially in Texas, where temperatures were very high, and just as needed to help the crop. No rain of consequence outside of Jacksonville. No little concern was felt about the tropical storm. Bulls were calculating on its striking the gulf and extending to Louisiana or Texas. The market is very sensitive, more so than for some time. The new bales are appearing very slowly, and until they are more numerous, nobody cares to sell, except in a small way. The clique apparently proposes to hold on, at least, they show no signs of receding, as yet. Several new bales were reported at two points in Texas. Cables were steady at unchanged to 2 net advance. Yarns move slowly at Manchester, and cloths there are at low limits for orders. Rain was the forecast for the Atlantic and gulf states. Trading here was very slow most of the day. Buyers as well as sellers were holding back, and people cared less to sell than to buy. Thirty-six hundred bales reached here from Europe.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, August 13.—Coffee futures opened steady and unchanged to 5 points lower and ruled generally quiet with the price changes more in the nature of adjustment in sympathy with lower European cables and full primary receipts; closed quiet, net unchanged to 5 points lower; sales 5,750 bags; September 3.75; December 4.30; March 4.55; May 4.70; July 4.80. Coffee, spot quiet.

Sugar, raw steady; fair refining 3 3-16. Refined steady.

New Orleans, August 13.—Sugar dull; open kettle 2 5-8@3 7-8; open gettle centrifugal 3 1-8@3 1-2; centrifugal whites 4 3-8; yellow 3 5-8@4; seconds 2@3 3-8. Molasses, centrifugal dull at 5@18.

Cotton Seed Oil and Meal.

New York, August 13.—Cotton seed oil was dull and still practically nominal on spot in the absence of business. Prime crude, f. o. b. mills, 28c, new crop; prime summer yellow 41c bid; off summer yellow 38c; prime white 47c; prime winter yellow 47c.

Memphis, August 13.—Cotton seed oil: Car load lots per gallon, prime crude nominal; off crude 24@33; prime summer yellow 37c; off summer yellow nominal; choice cooking summer yellow, less than car load lots, nominal. Cotton seed meal, prime $20@20.50. Cotton seed cake, prime $20.50.

New Orleans, August 13.—Cotton seed oil: Prime refined in barrels 42 1-2c; off refined in barrels 37c; prime crude, loose 36c.

Provisions.

Atlanta, August 13—Regular rib sides, boxed 8.00; half ribs 7.90; bellies, 20-lb. average, 8.70. Star hams 14 1-2c. Banquet hams 13 1-4; California hams 8 3-4; Simon pure kettle rendered leaf lard 9 1-4; Shield brand leaf lard 8 1-2; white cloud compound 7 1-2.

New York, August 13.—Lard steady; refined quiet; continent 8.15. Pork steady; family $17.50@18.

Chicago, August 13.—Mess pork 13.10@13.15. Lard 7.75@7.80. Short ribs sides (loose) 7.50@7.75; dry salted shoulders (boxed) 7.50@7.92 1-2; short clear sides boxed 8.12 1-2@8.25.

St. Louis, August 13.—Pork easy; jobbing, standard mess, $13.65. Lard firmer at 7.10. Bacon steady; boxed extra shorts 8.12 1-2; clear ribs 8.87 1-2; short clear 9.25.

Cincinnati, August 13.—Lard steady at 7.15. Bulk meats quiet at 8.80. Bacon steady at 9.50.

P. ROMARE, President.
C. E. CURRIER, Vice-President and Cashier.
A. E. THORNTON, 2d Vice-President.
E. B. BLOODWORTH, Ass't Cashier.

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THE SPOT COTTON MARKETS IN DETAIL

MARKET.	Tone.	Middling.	Net Receipts.	Gross Receipts.	Sales.	Stock.	EXPORTS TO— Great Britain.	Coastwise.	Continent.	France.
Atlanta	Nominal	12⅝	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Galveston	Steady	12⅛	....	....	....	1,155	....	....	487	....
Norfolk	Steady	12½	....	....	....	123	....	....	....	....
Baltimore	Nominal	13	....	....	....	363	....	....	....	....
Boston	Steady	12.75	11	43	....	....	....	....	....	....
Wilmington	Nominal	....	....	....	....	202	....	....	....	....
Philadelphia	Quiet	13	....	....	....	561	....	....	....	....
Savannah	Nominal	12⅝	....	....	2	3,460	....	53	....	....
New Orleans	Steady	12⅝	253	253	908	27,866	....	....	....	....
Mobile	Nominal	....	....	....	....	277	....	98	....	....
Memphis	Quiet	12 9-16	35	62	....	1,294	....	....	....	....
Augusta	Nominal	13	1	1	....	253	....	....	....	....
Charleston	Quiet and firm	12¼	....	....	....	123	....	....	....	....
Cincinnati	Quiet	11	....	....	....	6,812	....	....	....	....
Louisville	Quiet	12⅝	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
St. Louis	Quiet	12½	....	....	....	1,494	....	....	....	....
Houston	Quiet	12	....	....	....	1,140	....	....	....	....
New York	Quiet	12.75	....	3,600	1,297	....	....	....	....	....

Total receipts today, 266. Exports to continent today, 487. Stock, 207,892. Consolidated receipts 5 days, 1,004. Exports to France 5 days, 3,046; to continent, 4,870. Total receipts since Sept. 1, 7,702,262. Exports to Great Britain since Sept. 1, 2,784,782; to France, 780,505; to continent, 2,822,665; to Japan, 235,133.

OFFICIAL RANGE AND SALES OF STOCKS

Railway Stocks.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Today.	Yest'day.
Atchison	75,200	60¼	58¾	59¼	58⅞
do. preferred	1,900	89	88⅛	88⅛	88
Baltimore and Ohio	31,500	83½	82¼	82⅝	81½
do. preferred	700	87¾	86⅞	86⅝	86½
Canadian Pacific	7,700	125⅞	124⅞	125⅜	124¾
Central of New Jersey	500	163	160	159½	158¾
Chesapeake and Ohio	4,800	32⅜	31⅞	32	30⅞
Chicago and Alton	1,200	22¼	21	22	20¼
do. preferred	400	62¾	62½	62	62¼
Chicago and Great Western	5,200	17¼	15⅝	16⅛	15½
do. B preferred	2,000	31	29	30½	28
Chicago and Northwestern	1,500	162½	160	162	159
Chicago Term. and Trans.	100	10⅞	10⅞	10⅛	10
do. preferred	800	21	20	20⅝	19½
C., C., C. and St. Louis	1,300	70⅞	69¾	70	68½
Colorado Southern	2,700	15	14	14¼	13¾
do. 1st preferred	2,300	51⅞	51	51⅜	49
do. 2d preferred	2,900	22	21	21⅜	20
Delaware and Hudson	1,600	164	161	162½	161
Delaware, Lack. and West.	300	246	243	245	240
Denver and Rio Grande	700	24¼	23⅝	24¼	22⅝
do. preferred	900	76	75⅛	75⅛	74⅜
Erie	50,900	28⅝	27⅛	27⅜	26⅞
do. 1st preferred	9,500	67	66¼	66¼	66⅞
do. 2d preferred	2,300	52	50	50⅜	49
Great Northern preferred	......	......	......	165	165
Hocking Valley	800	69	68	68⅜	68⅞
do. preferred	500	81½	81	81½	82
Illinois Central	2,500	133½	130⅜	132	129½
Iowa Central	400	19½	19	18	17
do. preferred	400	35	35	35	34
Kansas City Southern	1,300	23	21	22⅜	20
do. preferred	200	37	36½	36⅜	36
Louisville and Nashville	4,800	105½	103⅜	104⅜	103¼
Manhattan L.	9,400	134⅜	132⅜	133½	132¼
Metropolitan St. Ry.	2,900	115	113¼	113½	113¾
Minneapolis and St. Louis	1,100	59⅜	58	57	55
Missouri Pacific	47,200	94	91⅜	92½	91⅜
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	1,150	19½	18⅜	18⅜	18⅝
do. preferred	1,800	40	39	39¼	39
Nat. R. R. of Mexico pfd.	2,300	40½	38½	40	37⅜
New York Central	11,100	123½	121	122	120⅜
Norfolk and Western	6,400	62⅞	62	62¼	61¼
do. preferred	......	......	......	86	85
Ontario and Western	20,450	24¼	22⅜	23⅜	22
Pennsylvania	34,300	124⅜	123⅛	123⅜	123¼
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. L.	200	63	62⅛	61⅜	60½
Reading	256,900	57¼	51⅜	55⅜	51½
do. 1st preferred	1,100	81¼	80⅜	81	79½
do. 2d preferred	1,400	69¼	69	69¼	67
Rock Island Co.	43,100	25⅜	24⅛	24¼	23⅜
do. preferred	3,600	63½	62	62½	61¼
St. L. and S. Fran. 1st pfd.	100	68	68	78	68
do. 2d preferred	900	47	48	48⅜	47⅜
St. Louis Southwestern	500	15¼	15	14⅞	14¼
do. preferred	1,500	30	29	29	28⅞
St. Paul	63,200	142⅜	138⅞	141⅛	138¼
do. preferred	100	171	171	170	169½
Southern Pacific	27,100	45¾	44⅜	45	43⅜
Southern Railway	14,900	21⅞	21⅛	21⅝	20½
do. preferred	2,100	83	82	83	81¼
Texas and Pacific	4,700	26	24⅞	25¼	24½

Railway Stocks.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Today.	Yes'day.
Toledo, St. Louis and West.	700	22	21	21	17¼
do. preferred	600	30	28	29	27
Union Pacific	68,100	74½	72¾	73⅛	72
do. preferred	1,000	85⅛	85	85	85
Wabash	2,300	22⅛	20⅝	21	20
do. preferred	9,600	35⅝	33⅜	34	33¾
Wheeling and Lake Erie	1,200	17	15⅝	16⅝	15¼
Wisconsin Central	1,100	19¾	18¼	18⅞	18
do. preferred	1,100	39	38⅛	38⅛	38
Express Companies.					
Adams	......	......	......	221	221
American	......	......	......	177	171
United States	......	......	......	100	105
Wells-Fargo	......	......	......	195	195
Miscellaneous.					
Amalgamated Copper	49,800	44⅜	42½	44⅛	42
American Car and Foundry	1,500	33⅜	32⅝	33	32⅝
do. preferred	700	83	82	83	81½
American Linseed Oil	1,500	12⅜	10	10	9½
do. preferred	......	......	......	32½	31½
American Locomotive	2,100	19	18	18¼	17¾
do. preferred	1,900	85	82⅞	84½	82⅝
American Smelt. and Refng.	3,100	44⅜	44	44½	43½
do. preferred	900	91⅝	90	90½	89⅝
American Sugar Refining	8,200	116	114	114¼	113⅝
Anaconda Mining Co	1,800	76	73	74	72
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	6,900	44⅝	43½	43½	42⅞
Colorado Fuel and Iron	200	46	45	46	43½
Collmbus and Hock. Coal	400	14	14	13⅝	13¾
Consolidated Gas	3,900	179	175	177	174½
General Electric	2,200	163	159	160	157¾
International Paper	300	11⅜	11⅛	11⅜	11
do. preferred	......	......	......	65	65
International Pump	......	......	......	35	34
do. preferred	......	......	......	74	74
National Biscuit	900	37½	36⅛	36½	35½
National Lead	1,000	15½	15	15	14½
North American	1,900	77¾	77	77¾	76⅞
Pacific Mail	1,500	22	20⅝	20	20⅝
People's Gas	4,600	95¼	94½	94½	94⅛
Pressed Steel Car	2,700	41	39	40	38⅝
do. preferred	200	82	81	80	79
Pullman Palace Car	100	211	211	212	209
Republic Steel	1,600	12½	12	12	11⅝
do. preferred	2,600	67	66	66⅝	65½
Rubber Goods	2,000	15⅝	14⅝	14¼	14½
do. preferred	100	70⅝	70⅝	66	69⅝
Tennessee Coal and Iron	3,200	40	39	40	38½
United States Leather	3,400	8	7⅝	7⅝	7⅜
do. preferred	2,100	79	77⅛	79	76⅞
United States Rubber	100	11½	11½	11½	11¼
do. preferred	700	37¼	37	37	36
United States Steel	49,700	23½	23	23¼	22⅞
do. preferred	32,100	71⅞	71	71	70⅞
Western Union	400	83	82⅝	83	82
Va.-Car. Chem. Co.	2,800	23⅜	23⅛	23	23
do. preferred	400	90	90	90	89
Seaboard Air Line	......	......	......	21¼	21½
do. preferred	......	......	......	35	35⅝
do. bonds 4s	......	......	......	78½	79⅞

Total sales for the day, 1,136,700 shares.

CLOSING BOND QUOTATIONS.

U. S. refunding 2s, registered	106½
do. coupon	106½
U. S. 3s, registered	106½
do. coupon	106½
U. S. 4s, registered	134
do. coupon	134
U. S. old 4s, registered	109
do. coupon	109
U. S. 5s, registered	101½
do. coupon	101½
Atchison, general 4s	99⅝
do. adjustment 4s	87
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	100¼
do. 3½s	92⅛
do. convertible 4s	100½
Canada Southern 2ds	106
Central of Georgia 5s	103¼
do. 1st income	74
do. 2d income	24
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	102⅞
Chicago and Alton 3½s	71
Chicago, B. and Quincy new 4s	89½
Chicago, M. and St. Paul gen. 4s	106½
Chicago and Northwestern consol 7s	129
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific 4s	100
C., C., C. and St. Lolis general 4s	95
Chicago Terminal 4s	72¾
Colorado and Southern 4s	85
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	97⅝
Erie prior lien 4s	96¾
do. general 4s	82
Fort Worth and Denver City 1sts	103½
Hocking Valley 4½s	104⅞
Pennsylvania	95¼
Manhattan	100⅝
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s	98¾
Mexican Control 4s	70
do. 1st income	15¾
Minn. and St. Louis 4s	97¾
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	96½
do. 2ds	76½
New York Central general 3½s	95¼
do. 5s	126¼
Northern Pacific 4s	100¼
do. 3s	70¾
Norfolk and Western consol 4s	97¾
Reading general 4s	94⅜
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol 5s	11
St. Louis and San Francisco 4s	94½
St. Louis Southwestern 1sts	92⅞
do. 2ds	70
San Antonio and Aransas Pass 4s	75
Southern Pacific 4s	85
Southern Railway 5s	112¼
Texas and Pacific 1sts	114
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s	70⅝
Union Pacific 4s	99⅞
do. convertible 4s	93½
Wabash 1sts	114
do. 2ds	103
do. debenture Bs	59
West Shore 4s	107¼
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	87½
Wisconsin Central 4s	87¾
Continental Tobacco	56½
Colorado Fuel	78
Rock Island	74¼
United States Steel	78¾

FIRM AT THE START; STRONG AT CLOSE

Big Trade in Wheat with Close About Best of Day.

SHORTS COVERED FREELY

September Closed 1 1-2 to 1 5-8c Higher—Corn Up a Fraction and 1-4 to 3-8c Up—Provisions 2 1-2c Lower to 5c Higher.

Chicago, August 13.—Under the leadership of wheat the grain markets ruled strong today, September wheat closing 1 1-2@1 5-8c higher, September corn up a fraction and oats up 1-4@3-8c. Provisions closed irregular, the September products being from 2 1-2c lower to 5c higher.

There was a big trade in wheat throughout the session and the firm feeling which prevailed from the start became decidedly strong toward the close, the final figures being at about the best prices of the day. The opening was firm on strong European cables and a continued small movement, September being 1-8c to 1-8@1-4c higher at 80 3-8@80 1-2@80 1-2c. During the early part of the session liquidation on all advances was in order, although the sentiment in general was bullish and this selling had a tendency to check the upward trend. After selling off to 80 1-4c September began to advance, and toward the latter part of the day the market turned extremely strong on good advances in the northwest markets, due to an advance in the price of flour at Minneapolis. Coupled with the stronger outside markets was a better export demand at the seaboard, both of which influences started shorts covering, resulting in a strong close. After selling up to 82, September closed 1 1-2@1 5-8c higher at 81 7-8c. Clearances equaled 316,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 504,600, against 914,200 a year ago. Receipts 89 cars, 23 contract. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 96 cars, a total for the three points of 185, against 209 last week and 429 a year ago.

Corn opened firm on a good scattered demand due to higher cables and to the bull sentiment of yesterday, but the weather in the west was reported more favorable for the growing crop, and the early firmness was soon dissipated by selling by several large commission houses. The market held rather easier until near the close, when the strength in wheat caused a slight rally. After ranging between 52 5-8@53 1-8, September closed a shade higher at 52 7-8@52. Receipts 110 cars, 10 contract.

Oats moved in sympathy with the leading grains, although the market had some independent firmness based on reports of disappointing threshing returns and light receipts. Trading was only moderate, and the market exhibited no special features. The close was firm, September being 1-4@3-8 at 35 1-8@35 1-4c after selling between 34 7-8@35 1-4. Receipts 117 cars.

Provisions held fairly steady in spite of a dull trade and liberal receipts of hogs with a decline of 5@10c in prices. Packers sold pork, and there was some loss shown in that product. The poor demand for cash and increasing stocks of lard, according to private estimates, was a bear factor. September pork closed 2 1-2c lower at $13.25; September lard 5c higher at $8.05, and ribs up 2 1-2c at $7.85.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat 110 cars; corn 160 cars; oats 230 cars; hogs 20,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
Sept. old	80¼	82	80¼	82
Sept. new	80½	82	80¾	81⅞
Dec. new	81¼	82¼	81	82¼
May	83⅝	84⅛	83⅛	84⅛
CORN—				
Sept.	52¼	53¼	52⅝	53
Dec.	53¼	53¼	53	53⅛
May	53⅜	53⅜	53¼	53½
OATS—				
Sept.	34⅞	35¼	34¾	34¼
Dec.	36⅛	36⅝	36⅜	36⅝
May	38⅛	38½	38¼	38⅝
MESS PORK—				
Sept.	13.10	13.25	13.10	13.25
May	13.25	13.30	13.25	13.25
LARD—				
Sept.	8.00	8.07½	7.97½	8.05
Oct.	7.65	7.72½	7.65	7.72½
SHORT RIBS—				
Sept.	7.77½	7.85	7.77½	7.85
Oct.	7.70	7.80	7.70	7.80

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	23,400	19,400
Wheat, bushels	106,100	21,900
Corn, bushels	113,200	128,400
Oats, bushels	258,100	125,500
Rye, bushels	13,900	....
Barley, bushels	13,200	....

Baxter & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, August 13.—It was a dull but strong market in wheat, opening at the high price of the season at New York and holding firm at close to the top prices. Cables were higher, export bids reported better, both English and continental, and export sales yesterday, including late business, were 65 loads. Receipts showed no improvement at winter wheat points—280,000 at three principal winter wheat centers, against 456,000 last year.

Corn was fairly active and very firm at about the highest figures of the season. More wet weather was reported west, but temperatures were higher and a still further rise in temperature was predicted. Receipts are light, however, and there appears to be no pressure upon the market.

Oats were strong at the highest prices of the season with small receipts, light offerings and fairly good shipping demand reported.

Provisions were weak with further liquidation, liberal live hog receipts and lower live hog prices, selling at the lowest quotations of the season.

Pig Iron on Firmer Basis.

Cleveland, Ohio, August 12.—The Iron Trade Review this week says:

"Heavy buying of pig iron in the west has established that market on a much firmer basis and the lead of the big malleable and implement interests in covering requirements for the remainder of the year will be followed by buying on the part of smaller interests. Chicago reports sales of about 150,000 tons of iron in the past ten days, the leading malleable interests buying 50,000 tons of malleable Bessemer at $17.50, while the leading harvester interest has purchased close on to 50,000 tons of foundry iron, northern furnaces securing over 25,000 tons at $17, while more than 20,000 tons were placed with non-association southern furnaces on the basis of $12 Birmingham.

"Numerous other purchases of both malleable and foundry in lots ranging from 3,000 to 5,000 tons were made. This heavy buying of southern foundry iron has practically established the market on a $12 basis.

"The buying of iron in Pittsburg has also been much heavier than for some time, the sales of the week aggregating 15,000 tons at prices somewhat lower than had been prevailing. Sales of 4,000 tons of forge have been made at $16, Pittsburg, and one lot of 5,000 tons of Virginia basic for delivery the remainder of the year was placed at $17.25, netting the furnace only $14.20.

"The United States Steel Corporation has deferred the buying of Bessemer for the fourth quarter, no quotations on iron for this delivery having been received by the pig iron committee. Whether the corporation's requirements from the valley furnaces will be as heavy during the last quarter as during similar preceding periods this year is doubtful, as one new stack at Clairton, in which it owns a half interest, will be blown during September and in October two stacks at Sharon and two at Donora become available. The pig iron production in the Pittsburg and valley districts will be greatly curtailed during the present month, as eleven stacks are out for relining and repairs, four being Steel Corporation furnaces. Two additional stacks are to go out shortly, one at Youngstown and the other at Sharpsville. A new stack at DuBois, Pa., was added to the list of active furnaces this week, while the Cleveland furnace will be making iron in a few days.

"The demand for steel in the form of billets, tin and sheet bars is not heavy, and the mills that are parties to the billet association are selling not much over half of their surplus production. Steel production is, however, being curtailed by the idleness of two open hearth plants at Sharon and Bessemer plants, one at Youngstown and the other at Wheeling.

"There have been no developments in the week to encourage the market in finished lines."

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, August 13.—Cattle—Receipts 6,500, including 400 western. Market strong to 10c higher; good to prime steers $5.20@5.75; poor to medium $3.75@5.00; stockers and feeders $2.50@4.20; cows $1.50@4.50; heifers $2.00@4.75; canners $1.50@2.50; bulls $2.00@4.25; calves $2.50@6.75; Texas steers $3.00@4.75; western steers $3.25@4.65.

Hogs—Receipts 30,000. Market active to 10c lower; mixed and butchers $5.00@5.50; good to choice heavy $5.35@5.45; rough heavy $4.90@5.20; light $5.25@5.70.

Sheep—Receipts 14,000. Market steady to strong; good to choice wethers $3.25@3.75; fair to choice mixed $2.50@3.25; western sheep $2.75@3.75; native lambs $3.25@6.00; western lambs $4.50@5.65.

Kansas City, August 13.—Cattle—Receipts 4,500 natives and 500 Texans. Calves 640 natives and 60 Texans. Market steady to 5c lower; choice export and dressed beef steers $4.75@5.35; fair to good $4@4.75; stockers and steers $5.40@5.50; western fed steers $2.90@4.80; Texas and Indian steers $2.60@3.80; Texas cows $2.00@2.90; native cows $1.50@4.00; native heifers $2@4.50; canners $1@3.50; bulls $1.75@3.40; calves $2.75@5.50.

Hogs—Receipts 8,000. Market steay to 5c lower; heavy $5.15@5.32. Mixed pacekrs $5.30@5.42 1-2; light $5.40@5.60; pigs $5@5.80.

Sheep—Receipts 3,000. Market 10c higher; native lambs $5.35@5.60; western lambs $2.90@3.50; fed ewes $2.50@4.70; Texas clipped yearlings $2.80@4.75; Texas clipped sheep $2.60@4.45; stockers and feeders $2.40@3.50.

St. Louis, August 13.—Cattle—Receipts 5,000, including 3,500 Texans. Market steady to strong; native shipping and exports steers $4.50@5.30; dressed beef and butchers steers $4@5.05; steers under 1,000 pounds $3.75@4.85; stockers and feeders $2.50@4; cows and heifers $2.25@4.50; canners $2@2.25; bulls $2.50@3.50; calves $3.50@6; Texas and Indian steers $2.65@4.25; cows and heifers $2.20@3.

Hogs—Receipts 8,000. Pigs and lights $5.35@5.75; packers $5.25@5.65; butchers and best heavy $5.40@5.70.

Sheep—Receipts 2,500. Market steady; native muttons $3@3.65; lambs $4@5.85; culls and bucks $2.25@4; stockers $2.50@3.25.

Foreign Finances.

London, August 13.—Consols for money 90 13-16; do for account 90 15-16. Atchison 61 1-4; do preferred 91 1-2; Illinois Central 135; Louisville and Nashville 107 1-4.

Bar silver firm at 25 1-2c.

Money 2 3-4@3.

Short bills 2 3-4@2 7-8; three months 2 13-16@2 7-8.

The weekly statement of the Bank of England showed the following changes: Total reserve increase $645,000; circulation decrease 379,000; bullion increase 247,828; other securities decrease 314,000; other deposits increase 1,243,000; public deposits increase 269,000; notes reserve increase 631,000; government securities increase 1,205,000.

The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liabilities this week is 49.64, against 49.89 per cent last week.

Paris, August 13.—Three per cent rentes 97 francs 72 1-2 centimes for the account.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes: Notes in circulation decrease 62,900,000 francs; treasury accounts current increase 27,825,000; gold in hand decrease 3,900,000; bills discounted decrease 2,550,000; silver in hand decrease 1,900,000.

The Metal Market.

New oYrk, August 13.—Tin was unchanged in London at 128 pounds 5s, while futures were 5s higher at 123 pounds 2s 6d. Locally steady at 28.45@28.55.

Copper was irregular in London, spot closing 2s 6d lower at 58 pounds 2s 6d and futures were 2s 6d higher at 56 pounds 7s 6d. Here it was quiet and unchanged; lake 13@13.12 1-2; electrolytic 13.00; casting 12.75.

Lead was 1s 3d higher in London at 11 pounds 2s 6d and unchanged here at 4.20.

Spelter quiet in London at 20 pounds 5s, and here at 5.87 1-2@6.00.

Iron closed at 51s 7d in Glasgow and at 46s 9d in Middleboro. Locally quiet; No. 1 foundry, northern, $17.50@18.00; No. 2 do. $16.50@17.00; No. 1 foundry, southern, and No. 1 do. soft, $16.75@17.00.

St. Louis, August 13.—Lead firm at 4.10. Spelter firm at 5.50.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, August 13.—Eggs, fresh 16@17c. Country smoked bacon, 11@12½c; hams 13@15c. Butter, Georgia fresh table 18@20c; Tennessee table 18@20c; Jersey, 18@20c, cooking butter, 12 1-2 to 15c; supply plentiful with demand slow. Live poultry, hens 27 1-2@30; friest, large 22 1-2@25; medium 15@18c; small 10@12 1-2c. Duck, puddle, 20@22 1-2c; Peking 27@30c. Dressed poultry, hens, 12 1-2@13 1-2c per pound; fries 15c per pound; cocks 8@10c pound; turkeys 12½@14c. Onions, new crop, 65@75c bu. Cabbage, Florida green, 1@1¼c. Sweet potatoes, new crop, 75@85c per bushel. P[illegible] white, [illegible] @2.00; stock $1.00@1.25. Dried fruit, Georgia apples 5c lb.; do. peaches 4@5c.

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Cotton, Stocks, Grain and Provisions, Ground Floor, Prudential Bldg. P. O. Box 230. Phone 1417. Correspondence O'Dell Commission Co. Incorporated Capital $200,000. Cincinnati, Ohio. Quickest service in the South. NO INTEREST ON STOCKS and dividends paid on stocks bought on margins. References, Neal Loan and Banking Co. and Third National Bank.

If You Really Care

For having a helpful banking relation in your business, you might investigate the methods, standing, and administration of

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Securities Netting from 4 1-2 to 6 per cent Always on Hand.

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JOHN W. DICKEY, BONDS AND STOCKS. AUGUSTA, GA.

FOR SALE. State of Georgia Registered Bonds
$1,000 4½ per cent, due January, 1906.
$1,000 4½ per cent, due January, 1908.
$7,000 4½ per cent, due January, 1909.
$8,000 4½ per cent, due July, 1915.
$5,000 3½ per cent, due January, 1933.
$5,000 3½ per cent, due January, 1934.
Price on application.
MARTIN & BRO., Augusta, Ga.

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Makes a most attractive route to New York and Northern and Eastern Summer Resorts.

Express steamships leave Norfolk, Va., daily, except Sunday, at 7:00 p. m., for New York direct, affording opportunity for through passengers from the South, Southwest and West to visit Richmond, Old Point Comfort, Ocean View, and Virginia Beach en route.

For tickets and general information apply to railroad ticket agents, or to M. B. CROWELL, Genl. Agt., Norfolk, Va.; J. F. MAYER, Agt., 1212 East Main St., Richmond, Va.

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Wholesale Dealers in Fine Wines, Liquors and "Budweiser" Bottled Beer.
Phones, Bell (Main) 48 Standard 169
We carry in stock the best of everything in our line, and we are distillers of the celebrated STONE MOUNTAIN WHISKEY, the best grade of corn whiskey made in the world. Absolutely pure. Ask your dealer for it, and insist on having the genuine. ORDERS FROM THE TRADE SOLICITED.

"Want Ads"

The Constitution's "WANT ADS" are sure result-bringers.

Price, 10 cents per line.

No "ad" taken for less than the price of three lines.

Special rates given on contracts.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—Bookbinder who can rule, forward and finish; old business; new outfit. $20; nine hours. G. Williams Printing Co., Shreveport, La.

WANTED—Stenographer, a young man who has ability can secure a position having good future in a factory office. A. A. A., Constitution.

WANTED—A first-class short order cook at Carl Witt's restaurant, 24 Marietta st. Must be clean and sober.

WANTED—Bookkeeper, stenographer and billing clerk for saw mill office in south Georgia; good salary for right men; inexperienced need not apply; positions to be filled within a month. Address 1903, Constitution.

WANTED—Bright boy of good address can secure position with a bank as messenger. Must write a good hand. Address Drawer F., Atlanta, Ga.

WORK is the weapon of honor. If you need work, call on us. We are having constant calls for help in all lines and place more people in positions than all the others combined. The Empire Business Bureau, Grant bldg., is the oldest employment agency in the state.

A BOY, 16 to 18 years old. Address in own hand writing Business, care Constitution.

ANY intelligent person may earn good income corresponding for newspapers; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

ANY INTELLIGENT person may earn good income corresponding for newspapers; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

MANUFACTURER wants reliable man to deliver and collect; horse and wagon and $150 deposit necessary; $21 a week and expenses; permanent. Franklin, Box 78, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; our free catalogue explains how we teach it quickly. Writer Moler Barber College, St. Louis, Mo.

SITUATIONS WANTED — MALE.

WANTED—Position by thorough first-class cotton man, twenty years' experience as street buyer, traveling fob buyer and classer, expert stapler, first-class references, moderate salary. Address Cotton, care W. M. Knight, Weathersford, Tex.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—A sensible, healthy young woman to train for sanatorium. Apply from 8 to 9:30 a. m. at 103 Walton.

WANTED—A young lady as bookkeeper and stenographer; must be rapid; good, steady position. A1 references required. Party must be willing to go to Savannah. Answer, care this office, Bookkeeper.

$12 TO $20 WEEKLY easily earned knitting seamless hosiery for us to sell New York market; machines furnished trustworthy families on trial, easy payments; simple to operate; knits pair socks in thirty minutes; write today, start making money. Distance no hindrance. Home Industrial Knitting Machine Co., Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—A clean chambermaid at once; good wages. Hotel Florence, Brady-Miller Stock Yards.

WE have a good opening for a lady teacher of piano and violin. Only one thoroughly competent need apply. Interstate Teachers' Bureau, 74 N. Broad street.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—Position as housekeeper. Address N. S. care Constitution.

WANTED—Position by lady stenographer; references furnished. Lock Box 47, Decatur, Ga.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

WANTED—Good installment salesman, salary and commission; horse and wagon furnished; give age, reference, etc. Box 312.

WANTED—AGENTS.

FIRE INSURANCE agents wanted. We write cotton gins, farm risks, etc. William Moyers & Co., Station D, New York city.

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FOR SALE—A fancy grocery business and established trade of nine years; this business in one of best south Georgia towns in state, nearly 5,000 population. Write at once to Fancy Grocery Merchant, care Constitution.

WANTED—Partner in office business; man of good reputation with $500 to $1,000 and services can make $100 to $200 per month. Address C. F. X., Constitution.

PAINT your roofs with the celebrated "A.-G." roof coating; stops leaks; guaranteed. T. C. McDonald, 234 Central ave.

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SWANHILD HAS RETURNED—Palmistry at half price for a few days only. Mystified are they who call on this gifted woman. No matter what trouble you have, come; she will guide you. Everything private and confidential. Hours 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. 78 E. Ellis st.

MME. DEL REY, Psychic Palmist, diagnoses all diseases and advises on sickness, love, family and business affairs, lawsuits, investments, changes, lost articles, etc. You meet no callers. Charges moderate. Hours 9 to 9. 64 Church street, two blocks from Carnegie library.

LOST.

LOST—Pocketbook in postoffice containing about $12. Liberal reward if returned to Dr. C. R. King, 512 Austell bldg.

LOST—Pocketbook containing between $35 and $40, with notes and other papers. Liberal reward. W. A. Payne, care Constitution.

FOUND.

WALL PAPER—Newest designs in wall papers at Burnett & Gordon's, 54 North Broad. All work guaranteed. We paint houses. Bell 2441, Standard 276.

NOT USED TO IT.

Pat Murphy was the driver of a coal cart. Dobbin Grey was the part of the outfit that was driven. They were very good friends in spite of their different positions.

"Well, old man, you and I ought to share up on victuals," Pat used to say, stroking the horse's neck and giving him a bit of his bologna sausage, "for we're both on the same job." And Dobbin would say, in his horse talk, "Thanks, we're not sweet, but we're useful."

Now Pat belonged to the ancient and honorable order of the "Sons of Erin," and when St. Patrick day came around some one asked Pat to be an aide and to dress up in his best and ride a horse in the parade. Pat was very proud of the duty, and went to consult Dobbin.

"Dobs, old boy," he said, "our time is come. We're to be swells today. Begorra, the dukies on the avenoo won't be in it."

Dobbin looked doubtful.

"I guess you and I better stick to carting," said he, wisely.



"THEY'LL THINK WE'RE WORKIN'."

But Pat was determined. He trimmed up Dobbin's tail till it looked "bobbed." He curried and groomed him all day. Then he dressed himself in a riding outfit borrowed from his cousin, the coachman, and they set out.

But Dobbin didn't care for that sort of thing. When he came to his cart he stopped.

"G'wan wid yez," said Pat. "Don't stop here, or they'll think we're workin'. We're swells today, and don't forget it;" and he hit Dobbin on the head with his riding whip.

"Better stay here and work," said Dobbin.

But Pat was determined. Off they pranced into the parade. Pat was as proud as a peacock at the head of the column. The band struck up the "Wearing of the Green," and a great bass horn near Dobbin's nose gave a great blast. It was too much for his old nerves. He ran away, and threw Pat into a pie wagon. When he crawled out from among the pies, with clothes torn and hat crushed, he looked at Dobbin reprovingly. "You're an awld fule," he remarked.

"We're a pair of them," said Dobbin. "Let's quit."

PERSONAL.

NAMES AND ADDRESSES—We can furnish classified lists of farmers, doctors, lawyers, merchants, county officials, ministers, newly married couples, babies, new business houses, names of people building houses, electric light plants, water works, bridges or barns. Press clippings of every conceivable nature from all the weekly and daily newspapers. Send for prices. Harrison's Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell building, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Address A. S. Conway, a resident of Georgia, late of New Iberia, La. Address Atlas Feed Products Co., New Orleans, La.

WANTED—Addresses of persons contemplating a course in pharmacy; will pay for good names. Address Druggist, care Constitution.

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SAVE money by buying the best and cheapest coals from J. W. Wills & Co. 'Phones 356. All kinds—Jellico, Corona, Anthracite.

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$2 PER MONTH rent only for the light running, noiseless No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson. Bell 'phone 480. Office 71 Whitehall.

THE No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson is rapid, light running and noiseless; one-third faster than any other. Office 71 Whitehall. Bell 'phone 480.

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OWING to press of other business I will sell my soda water, cigar and news stand at 42 Peachtree. Inventory stock. This is fine opportunity for right party. Do not come to see me unless you mean business and have the money. G. W. Woodfin, 2 S. Broad.

FOR SALE—Roller-top desk, cheap. Apply 214 Empire building.

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PARTIES wishing cuts for catalogue and high-class printing can find them in our establishment. We make the finest half tones and zinc etchings. For prices and further information, address Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga.

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YOU can exchange your old furniture for new at Robison's, 18 E. Hunter st.

ONE-HORSE Victoria for sale cheap. Miller & Karwich.

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BEST coals! Lowest prices! Prompt delivery! Don't buy your winter's supply of coal until you try J. W. Wills & Co. 'Phones 356.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—At once, for cash, several second-hand buggies in first-class shape. Something nice. Address "Buggies," Constitution office.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of city. Call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. Y. Thrower, renting agent, 39 North Forsyth street.

FOR RENT, $20—Brand new up-to-date cottage, Glennwood avenue, near Grant street, with all modern conveniences. Apply to T. W. Baxter, 51 E. Alabama st.

GET our weekly rent bulletin giving descriptions of everything to rent. We move tenants free; see notice. John J. Woodside, Renting Agent, 50 North Broad.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—Two large connecting rooms for light housekeeping, private family; rent reasonable. 73 Central place.

FOR RENT-FURNISHED HOUSES

FOR RENT—Furnished house on north side. Address K., care Constitution.

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WANTED—Thre connecting rooms for light housekeeping in private family within ten blocks of depot. A. B. C., 98 Crew street.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—316 and 320 Crew st., 2-story, 6 and 7-room houses; water, gas, bath; large shady lots; $2,250 and $2,750. Atlanta Real Estate and Investment Co., 2 S. Broad st.

PRETTY little coutry home on trolley line; lot 60 by 200; $1,250. Atlanta Real Estate and Investment Co., No. 2 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

THE cheapest suburban property around Atlanta; four acres improvements alone cost $1,500; will sell for $2,250; beautifully located on trolley line. Atlanta Real Estate and Investment Co., No. 2 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

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WANTED—Houses to sell or rent. Atlanta Real Estate and Investment Co., No. 2 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE.

WANTED—To buy from owner an up-to-date five or six-room cottage in good neighborhood. Would not object to being in edge of city. Give price and location. P. O. Box 626.

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UNINCUMBERED property to exchange for equities; farm for city property; vacant for improved; residence for investment, and vice versa. For exchanges, see Chas. P. Glover, 716 Prudential bldg.

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GOOD FARM for sale in northeast Mississippi, 278 acres, 30 of which are in cultivation, the rest woodland; fine range for all kinds of stock; good house and all the necessary barns and outbuildings, 2 tenant houses, plenty of good water, small vineyard. I will sell the above cheap for cash. Apply to H. Hine, Eagle, Alcorn county, Mississippi.

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$15,500 Will buy a new up-to-date, three-story brick store, with 18 office rooms above; close in, corner lot, north side; big bargain and rents from $120 to $136 per month.

$4,000 Will buy two two-story brick stores on a good business street, lot 52x110.

$35,000 Will buy two stores on Mitchell st. near Whitehall st.; main thoroughfare to the new depot.

I HAVE some elegant Peachtree homes with large shady lots from $15,000 to $2,000.

IF YOU are hunting a Peachtree home you can't miss seeing two of these places.

$3,000 Will buy No. 30 Lucile ave., West End, a beautiful modern, six-room cottage; first-class neighborhood.

$1,150 for a five-room cottage, sewer, water and gas, rented to good white tenants for $10.60 per month.

NICE shady building lots from $400 to $750, on good street and neighborhood. Call for Glenn Faver.

FOR SALE—FIXTURES.

FOUR nine-foot wall cases, five plate glass counter cases. Charles W. Crankshaw, diamond merchant and jeweler, Century building, on the viaduct.

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ELEVATORS, hand, belt and electric, of all sizes, furnished and installed. Campbell Elec. and Mac. Mfg. Co., Nos. 16 and 18 E. Mitchell st.

MORSE, WILLIAMS & CO., manufacturers of freight and passenger elevators. Repairs and inspection a specialty. 54 South Broad st., Atlanta.

RICHARDS Machine Co., 64 South Forsyth street, Bell 'phone 1693, manufacturers of freight and passenger elevators. Repairs made without delay. Machine work of all description done promptly.

FURNITURE.

HIGHEST cash price for second-hand furniture, refrigerators, etc. Call or write 39 W. Mitchell st. Bell 'phone 1743.

THE cheapest place to buy furniture, mattings, rugs on cash or easy payments. J. C. & J. G. Evins, 73 Whitehall.

THE CHEAPEST place in Georgia to buy furniture. Robison's, 18 E. Hunter.

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CREAM and Rurina bram bread baked twice each day. Ask your grocer to keep it. D. L. Thomas, manager, 113 Peachtree.

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SOUTHERN DYE AND CLEANING WORKS, main office 38 N. Forsyth st. Skillful, prompt and reliable.

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PRETTY, honorable lady, wealthy, wants intelligent, honest husband. Box 43, Back Bay, Boston, Mass.

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THE "Blickensderfer" typewriter now sold from the company's own office, 15 1-2 Peachtree st. The Blickensderfer Mfg. Co.

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AT LOWEST prices consistent to good work; rings made to order. I can save you money on new watches. No. 99. Bosley, the Peachtree Jeweler. 'Phone 1620.

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Grinds the finest prescription eyeglass lenses and fits frames scientifically, insuring comfort, elegance and durability. On the viaduct.

Dropsy Cured to stay cured. 10 days treatment (removes swelling) for $1.00. O. E. Collum, Dropsy Medicine Co., 812-813 Lowndes Bldg., Atlanta, Ga

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CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
*Savannah.	7 35 am	*Macon.	1 40 am
*Macon.	11 20 am	*Savannah..	7 50 am
Savannah..	7 45 pm	*Macon..	4 05 pm
Suburban Trains:		*Savannah.	9 20 pm
Jonesboro.	6 10 am	Suburban Trains:	
Jonesboro..	8 08 am	Jonesboro..	6 15 am
Jonesboro..	2 15 pm	Jonesboro.	12 20 pm
Jonesboro..	5 40 pm	Jonesboro.	3 45 pm
		Jonesboro.	6 10 pm
Sunday Only:		Sunday Only:	
Jonesboro..	8 55 am	Hapeville.	9 00 am
Hapeville.	10 45 am	Jonesboro.	12 50 pm

Leave Atlanta 1:40 a. m., (sleeper in depot 10 p. m.) and 7:50 a. m. for Vienna, Cordele, Fitzgerald and Waycross via Montezuma and Atlantic and Birmingham railroad.

Leave Atlanta 1:40 a. m., (sleeper in depot 10 p. m.) and 7:50 a. m. for Cuthbert, Bainbridge and Tallahassee via Ga. Fla and Ala. R. R.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Nashville	7 30 am	*Nashville	8 22 am
Marietta	8 32 am	Marietta	12 10 pm
Nashville	11 45 am	Nashville.	4 30 pm
Marietta	2 40 pm	Marietta	5 30 pm
Nashville	7 30 pm	*Nashville	8 30 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
LaGrange	8 20 am	Montgomery	5 30 pm
*Selma..	11 40 am	'Montgomery	12 55 pm
'Selma..	12 40 pm	*Selma.	4 20 pm
*Montgomery	7 35 pm	LaGrange..	5 30 pm
*Selma	11 40 pm	*Montgomery.	11 15 pm

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Norfolk	7 50 am	Clinton, S. C..	7 40 am
New York....	3 50 pm	New York	12 00 n'n
Clinton, S. C.	8 20 pm	Norfolk	8 10 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
*Augusta	5 00 am	*Augusta	7 55 am
Conyers	6 45 am	Lithonia	10 05 am
Covington	7 45 am	*Augusta	3 35 pm
*Augusta	12 50 pm	Conyers.	5 00 pm
Lithonia	3 25 pm	Covington	6 10 pm
*Augusta	8 15 pm	*Augusta	11 45 pm

*Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Southern Railway

TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA.

5:30 A. M.—NO. 13 DAILY. Solid vestibule train. Pullmans to Cincinnati.

7:00 A. M.—NO. 16 DAILY. Brunswick.

7:00 A. M.—NO. 30 DAILY to Columbus.

6:10 A. M.—NO. 35. DAILY. Pullmans to Birmingham and Kansas City; arrive Birmingham 11:45 a. m., Memphis 8:05 p. m., Kansas City 9:45 a. m.

7:50 A. M.—NO. 12 DAILY. Local to Charlotte, Danville and Richmond.

7:55 A. M.—NO. 7 DAILY. Chattanooga.

12:00 Noon.—NO 38 DAILY. Washington and Southwestern Limited. Sleeping, library, observation and club cars through without change. Dining cars serve all meals en route. Ar. Washington 6:42 a. m.; New York 12:43 p. m.

12:45 Noon—NO. 40 DAILY. New York Express. Day coaches, sleeper between Atlanta and Washington and Charlotte to Richmond and Norfolk. Arrive Richmond 7 a. m., Norfolk 8:30 a. m.; Washington 9:45 a. m.

4:10 P. M.—NO. 30 DAILY. Fort Valley.

4:10 P. M.—NO. 10 DAILY. Macon.

4:15 P. M.—NO. 37. DAILY. Pullman sleeping car and day coaches to Memphis. Birmingham 9:50 p. m., Memphis 7:15 a. m.

4:40 P. M.—NO. 22 DAILY. Columbus.

4:30 P. M.—NO. 18. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. "Air Line Belle." To Toccoa.

5:00 P. M.—NO. 15. DAILY. Sleeper to Cincinnati. Sleeper Chattanooga to Louisville. Ar. Chattanooga 9:50 p. m., Cincinnati 8:10 a. m., Louisville 10:35 a. m.

6:15 P. M.—NO. 25. DAILY. Makes all stops. Arrives Anniston 9:15 p. m.

10:45 P. M.—NO. 14. DAILY. Florida Limited. Through sleepers to Jacksonville and Tampa. Sleeper to Brunswick.

11:35 P. M.—NO. 97. NIGHT TRAIN TO BIRMINGHAM. Pullman sleeper and day coaches. Sleeper open 10:00 p. m. Arrives Birmingham 5:35 a. m. Passengers can remain in sleeper until 6:30 a. m.

12:00 Night.—NO. 36. DAILY. U. S. Fast Mail. Solid vestibuled train. Sleeping car to New York, Richmond and Asheville. Coaches to Washington. Dining cars serve all meals en route. Arrives Washington 9 p. m. New York 6:23 a. m., Asheville 10:00 a. m.

Ticket Office: Kimball House and Union Depot. 'Phones: City Office, 142 Main; Depot, 179 Main.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Maria J. Tuggle v. Pink C. Tuggle.—Fulton Superior Court.—Fall Term, 1903.—No. 10706.—To Pink J. Tuggle, Greeting: By Order of Court, you are hereby notified that on the 8th day of May, 1903, Maria J. Tuggle filed suit against you for a total divorce, returnable to the Fall Term, 1903, of said Court.

You are hereby required to be and appear at the Fall Term, 1903, of said Court, to be held in and for said County on the first Monday in September term, 1903, then and there to answer petitioner's complaint, as in default thereof the Court will proceed as to justice shall appertain.

Witness, The Honorable J. H. Lumpkin, Judge of said Court, this the 14th day of July, 1903. ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk Superior Court, Fulton County, Ga.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—By virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of said county, granted at the August term, 1903, will be sold before the court house door of said county, on the first Tuesday in September next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property of the estate of A. A. Marshall, deceased, to-wit: A certain tract or parcel of land in lot of land number 187 in the 17th district of Fulton county, Georgia, beginning at a stake on the east side of Chattahoochee avenue where the north boundary line of the land of W. S. Simmons intersects with said avenue, running south 89 degrees and 30 minutes east 200 feet, thence south 31 degrees and 15 minutes east 492 feet, thence north 58 degrees and 30 minutes west to Chattahoochee avenue, thence up said avenue 493.5 feet to the starting point, containing 1.92 acres. Then beginning on the west side of said Chattahoochee avenue at a point on same opposite to the point where the south line of the above tract intersects with said avenue and running north 58 degrees and 30 minutes west 67 feet, thence south no degrees and 55 minutes west 218.4 feet, thence north 37 degrees and 35 minutes west 386 feet, thence north 30 degrees and no minutes west 330 feet, thence south 86 degrees and 27 minutes east 58 feet to said avenue, containing 2.26 acres, both tracts aggregating 4.18 acres, more or less. Also a certain lot in the city of Atlanta, in lot of land No. 78 in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, commencing on the west side of Marietta street at a point 48½ feet northwesterly from the southwest corner of Marietta and Thurmond streets and thence running northwesterly along said street 18 feet, more or less, and extending back southwesterly with a uniform width to the right of way of the W. and A. R. R. and fronting thereon 19½ feet, more or less. Said last named city lot, 304 Marietta street, to be sold subject to a deed to secure debt executed by O. C. Cheves to M. R. Hirsch made to secure a loan of approximately $1,600. Sale is made to pay the debts and make distribution among the heirs at law of said deceased. This August 5, 1903.

Terms cash.

JANIE C. MARSHALL,
Administratrix of Estate of A. A. Marshall, Deceased.

NOTICE.

Thomasville, Ga., August 4, 1903.

BIDS will be received up to 10 o'clock the first Tuesday in September next for the hire of all the misdemeanor convicts of Thomas county (to be delivered at the jail in Thomasville) for the year ending September 1, 1904. Address E. M. SMITH, Chairman Board County Convicts.
J. S. MONTGOMERY, Clerk.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Notice is hereby given to all concerned that Hattie C. Holmes, late of said county, died intestate, and no person has applied for administration on the estate of said deceased, and that administration will be vested in the County Administrator, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in September next, unless valid objection is made thereto.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Mrs. S. E. Lowe and L. D. Lowe, executors of Curtis M. Lowe, deceased, represent that they have fully discharged the duties of their said trust, and pray for Letters of Dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said executors should not be discharged from said trust.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. W. W. Lampkin, administrator of William L. Lampkin, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in September next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Michael Curran, administrator of Annie Curran, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in September next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. George R. Boaz, executor of will of Janie S. Boaz, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in September next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. John L. Gregory has applied for Letters of Guardianship of the person and property of William Gregory, an insane person. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard and letters granted therein on the first Monday in September next.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 13, 1903. Mrs. S. K. D. Lovejoy, guardian of Mona Franklin and Rehan Franklin, minors, has applied for leave to sell the land of said Mona and Rehan Franklin, minors. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in September next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 13, 1903. Bessie H. Robertson has applied for Letters of Guardianship of the person and property of Marion Berkley Chatham, minor, under the age of fourteen years. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard and letters granted therein on the first Monday in September next.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. James R. Black has applied for Letters of Administration on the estate of Lewis L. Abbott, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in September next.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Moses Murray has applied for Letters of Administdation on the estate of Joseph E. Murray, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in September next.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Helen L. Warner has applied for Letters of Administration on the estate of John W. Warner, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in September next.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Mary Ada Bailey has applied for Letters of Administration on the estate of Indiana Kasey, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same wil be heard on the first Monday in September next.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. George Beasley has applied for Letters of Administration on the estate of George W. Kennedy, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in September next.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Mrs. Hattie D. Simpson has applied for Letters of Administration on the estate of William H. Simpson, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in September next.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Mrs. Hannah Owen has applied for Letters of Administration on the estate of Christian C. Owen, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in September next.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. James M. Young has applied for Letters of Administration on the estate of John D. Young, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in September next.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. To the next of kin of William Forsyth, late of said county, deceased: This is to notify you that A. R. Forsyth, executor of the estate of said deceased, has tendered his resignation and has named W. O. Wilson as a suitable person, qualified and entitled to, and willing to accept said trust. You and each of you are hereby cited and required to appear in the Court of Ordinary of said county, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the first Monday in September, 1903, to show cause, if any there be, why said resignation should not be accepted and a successor be appointed in said trust. This 4th day of August, 1903.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Mary E. Hesse has applied for Letters of Administration on the estate of John A. Hesse, deceased, to be vested in J. W. Preston. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in September next.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Theresa Kloeckler has applied for Letters of Administration on the estate of Joseph Kloeckler, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in September next.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Charles A. Smith, guardian of Josephine Aram Smith and Elizabeth Aram Smith, minors, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for Letters of Dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Virgil S. Maddox, administrator of Joseph D. Maddox, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for Letters of Dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Hamilton Douglas, administrator de bonis non on estate of Daniel M. Ryle, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for Letters of Dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Hamilton Douglas, administrator de bonis non cum testamenti annexo on estate of Henry H. Tucker, Sr., deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for Letters of Dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. James N. Robertson, executor of Nathan L. Robertson, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for Letters of Dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said executor should not be discharged from said trust.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Arminius Wright, administrator of Mary E. Cole, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for Letters of Dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. James O. Pitts, administrator of estate of George Schmidt, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for Letters of Dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. M. N. Blount, administrator of estate of Mary Jarrett, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for Letters of Dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said administrator shoud not be discharged from said trust.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. J. W. King, administrator cum testamenti annexo on estate of Nancy C. Elliott, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for Letters of Dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. R. R. Wood, Jr., administrator of M. J. Wood, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for Letters of Dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Albert Watts, administrator of Mitchell Cargile, Sr., deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for Letters of Dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, August 12, 1903. Frederick W. Ehlers, administrator of Mary E. Ehlers, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for Letters of Dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in September next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, August 12, 1903. The appraisers appointed upon application of Maria E. Wood, widow of W. J. Wood, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor child having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next September term of this court, why said application should not be granted.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, August 12, 1903. The appraisers appointed upon application of Mrs. Nora Evans, widow of John R. Evans, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor child having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next September term of this court, why said application should not be granted.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, August 12, 1903. The appraisers appointed upon application of Annie Young, widow of George Young, for a twelve months' support for herself having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next September term of this court, why said application should not be granted.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, August 12, 1903. The appraisers appointed upon application of L. P. Kimerkoff, next friend of Annie and Frieda Hentchel, minor children of Gotlieb Hentchel, deceased, for a twelve months' support for said minor children having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next September term of this court, why said application should not be granted.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, August 12, 1903. The appraisers appointed upon application of Nancy Turner, widow of Sam Turner, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor children having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next September term of this court, why said application should not be granted.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, August 12, 1903. The heirs at law of George William Pybus, deceased, who reside out of said state: Mary Ann Pybus having as executor applied for probate in solemn form of the last will of said deceased, you are hereby cited to be and appear at the next September term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in September next, as said will of said deceased will then be offered for probate in solemn form.
JOHN R. WILKINSON, Ordinary.

NEW SCHOOLS MAY BE BUILT

Finance Committee Hopes To Erect Two New Buildings This Fall.

Relief for the crowded condition of the Atlanta public schools may be given by council's finance committee on the October apportionment sheet.

The announcement was recently made that many children will be unable to gain admission into the schools at the opening of the next term in September. Although the finance committee hopes to give aid to the schools in October the effects of that relief will not be immediate, as it is to be by means of the erection of two new school buildings.

Alderman Hugh T. Inman, chairman of the finance committee, states that the committee hopes to receive sufficient funds from the franchise tax by October to authorize an appropriation for the erection of the two school buildings. The franchise tax matter is before the arbitration committee and it is expected will be finally settled within the next two weeks. The committee, it is thought, will take no action until it gets in hand the franchise tax.

It is the purpose of the city to erect one of the new schools in the third ward and one in the seventh. Money for the purchase of the two lots has already been appropriated and the deal for the purchase of the seventh ward lot has been closed. It is probable that the third ward lot will be purchased within a short time.

Faculty Will Meet Saturday.

Superintendent Slaton has called a meeting of the faculty of the Boys' High school at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning for the purpose of rearranging the course of study in the high school. This meeting is rendered necessary by the introduction of the industrial course. A number of changes will be made.

Since the secretary has begun to issue cards to new applicants in the grammar school the question has arisen as to what children will be admitted first in case the facilities are not sufficient to accommodate all applicants. Major Slaton has directed the teachers to seat the children in the following order: First, the promoted children; second, the transferred children; next, the non-promoted children, and lastly, the new applicants, in the order of the number of their admission cards. All children applying for admission will be required to bring certificates of vaccination.

"WHEN NO MAN PURSUETH."

Negro Sneak Thief Ran, Thinking He Was Pursued, and Was Caught with Stolen Goods.

Robert Bennett, a negro, who confesses to theft, was caught last night by a rather remarkable coincidence.

Call Officers Tibbs and Dorsey had a call to stop a fight at the corner of Decatur and Piedmont avenue and while trying to find the fighters they were seen by Bennett. Bennett, who says he had just snatched a coat from a citizen, thinking the officers were after him, ran.

Call Officer Doyal had in the meantime followed the two other officers on a bicycle and he saw Bennett running. He gave chase and caught the fugitive.

Bennett made a confession, saying he had stolen the coat.

The coat is held for identification and the owner is wanted at the barracks to prosecute Bennett.

FLIM-FLAMMER IS AT WORK.

Butter Was Secured from Simon Feldman Yesterday by Working a Well-Known Game.

The negro who flim-flammed a countryman out of a coop of chickens Wednesday night played the same game yesterday morning on Simon Feldman, a merchant who runs a grocery store at 225 Irwin street.

The negro tolled the countryman from his wagon Wednesday night with a promise to sell six dozen eggs and then slipped back to the wagon and stole a coop of chickens.

Yesterday morningthe sharper met Simon Feldman, who was peddling eggs and butter, near the corner of East Fair street and Capitol avenue and told him that a lady wanted to buy some butter. Feldman followed the negro into an alley to show the lady the butter. The negro dodged into a lot, climbed a fence, hurried back to the deserted wagon and stole a case containing fifteen dozen eggs.

When the negro slipped away Feldman was waiting for him to come out with the money for the butter.

After waiting several minutes for the negro to return Feldman went back to his wagon and found his case of eggs gone.

NOTICE.

NOTICE of intention to apply for order of sale and reinvestment.

To All Concerned:

Take notice that I, Minnie L. Harris, as guardian of John B., Manley W. and Alma L. Harris, appointed by the Court of Ordinary of Fulton County, Georgia, shall apply to the judge of the Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia, after this notice has been published once a week for four weeks, for an order to sell certain real estate held by me as guardian of said children and to reinvest the proceeds in certain real estate located in DeKalb County, Georgia, upon the south side of the Covington road and containing thirty-five (35) acres, more or less, and containing a five-room house, a large barn, chicken house, stable and other out houses as well as a large orchard. The reason for making this application for sale is that the income from said property in the City of Atlanta is not sufficient to support said wards, and petitioner can support said wards if she goes to live with her wards upon the farm in DeKalb County, Georgia. The application herein referred to will be made to the judge of the Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia, on September 5, 1903, at 10 a. m., or as soon thereafter as said petition can be heard and passed upon. The real estate held by me as guardian above named consists of city property located in Atlanta, Fulton County Georgia, in land lot 79, fronting sixty-one and two-thirds feet on the west side of Luckie street and running back west along the south side of the alley one hundred feet, more or less. Said property is known as No. 320 Luckie street. This August 12, 1903.

MRS. MINNIE L. HARRIS,
Guardian for John B. Harris, Manley W. Harris and Alma L. Harris.
Bryan & Alexander, Attorneys for Mrs. Minnie L. Harris.

CLEARANCE SALE.

In consequence of having to rebuild and give my 95 Whitehall street store a general overhauling, for which plans and specifications are now in the hands of an architect, I will begin to sel at 7 West Mitchell street in a few days, regardless of profits, sale to continue until all are sold, a large lot of goods, such as every family needs, consisting partly of bowls and pitchers, odd bowls or basins, white granite water pitcher, coffee mills, block tin dish pans, coffee pots, sugar bowls, tin wash basins and lots of other goods too numerous to mention here. In the meantime, my beer, wine and liquor trade will be continued at 95 Whitehall street, except I may have to ask the honorable mayor and council to temporarily allow me to move to 7 Mitchell street during the progress of the work.

PETER LYNCH,
95 Whitehall st. and 7 West Mitchell St.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA

Notable Opinions Handed Down Yesterday Morning.

LOCAL CASES ARE DECIDED

Court of Last Resort Brings to a Close a Number of Issues Long Pending.

Decisions rendered Thursday, August 13, 1903.

686. Howell, administratrix, v. Pennington, guardian. Complaint. Before Judge Hart. Putnam superior court.

Fish, P. J.—1. A general complaint in a bill of exceptions that a trial judge erred in directing a verdict for the plaintiff is to be understood as meaning that the judge committed error in holding that the evidence, viewed in the light of the pleadings, demanded a finding against the defendant; and such complaint, thus interpreted, constitutes a sufficiently specific assignment of error, if the transcript of the record discloses upon what issues the case was tried.

2. Even upon the assumption that it is lawful in this state to exact the payment of 8 per cent interest in advance, by way of "discount," on a loan for aterm of one year, the transaction disclosed by the evidence in the present case was clearly violative of the statutes against usury.

Judgment reversed.

Turner & Preston, for plaintiff in error.
W. F. Jenkins & Son, by Z. D. Harrison, contra.

687. Roberts v. Atlanta Real Estate Company et al. Motion to make party. Before Judge Lumpkin. Fulton superior court.

Cobb, J.—While it is allowable in equity cases to add new parties by amendment, this can be done only when the allegations of the original petition are such as to warrant the introduction of the new parties.

2. Where a suit is brought against one as a principal and sole wrongdoer, to recover damages for alleged acts of trespass and to enjoin the commission of similar acts in the future, an amendment alleging that, both in the commission of the acts of trespass and in the determination to repeat them in the future, the defendant was acting as agent for another and under his direction, and praying that the latter be made a party defendant and enjoined in like manner as the origial defendant, ought to be stricken at the instance of the party sought to be added by amendment, on the hearing of a rule against him to show cause why he should not be made a party, he objecting to the allowance of the amendment on the ground that it sets forth a new and distinct cause of action from that alleged in the original petition.

Judgment reversed.

Culberson, Willingham & Johnosn, for plaintiff in error.
Rosser & Brandon, contra.

688. Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company v. Earle. Damages. Before Judge Reid. City court of Atlanta.

Candler, J.—1. Prior to the act approved December 13, 1902 (Acts of 1902, p. 117), if a defendant in a suit brought in the city court of Atlanta failed to file his defense on or before the first day of the term to which the suit was returnable, he lost his right to file any defense to the suit, and the judge had no authority to allow him to do so.

2. Where the plaintiff in such a case entered into an agreement which was entirely devoid of consideration, that a plea and demurrer which were in reality filed on the second day of the term might be filed as of the first day of the term, such agreement was revocable at the will of the party making it.

3. Suit was filed against the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, and the defendant properly served. The return of service recited that the officer has "served the defendant, Southern Bell Telephone Company," by serving its superintendent, naming him. Subsequently the return was, by leave of court, so amended as to set out the name of the defendant corporation correctly. Held, that the original return was valid, and did not need amendment; and that the defendant was not excused from filing its defense until after the return had been amended.

4 In a suit for unliquidated damages, brought in the city court of Atlanta, where the defendant fails to file any defense within the time required by law, he is precluded from contesting his liability as set out in the petition; and the only question to be determined by the jury is the amount of damage which the plaintiff has sustained.

5. Where a petition is ambiguous in failing to make clear whether the cause of action is one sounding in contract or in tort, but no demurrer is filed, and the allegations and prayers of the petition, taken all together, manifest that it was the intention of the plaintiff to sue for a tort growing out of the breach of a contract, it is not error to treat the suit as an action ex delicto, and to charge, where the evidence warrants it, the law as to punitive damages. Nor is it cause for a reversal in such a case, where no plea has been filed within the time required by law, to charge that in any event the plaintiff would be entitled to nominal damages, it clearly appearing that such a charge, whether strictly correct or not, could not have been harmful to the defendant.

6. In the trial of an action for damages growing out of the breach of a duty arising from a contract, where, owing to the defendant's failure to plead, his liability is incontestably established, it is not error to charge the jury that the plaintiff is entitled to recover for all the damage sustained by him up to the time of the trial.

Burton Smith, Dorsey Brewster & Howell, Arthur Heyman and George Gordon, for plaintiff in error.
E. T. Williams, E. D. Thomas and Westmoreland Bros., contra.

689. Jett v. Wright. Before Judge Lumpkin. Fulton superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—This case in every material particular is controlled by the decision of this court in the case of Lanfair v. Thompson, 112 Ga. 487, and the court below did not err in overruling the demurrer.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

John L. Hopkins & Sons, for plaintiff in error.
Lavender R. Ray, contra.

690. Kline et al. v. Swift Specific Company. Appeal. Before Judge Lumpkin. Fulton superior court.

Lamar, J.—1. An appeal by a partnership must be in the name of the firm. Civil code, paragraph 4460.

2. Where the record fails to show who constituted the firm, and the affidavit of appeal in forma pauperis states that K, of the firm, "being dissatisfied with the judgment . . . enters this his appeal . . . that he is advised and believes that he has good cause of appeal, and that owing to his poverty and the poverty of said firm he and said firm are unable to pay the costs and . . . give the bond required by law," and a motion is made to dismiss on the ground that the appeal is not by the firm and there is no offer to amend under civil code, paragraph 5174, the appeal is properly dismissed.

Judgment affirmed.

G. W. Brooke and Anderson, Anderson & Thomas, for plaintiffs in error.
Smith, Hammond & Smith, contra.

691. Strong v. Georgia Railway and Electric Company. Damages. Before Judge Lumpkin. Fulton superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—1. This case is controlled by the decision of this court in the case of Jamison v. S. W. R. R., 75 Ga. 444, holding that a suit cannot be maintained against a railroad company for the negligent killing of a dog.

2. As the rule announced in the above stated case has stood as law since December 1, 1885, and the general assembly has passed no act changing the same, this court is of opinion that the rule should not be now changed by overruling that case.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

[illegible] Clayton, for plaintiff.
Rosser & Brandon and Walter T. Colquitt, for defendant.

692. Pomeroy, trustee, v. Gershon Brothers & Rosenfeld. Appeal. Before Judge Lumpkin. Fulton superior court.

Candler, J.—1. Grounds of a motion for a new trial which complain that the verdict is contrary to specified portions of the charge of the court, or to the evidence of a particular witness, are in effect complaints that the verdict is contrary to law and evidence. Atlanta R. Co. v. Walker, 112 Ga., 725.

2. There was no error in admitting the evidence objected to, as it tended to throw light on the nature of the transaction under investigation.

3. The question upon which the case turned in the court below was whether the transaction under consideration was a sale passing title to the vendee, or a consignment, the consignor retaining title in himself. That question was fairly submitted to the jury, who were authorized by the evidence of at least one witness to find, as they did, that the goods were consigned and not sold. Furst v. Com. Bank, 117 Ga. 472 (in press), 43 S. E. 729.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

Dodd, Newton & Dodd and Hugh M. Dorsey, for plaintiff.
A. A. & E. L. Meyer, for defendants.

693. McCall v. Herring. Before Judge Reid. City court of Atlanta.

Fish, P. J.—1. In the absence of proof that a custom generally recognized as prevailing in a given city of this state was known to a nonresident, such custom cannot be held to have become by implication a part of a contract entered into between a citizen of this state and such nonresident. Hendricks v. Middlebrooks Co., 5nd cit., decided June 1, 1903.

2. When no more than the legal rate of interest is reserved upon a loan, the fact that the lender's agent charged the borrower an additional sum as a commission will not render the transaction usurious, if the lender did not authorize such charge, had no notice that it was to be exacted, and did not share in the commission. McLean v. Camak, 97 Ga 804.

3. A resonable fee paid to the lender's attorney for professional services rendered in examining the title to the property offered by the borrower as security, looking after the removal of incumbrances, drawing up necessary papers, etc., is not to be regarded as a commission exacted from the borrower by an agent of the lender for negotiating the loan. Sanders v. Nicolson, 101 Ga. 739; Gannon v. Mortgage Co., 106 Ga. 510.

4. Under no view of the evidence introduced on the trial of the present case would the jury have been warranted in finding that the defendant's plea of usury had been sustained; and this being so, the trial judge did not err in directing a verdict in favor of the plaintiff.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

O. E. & M. C. Horton, for plaintiff in error.

John M. Graham and E. M. & G. F. Mitchell, contra.

694. Wilkins v. Grant et al., executors, and vice versa. Damages. Before Judge Reid. City court of Atlanta.

Candler, J.—1. The evidence, while conflicting, sustained the verdict.

2. Complaints in a motion for a new trial that the verdict is contrary to specified portions of the charge of the court are in effect complaints that the verdict is contrary to law.

3. In an action for damages to a building, brought by the owner thereof against an independent contractor in which it was alleged that on account of the negligence of the defendant in making excavations on land adjoining the plaintiff's building the plaintiff's land was not given the proper lateral support, in consequence of which the wall of the building collapsed, it was not error for the court, in charging as to the provisions of the civil code, section 3048, to instruct the jury that it was the duty of the defendant to use ordinary care to sustain "the land" of the plaintiff, without instructing them in the same connection as to the duty of the plaintiff to protect the superincumbent weight of the building.

Judgment on main bill of exceptions affirmed; cross-bill dismissed. Cobb, J., disqualified.

Ellis, Wimbish & Ellis, for Wilkins.
Slaton & Phillips, contra.

695. Floyd v. Cook et al. Appeal. Before Judge Candler. Campbell superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—Where a claimant gives a levying officer a forthcoming bond and retains possession of the property, and subsequently the same officer seizes and sells the property under a fi fa of superior dignity, applying the proceeds to such superior fi fa, the maker of the forthcoming bond is not liable thereon for a failure to produce the property at the time and place of sale. The law having taken the property from his possession, there is no breach of the conditions of the bond for which he can be held liable.

Judgment affirmed. Candler, J., disqualified.

J. F. Golightly, for plaintiff.
C. S. Reid and K. A. Nisbet, for defendants.

696. Trentham v. Bluthenthal & Bickart, and vice versa. Before Judge Candler. DeKalb superior court.

Fish, P. J.—1. When the report filed by an auditor is excepted to on the ground that it is defective, in that it fails to unequivocally show what evidence was admitted and what was rejected, and does not, in conformity to the requirements of the civil code, section 4587, "clearly and separately state all rulings made by him, classify and state his findings, and report his conclusions upon the law and facts," but "mixes and mingles his findings in such a way as to render it almost impossible to separate the different rulings made by him," etc., it is not incumbent on the trial judge of his own motion to exercise the power conferred upon him by the civil code, section 4593, "to recommit the report" to the auditor with direction to perfect the same, if as matter of fact it discloses with due certainty what rulings he made with regard to the admissibility of evidence, and what were his findings of law and of fact touching the issues upon which he was called to pass.

2. Assignments of error based on the ground that an auditor improperly overruled objections urged against the admission of evidence cannot be considered unless the evidence objected to be set forth, either literally or in substance, in the exceptions filed to his report. Rusk v. Hill, Decided June 26, 1903.

3. When a witness is sought to be impeached by proof of prior contradictory statements made in response to certain questions propounded to him in a set of interrogatories previously sued out in the case, the written depositions afford the best evidence as to what the witness really swore in reply to such questions, and must be properly accounted for, if lost or destroyed, as a condition precedent to introducing parol evidence in this regard.

4. A defendant cannot properly be permitted, when unable to establish by proof a plea setting up a novation of a contract, to introduce evidence tending to show that, under the express terms of the contract as originally consummated, the plaintiff assumed certain obligations which, independently of whether there was or was not any novation of the nature pleaded, he was bound to respect and fulfill, and that by subsequent conduct he had estopped himself from insisting that this was not true.

5. When suit is brought on a promissory note containing the usual stipulation as to the payment of attorney's fees, and one of the defenses upon which the defendant relies is sustained, the plaintiff is not entitled to collect any amount as attorney's fees.

Judgment on main bill of exceptions affirmed, with direction; on cross-bill affirmed. Candler, J., disqualified.

J. F. Golightly, for Trentham.
J. H. Longino, contra.

697. Central of Georgia Railway Company v. McKinney. Damages. Before Judge Candler. Clayton superior court.

Cobb, J.—1. Where the judge states fully and accurately the law applicable to the issues involved, the mere failure to call the attention of the jury in specific terms to the contentions of the parties as shown by the pleadings and to explain these contentions to them will not, unless it is plain that the omission resulted in injury to the losing party, require the granting of a new trial.

2. The judge cannot tell the jury that particular acts constitute negligence or would preclude a recovery, unless the acts are by law made to constitute negligence per se.

3. The evidence authorized the verdict, and there was no error requiring the granting of a new trial.

Judgment affirmed. Candler, J., disqualified.

Hall & Cleveland, R. L. Berner and W. L. Watterson, for plaintiff in error.
Arnold & Arnold, contra.

LOST MAN FINDS HIMSELF AT LAST

Abdul Khadir, Sailing for India, After Many Trials in New York.

New York, August 13.—By the grace of the British consul in New York, sailing home to India with strange tales in his head, is Abdul Khadir, lion hunter and elephant trainer, who achieved local fame by losing himself in Brooklyn.

Dressed in Oriental robes Abdul came ashore from the British ship Indramaya, from Singapore to Brooklyn, to buy a package of cigarettes. The British captain advised him to take little money with him. He obeyed the captain and lacking money nearly died in Brooklyn streets.

He lost his bearings and persons could not understand him. During four days he starved and slept in parks. In despair he kowtowed to a passing automobile. The occupants took him in the automobile to the department of charities. There he collapsed.

For days he was taken about the city trying to find a person who could identify or talk to him. In this way the strange party met an officer of the British ship who knew Abdul in Singapore. They talked and Abdul's story was made known.

While Abdul was wandering his ship had sailed, but with the aid of the British consul the lion hunter has now started on the voyage to his home country.

698. International Power Company v. Hardy. Complaint. Before Judge Reid. City court of Atlanta.

Lamar, J.—1. The fact that a petition alleges that the terms on which the plaintiff was employed to sell on commission are stated in a personal letter from H., who was at the time president of the defendant, is no reason for sustaining a motion to dismiss, made at the trial term.

2. Even though the contract was between the plaintiff and H., individually, the company could adopt the terms contained in the correspondence. Fla. R. Co. v. Varnedoe, 81 Ga. 175 (7).

3. The petition showed employment and performance of services, and set forth a cause of action, even if the letters be ignored.

Judgment affirmed.

H. E. W. Palmer, for plaintiff in error.
Bryan & Alexander, contra.

699. Ludd v. Wilkins. Before Judge Calhoun. City court of Atlanta.

Cobb, J.—This being an action against a master to recover damages for the homicide of a servant, and it appearing from the evidence that even if the servant did not know of the fact which is charged as negligence against the master, he had equal means with the master of knowing it, and by the exercise of ordinary care could have discovered the same, there was no error in granting a nonsuit.

Judgment affirmed.

W. C. Cousins and Westmoreland Bros., for plaintiff.
King, Spalding & Little and Ellis, Wimbish & Ellis, for defendant.

700. Hammond v. Convers, executrix. Cross bill of exceptions.

Simmons, C. J.—Where one of the parties to a case brings the same to this court by bill of exceptions, and the adverse party sues out a cross-bill of exceptions, and the judgment of the court below does not leave the case to be retried, the cross-bill of exceptions cannot be prosecuted after the withdrawal of the main bill, but must be dismissed.

Writ of error dismissed. Candler, J., disqualified.

Capers Dickson, for plaintiff in error
J. M. Pace, contra.

701. Godby v. Godby. Before Judge Roan. Campbell superior court.

Candler, J.—The evidence, while in some respects conflicting, fully warranted a finding that the husband had cruelly mistreated his wife and refused to support her and their minor children; and the discretion of the trial judge in awarding temporary alimony and attorney's fees to the wife will, therefore, not be controlled.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

J. F. Golightly, for plaintiff in error.
C. S. Reid, contra.

702. Stewart & Son v. Cook et al. Complaint. Before Judge Evans. Johnson superior court.

Lamar, J.—1. All the material terms of a contract for the sale of goods worth more than $50 must be in writing signed by the party to be charged therewith. Civil code, section 2693, par 7.

2. Where the contract is silent as to the price, evidence as to the reasonable price may be offered; and where in a sale of cotton it is silent as to the weight of bales, evidence of the trade meaning of such term may may be supplied by proof.

3. But where the petition fails to allege what is the customary meaning of such term, and avers that both round and square bales were sold, and that the parties made an express verbal agreement as to the weight thereof, it affirmatively appears that the contract is partly in writing and partly in parol, and the terms of the statute of frauds are not met.

Judgment affirmed.

W. T. Martin and J. L. Kent, for plaintiffs.
Daley & Bussey, for defendants.

703. Scarboro v. Goethe. Before Judge Evans. Bulloch superior court.

Fish, P. J.—In an action of trover by a vendor against a vendee, in which the former claimed title based upon a conditional bill of sale, reserving to himself title to the property sold until the purchase money should be paid, on demand was necessary where it appeared that the defendant was in possession of the property, claiming title thereto, at the time of the action, his defense being that, owing to payments made and partial failure of consideration, he was due only a small balance of the purchase money, of which he made tender. Accordingly, it was erroneous in such a case to grant a nonsuit upon the ground that no demand was shown to have been made prior to the suit. Civil code, section 3887; Muse v. Wright, 103 Ga. 783; Grant v. Miller, 107 Ga. 804.

Judgment reversed. (No further opinion.)

J. A. Brannen, for plaintiff.
H. B. Strange, for defendant.

704. Jordan v. Downs et al. Before Judge Evans. Washington superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—1. Where an equitable petition is filed by wards for the purpose of tracing trust funds which their guardian wrongfully invested in certain land, and the prayer of the petition is for the recovery of the land, an amendment striking this prayer and substituting therefor a prayer for an accounting and for a money judgment with a special lien on the land does not set up a new and distinct cause of action.

2. Where on the trial of a case in equity certain questions are propounded to the jury to be answered, and the jury returns a verdict which in some respects is indefinite, it is not error for the court of its own motion to ask the jurors just what they mean by their answers, and to suggest that they make a certain answer more explicit.

3. A ground of a motion for a new trial containing excerpts from the charge of the judge, and complaining that the judge charged more fully the details of the contentions of the opposite party than of the movant, is not well founded when it appears that the judge charged fully the defenses made by the pleas and evidences of the movant.

4. The evidence warranted the verdict, and there was no abuse of discretion in refusing a new trial.

Judgment affirmed.

Hardwick & Hyman and Rawlings & Howard, for plaintiff in error.
Evans & Evans, contra.

705. Thompson v. Thompson, and vice versa. Specific performance. Before Judge Evans. Tattnall superior court.

Fish, P. J.—1. Plaintiff's action was to recover land alleged to have been given in parol, by defendant to his son, plaintiff's deceased husband. Defendant denied the gift. Upon the trial the evidence as to the gift was conflicting, that for the plaintiff consisting of alleged admissions by the defendant. The court permitted a witness to testify for the plaintiff, over the defendant's objection, that he was called upon by the defendant to witness a deed from the defendant to his son for the land in question. Held, that such testimony was irrelevant and was calculated to hurt the defendant's contention in the minds of the jury, and its admission was cause for a new trial, especially in so close a case as this.

2. Where a term order was granted, directing that a pending motion for a new trial be heard on a given date in vacation, and providing "that movant have until the hearing of this motion, whenever that is, to prepare and have approved a brief of the evidence in said case," and where upon the date so named a brief of evidence was presented to and approved by the judge and he thereupon ordered the same filed, a motion made at the hearing, which was on the day named in the order, to dismiss the motion for a new trial, upon the ground that no brief of evidence had been filed as required by law, was properly overruled. Hightower v. George, 102 Ga. 549; Johnson v. Grantham, 110 Ga. 281.

Judgment on main bill of exceptions reversed; on cross-bill affirmed. (No further opinion.)

P. W. Williams and James K. Hines, for plaintiff in error in main bill.
W. T. Burkhalter, contra.

706. Newson & Dutton v. Brazell & Alexander. Complaint. Before Judge Evans. Tattnall superior court.

Lamar, J.—1. Where a buyer takes possession of certain property included in a written conveyance, and the seller suing for a portion thereof testifies that the contract covered the articles, but he did not intend to sell them, but did not tell the purchaser, a verdict for the plaintiff is contrary to law and the evidence, and a new trial should be granted.

2. Where individual property of one of the partners was included in that conveyed by the partnership deed, he would be estopped by his signature thereto from setting up title in himself if the purchaser, under the circumstances, was justified in believing that the same was included in the sale.

3. In a suit by a partnership the value of property belonging to one member of the firm can not be recovered from the defendant.

Judgment reversed.

W. T. Burckhalter and James K. Hines, for plaintiffs in error.

707. Prescott v. City Council of Augusta. Motion for misrial. Before Judge Brinson. Richmond superior court.

Cobb, J.—Where a jury has retired for the purpose of considering a case, they should not, without the consent of the parties of their counsel, be permitted to disperse until a verdict has been received in open court, or the case has been withdrawn from their consideration. It appearing in the present case that the bailiff in charge of the jury, without the consent of the parties or their counsel, permitted the jury during a recess to seal their verdict and disperse, and that upon being informed that this action was unauthorized he reassembled the jury in their room, and upon the reconvening of the court the jury was brought in and the foreman delivered to the clerk what purported to be a sealed verdict it was error to refuse at this stage of the case to declare a mistrial. The ruling in Barfield v. Mullino, 107 Ga. 730, approved and followed.

Judgment reversed.

Salem Dutcher and F. W. Capers, for plaintiff.
William H. Barrett, for defendant.

708. Templeton v. Hannah. Before Judge Eve. City court of Richmond county.

Lamar, J.—The evidence was conflicting as to whether the credits should have been made on the account, or whether they represented payments of items not sued for; and the verdict being warranted by the evidence, this court cannot interfere with the refusal to grant a new trial.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

B. B. McCowen, for plaintiff in error.
Henry S. Jones, contra.

709. Armour Packing Company v. City Council of Augusta. Petition for injunction. Before Judge Gary. Richmond superior court.

Cobb, J.—Notes, accounts, and other choses in action in the hands of an agent of a non-resident corporation doing business in a municipal corporation of this state, and received in the course of the business so conducted, are taxable by such municipal corporation, it having general statutory authority to tax property of every kind situated within its limits.

Judgment affirmed.

C. Henry Cohen, Boykin Wright, and Felder & Rountree, for plaintiff.
William H. Barrett, for defendant.

710. Rogers, administratrix, v. Brand et al. Petition for injunction. Before Judge Russell. Gwinnet superior court.

Candler, J.—This being an action to enjoin the commission of a trespass, and there being no allegation in the petition that the threatened injury is irreparable in damages or that the defendants are insolvent, and no other cause for equitable interference being made to appear, it was not error to refuse an injunction.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

T. M. Peeples and C. L. Pettigrew, for plaintiff.
C. H. Brand, for defendant.

Judge Turner did not participate in the foregoing decisions, except the last, all the cases but one having been argued before he came upon the bench.

A Question of Precedence.

Philadelphia Public Ledger: Gushington—I wonder what's the matter with Starr, the tragedian? He never notices me any more.

Crittick—Didn't I hear you tell him his style was very much like Booth's?

Gushington—Yes, but surely—

Crittick—That's where you made your mistake. You should have said Booth's style was like his.

The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, August 13.—Wheat, spot No. 1 northern spring firm at 6s 6d; No. 2 red western winter new steady at 6s 3d; No. 1 California firm at 6s 8d; futures quiet; September 5 3-8d; October 6s 5d; December 6s 5 1-2d.

Corn, spot steady, American mixed 6s 4d; futures quiet; September 4s 7 3-4d; October 4s 7 7-8d.

The Treasury Statement.

Washington, August 13.—Today's treasury balances, exclusive of the gold reserve, show: Available cash balances $228,232,094; gold $102,336,238.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

CEYLON TEA

GREEN or BLACK

Comes in its natural state from the tea growing paradise of the world. Try it hot or iced and judge it by its quality.

Do Not Imagine for a Moment

that the Hill street cottage will not suit you, or that there is any objection to it.

Let us show it to you; judge for your self. We ought to know something about houses; never did anything else except rent and sell houses and lots.

It is a satisfaction to show a place that no fault can be found with; an ideal house, built on a perfect lot.

Here you will find all the comforts and conveniences that you have always wanted; and especially the little fixings that make glad the housekeeper's heart.

And all so new and neat and clean, why not get a good house while you are at it?

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR.

The Best in Printing and Allied Arts.

THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, August 13.—The recuperative forces in the stock market gathered resources today with the result of a buoyant uprush in prices on a very animated buying movement. The rate of activity during the forenoon session of the market promised the largest day's business for the current year. The market afterwards showed some signs of weariness at the rate of the movement. The recovery was the result of a series of incidents rather than any one development. Natural reaction from the recently prevailing extreme depression was an important factor. The mere sentimental effect of the recovery after the gloom and apprehension that have prevailed so long in Wall street was considerable. Immense relief from the constant threat of forced liquidation or of bankruptcy, which is not unfair to assume, has been hanging over some houses, naturally predisposed the whole financial community to take a more cheerful view of prospects. Where efforts for a long time past to market securities have met with almost no demand, there was substituted a lively and urgent demand for stocks and for bonds of all grades today. The urgency of some of the buying and the violent advances in prices showed clearly enough that efforts by distressed shorts to cover their contracts before the rebound carried prices beyond their reach were an important element in the market. Bidding up of prices by opposing professionals to force higher prices out of the bears was another palpable influence. But it was evident beyond this that there was a large and substantial buying element in the market which was taking over stocks of all classes with freedom and confidence. It is not to be presumed that the buyers have so suddenly changed their opinion of the financial and business outlook. But the conviction has been growing that the long decline in prices has been more than sufficient to offset the unfavorable factors in the situation, and that the necessities of the money situation have been forcing the selling of securities to below their true values. The event proves the contention of those who have maintained that there was a large waiting demand for stocks which would come into the market freely when the liquidation seemed to be concluded and prices definitely turned upward. The taking over of the Seaboard Air Line in the Rock Island interest had a stimulating effect upon the speculative imagination. It furnished proof that not all the large interests were hard pressed to hold their undigested securities, and that the financial necessities in some quarters might prove the opportunity in others for extending influence and consolidating control. Rock Island itself, as well as Southern Railway, Illinois Central and Louisville & Nashville, all shared in the day's strength, reflecting the impression that the new arrangements tend to community of interest in the southern railroad field. A number of stocks of minor railroads, supposedly available for absorption by more powerful neighbors, were strong. The feature of the day was Reading. Its sensational rise of 5 5-8 gave rise to many rumors regarding new projects for division of control and guarantee of dividends. A very favorable showing of July net earnings is expected for the roads as well as for other coalers. Baltimore and Ohio's increase in July net earnings of $311,625, thus conserving nearly half the gross increase, helped the soft coal group. But the rise in prices was so comprehensive as to require no specifications. The United States Steel stocks did not share fully in the day's strength, although they were bought on a large scale. The conference of members of the separate finance committee with the president gave rise to assumption regarding the scope of plans for financial legislation which were used with effect to further the advancing tendency of prices. The buying movement showed some signs of exhaustion at the last and the market closed irregular and below the best.

Bonds were strong. Total sales, par value, $4,245,000.

United States bonds were unchanged on call.

Money on call easy at 1@2 1-2 per cent, closing 1 1-2@2; time money firm; 60 days 4 1-2 per cent; 90 days, 5; six months 5 1-2 @6; prime mercantile paper 5 3-4@6 per cent.

Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.85.20@4.85.25 for demand and at 4.82.45@4.82.50 for 60 days; posted rates 4.83 1-2@4.84 and 4.86@4.86 1-2; commercial bills 4.82 1-4@4.82 3-8.

Bar silver 55 1-8c.

Mexican dollars 43 1-4c.

Government bonds steady.

Railroad bonds strong.

Baxter & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, August 13.—The dealings in the market today further reflected a reaction in sentiment on the part of the financial community at large from the recent unreasonable and unwarranted gloom which carried many securities of undoubted standing far below their intrinsic value. Covering of shorts by bear professionals who realized their extremely vulnerable position was partly a factor in causing the strength, but there was also clearly evident aggressive operations by powerful interests for the rise. This was manifested to the great disadvantage of the shorts by extreme buoyancy and heavy trading in the Standard shares, led by the coalers, Reading rising 6 per cent, making a gain of 10 per cent in two days. Delaware and Hudson sold at 164, against 149 Monday. Control of Reading is lodged with the Pennsylvania and Lake Shore, but is attractive to investors generally on the strength of its representing the largest coal land estate. We can state that the block of 10,000 Delaware and Hudson transferred by private sale to a life insurance company by no means represents the entire holdings of the estate from which it was purchased. Of the geenral market it can be said that confident buying was evident throughout and gains of 1 to 3 per cent were scored in the standard issues, the industrial list following closely. Sentiment was helped by the prospect of a good bank statement, discussion of gold imports owing to large wheat exports of the last few days and the information of the Rock Island-Seaboard Air Line deal. The last hour profit taking caused some fractional reactions from the highest, but Reading was animated. The market closed strong with an upward tendency.

A. F. LIEBMAN,

REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND LOANS,

28 PEACHTREE STREET.

$3,500.00 buys 126 feet front on Marietta St., running back to railroad near Simpson St. Will yield 15% net on investment if improved property.

A. F. LIEBMAN,

28 PEACHTREE STREET.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, August 13.—Flour: Diamond patent, $5.25; fancy patent, $4.60; straights, $4.35; extra fancy, $3.60; fancy, $3.30; first patent spring wheat, $4.75. Corn, choice white, 75c; No. 2 white, 74c; No. 2 mixed, 72c. Oats, white clipped, 54c; No. 2 white 52c; No. 2 mixed 50c. Bran, $1.15. Brown shorts, $1.20; white shorts, $1.40. Victor food, $1.35 per 100 pounds. Quaker food, $1.25. Hay, choice large bale $1.20; No. 1 small $1.10; No. 2 small $1. Plain corn meal, 74c bolted 68c. Pearl grits $1.60.

Chicago, August 13.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady. No. 2 spring wheat 82@84; No. 3 78@82; No. 2 red 79 3-4@81 1-2. No. 2 corn 53; No. 2 yellow 54. No. 2 oats 34 3-4; No. 2 white 36 1-2; No. 3 white 35 1-4@36 1-2. No. 2 rye 62@62 1-8.

St. Louis, August 12.—Flour steady. Wheat higher; No. 2 red cash and elevator 80 1-8; track 80 1-2@81 1-2; September 80 5-8; December 83 3-4@83 7-8; May 86 3-4; No. 2 hard 76 1-2@78 1-2. Corn higher; No. 2 cash 48 1-2; track 49 1-2@50; September 49 1-2; December 49 3-4; May 51 5-8. Oats higher; No. 2 cash 33 1-2; track 35; September 33 3-8; December 35; May 37 1-8; No. 2 white 39 1-2

Cincinnati, August 13.—Flour steady. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 80 1-2@81. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 53 1-2. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 34@34 1-2.

New York, August 13.—Flour strong and higher. Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 red 87 5-8. It was a bull day in wheat. Stimulated by export buying, higher cables in strong advance at Minneapolis and evidences of Wall street support, prices touched the highest point of the year; closed 1@1 1-8c higher; May 88 1-2; September 86 3-4; December 87. Corn, spot steady; No. 2 59 1-2; options quiet and irregular; closing 1-4c net higher; September 59 1-2; December 59 3-4. Oats, spot firm; No. 2 39.

Groceries.

Atlanta, August 13.—Coffee, per 100 pounds, Arbuckle's $16.30; Lion $9.80. Cordova, $10.05; Blue Ribbon, 9 1-2; green coffee, choice, 10c; fair 8c; prime 6c. Sugar, standard granulated, 5.35. Sirup, New Orleans open kettle, $3.00@4.65; mixed, choice 20@28c; south Georgia cane, 35c. Salt, dairy sacks, $1.30@1.40; barrel, bulk, $2.60; ice cream, $1.00; common 55@60c. Cheese, fancy, full cream, twins 14 3-4c; singles, 15c. Matches, 15, 45 3-4@65; 300s, $1.60@1.75. Soda, Arm and Hammer, $1.75. Crackers, soda, 6c; cream, 7c; ginger snaps, 6 1-4c. Pie peaches, $1.75; table peaches $2.75@3. Canned tomatoes, $1.60. Canned corn $2. Best mince meat 10c lb.; choice, 7c lb. Oysters, F. W. $1.75; L. W., $1.20. Fancy head rice 7c; head rice 6c. White fish, 60-lb. keg, $2.90; white fish, 100-lb kegs $4.40, mullet fish 80-lb kegs, $4.50; macaroni, 7c lb.; pork sausage 8 1-2c lb. Sardines, oil, case $3.75; sardines, mustard, $3.50; salmon, case, $3.50@5.50. Pepper sauce, dozen, 60c; catsup, pints, dozen, 85c; mustard, dozen, 90c; Pickles, 15-gallon 600s, $5.50.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, August 13.—Turpentine firm at 52 1-2; receipts 695; sales 384; exports 135. Rosin firm; receipts 2,686; sales none; exports 1,165. Quote: A B C D $1.60; E $1.65; F $1.70; G $1.80; H $2.20; I $2.70; K $2.85; M $2.95; N $3.05; window glass $3.20; waterwhite $3.40.

Charleston, August 13.—Turpentine nominal. Rosin steady; A B C D $1.55; E $1.60; F $1.65; G $1.75; H $2.10; I $2.60; K $2.75; M $2.85; N $2.95; window glass $3.10; waterwhite $3.30.

Wilmington, August 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 51; receipts 94 casks. Rosin, nothing doing; receipts 259 casks. Crude turpentine firm at $1.75@3.25 and $3.25; receipts 166. Tar firm at $1165; receipts 37 barrels.

Fruits and Vegetables.

Atlanta, August 13.—Tomatoes: 6-basket 75c@1; 4-basket crate 30@35c; peck crate 20@25c; peppers 75c and $1 per crate; egg plants, no demand, lettuce 75c@$1 per crate; beans 25 to 50 per crate; peas $1.25 to $1.50 per crate; celery $2.50 to $3.00 per crate. New Irish potatoes, No. 1, 85c to 90c bushel; per barrel, No. 1s $1.75@2. No. 2s no sale. Cantaloupes $1.00@1.25 per crate. Cucumbers $1.15@1.50 per crate. Watermelons $50@100 per car. Goose berries 11 to 12 1-2c quart. Black raspberries 7 to 10c quart. Georgia peaches Elberta, $2@2.50; clings, $1 bushel.

Fruits and Confections.

Atlanta, August 13.—Oranges, $3@3.25. Lemons, fancy $4.25@4.50; choice, $3.00 to $4.25. Bananas, per bunch, culls, 75@$1; straights $1.50@1.75. Nuts: Walnuts, No. 1 12 1-2; No. 2, 10 1-2; almonds 13; pecan 9 1-2 to 10; Brazil 12@13; mixed nuts 12 1-2c. Peanuts, Virginia, 4 1-2 to 6c; Georgia, 4c. Cocoanuts, per 100, $2.75. Pineapples $1.75@2.25 crate. Dates, 50lb boxes, 6@6½c; packages, 7½@8c. Figs 13 1-2@14c. Citron 18c. Raisins xx $1.65 per box; xxx $1.35 per box. Prunes small 5@6; large 6@7 1-2. Candy, common stick 6c lb; mixed 9 1-2c.

Special Notices.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

WAGNON—The friends of Mrs. Anna Wagnon, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bell, Mr. and Mrs. Manson Wilson, Colonel and Mrs. L. P. Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Owen, Mr. and Mrs. George S. Lowman are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. Wagnon today, Friday, at 4 p. m., from the residence of Colonel L. P. Thomas, 43 West North Avenue. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers and meet at the office of H. H. Patterson at 3:30: W. S. Everett, H. A. Boynton, Dr. K. R. Boland, C. H. Girardeau, Samuel Wilkins and A. J. Shropshire.

WELLS—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Wells, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Stapp, Mrs. C. V. Wells, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. DeLay, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. DeLay, Mr. J. M. DeLay, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Humphries and Mr. and Mrs. Claud Baker are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. L. L. Wells today (Friday) at 4:30 p. m., from St. Paul church, Hunter street.

The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers and meet at office of H. M. Patterson, undertaker, at 3:30 p. m.: W. B. Rast, John McWatters, Sam Foster, P. A. Methvin, F. A. Pitman and B. W. Ballard.

BARR—The friends of Mrs. Sarah C. Barr, Dr. and Mrs. C. F. Maddox, Mr. G. R. Barr and Mr. and Mrs. Harry C. Barr are invited to attend the funeral of M